

All conditionals: Mixed conditionals, alternatives to 'if', inversion

Read each instruction carefully. Before answering, identify:

1. Is the situation real, habitual, hypothetical or impossible?
2. When does the condition happen?
3. When does the result happen?
4. Does the result depend on the condition?

Use full forms where possible.

PART 1 — MULTIPLE CHOICE

Choose the correct answer: A, B, C or D.

1. If water reaches 100°C, it _____.

- A. will boil
- B. would boil

- C. boils
- D. boiled

2. If you see Mia later, _____ her to call me?

- A. will you ask
- B. would you ask
- C. do you ask
- D. had you asked

3. If I _____ more confident, I would apply for the position.

- A. was
- B. had been
- C. am
- D. were

4. If they had booked the tickets earlier, they _____ less.

- A. paid
- B. would have paid
- C. would pay
- D. had paid

5. If Leo had not stayed up so late, he _____ so tired now.

- A. is not
- B. would not be

- C. will not be
- D. had not been

6. If I were more organised, I _____ yesterday's deadline.

- A. did not miss
- B. would not miss
- C. had not missed
- D. would not have missed

7. _____ you need to change the appointment, please let us know at least 24 hours in advance.

- A. Should
- B. Had
- C. Were
- D. Would

8. _____ the team arrived ten minutes later, the presentation would have started without them.

- A. Should
- B. Were
- C. Had
- D. Would

9. _____ the company to reduce salaries, several employees would probably resign.

- A. Were
- B. Had
- C. Should
- D. If

10. I will lend you the camera _____ you return it by Friday.

- A. unless
- B. even if
- C. whether or not
- D. provided that

11. We are going ahead with the picnic _____ it rains.

- A. only if
- B. as long as
- C. even if
- D. in case

12. Nora has decided to run the marathon _____ her friends join her.

- A. provided that
- B. whether or not
- C. only if
- D. unless

PART 2 — COMPLETE THE SENTENCES

Write the correct form of the verb in brackets.

Example

If Daniel usually feels stressed, he _____ for a walk. (*go*)

Answer: If Daniel usually feels stressed, he goes for a walk.

1. If Oliver usually _____ stressed, he goes for a run. (*feel*)

2. If the train _____ delayed tonight, we will arrive before nine. (*not be*)

3. If I _____ how to repair the computer, I would help you. (*know*)

4. If they _____ the address carefully, they would not have gone to the wrong building.

(*check*)

5. If Emma had accepted the internship, she _____ in Berlin now. (work)

6. If I were not afraid of heights, I _____ you on the climbing trip last weekend. (join)

7. Should anyone _____ for me, tell them that I am in a meeting. (ask)

8. Had we not _____ a taxi, we would have missed the flight. (take)

9. Were the museum _____ for repairs, all tickets would be refunded. (close)

10. I always carry a portable charger in case my phone _____ out of battery. (run)

11. Should the payment not _____ by Friday, contact the accounts department. (arrive)

12. Were it not to _____, the doctor would recommend a different treatment. (work)

PART 3 — KEY WORD TRANSFORMATIONS

Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first.

- Use the word given.
- Do not change the word given.
- Use between **two and six words**, including the word given.

Example

You can stay here, but you must remain quiet.

LONG

You can stay here _____ you remain quiet.

Answer: as long as

1. You can borrow my laptop, but you must handle it carefully.

AS

You can borrow my laptop _____ carefully.

2. I will attend the conference regardless of whether my manager comes.

WHETHER

I will attend the conference _____.

3. The delay will not change our decision to continue.

EVEN

We will continue _____ a delay.

4. Imagine that you were offered a year away from work. What would you do?

SUPPOSE

_____ a year away from work. What would you do?

5. If you do not hear from us by Monday, contact customer support.

SHOULD

_____ from us by Monday, contact customer support.

6. If we had not found the receipt, we could not have returned the item.

HAD

_____ the receipt, we could not have returned the item.

7. If it were not to work, the doctor would recommend another treatment.

WERE

_____, the doctor would recommend another treatment.

8. You cannot enter if you do not show identification.

ONLY

You can enter _____ identification.

9. We took umbrellas because we thought it might rain.

CASE

We took umbrellas _____.

10. You will not improve if you do not practise regularly.

UNLESS

You will not improve _____.

11. She did not accept the promotion, so she is not living abroad now.

IF

_____ the promotion, she would be living abroad now.

12. I am not confident, so I did not speak at yesterday's meeting.

MORE

If I _____, I would have spoken at yesterday's meeting.

13. You may use the recording studio, but you must book it in advance.

PROVIDED

You may use the recording studio _____ in advance.

14. We will refund the deposit, but only if the equipment is returned undamaged.

CONDITION

We will refund the deposit _____ returned undamaged.

PART 4 — MEANING AND REGISTER

Choose the option that best matches the situation and the intended meaning.

1. You are writing a formal message to a customer.

“_____ any further assistance, please contact our support team.”

- A. If you will need
- B. Should you require
- C. Supposing you need
- D. Whether or not you need

2. Which sentence expresses the strongest and most restrictive condition?

Visitors may enter the exhibition _____ they present a valid ticket.

- A. even if
- B. whether or not
- C. only if
- D. supposing

3. You will make the same decision in both possible situations.

"I will accept the position _____ it involves travelling."

- A. whether or not
- B. only if
- C. provided that
- D. supposing

4. An unexpected difficulty will not change the result.

"We will finish the project _____ it takes all weekend."

- A. only if
- B. even if
- C. as long as
- D. unless

5. You want a friend to imagine a hypothetical situation.

"_____ you could live anywhere for a year. Where would you go?"

- A. Provided
- B. Only if
- C. Suppose
- D. Whether

6. You are writing a formal contractual condition.

“Payment will be released _____ all the required documents are signed.”

- A. on condition that
- B. even if
- C. whether or not
- D. supposing

7. You are discussing a remote and hypothetical future policy.

“_____ the city to ban cars from the centre, public transport would need to improve considerably.”

- A. Should the city ban
- B. Had the city banned
- C. Were the city to ban
- D. Only if the city bans

8. You are formally reflecting on an impossible past situation.

“_____ about the cancellation, I would not have travelled.”

- A. Should I know
- B. Had I known

- C. Were I to know
- D. Providing I knew

PART 5 — ERROR CORRECTION

Each sentence contains **one grammatical error**.

1. Underline or identify the error.
2. Rewrite the sentence correctly.

Example

If I will see Leo, I will give him the message.

Correct sentence: If I see Leo, I will give him the message.

1. If she will arrive early, we will start without delay.

Correct sentence:

2. I would have called you if I knew about the problem yesterday.

Correct sentence:

3. Even if he will apologise, she will not change her mind.

Correct sentence:

4. Should you to experience any technical difficulties, restart the device.

Correct sentence:

5. Had they not took the wrong train, they would have arrived on time.

Correct sentence:

6. Were the company announce the merger, share prices might rise.

Correct sentence:

7. We will support the proposal whether it is popular or no.

Correct sentence:

8. If I would be you, I would ask for more detailed feedback.

Correct sentence: