INTELLIGENCE BRIEFING: PART I

CLASSIFIED

HISTORICAL CONTEXT

On 4 May 1945, the British and the German military leaderships in 1) …… agreed to a 2) …… in north-west Germany which took effect the 3) …… day.

1) a) Bremen, b) Hamburg, c) Lüneberg
2) a) truce, b) surrender, c) battle
3) a) same, b) previous, c) following

Most of the prisoners who died in Sandbostel lie buried in the former camp cemetery, now known as the 1) ……, unless they were 2) …… elsewhere after the war.

1) a) Sandbostel War Graves Cemetery, b) Sandbostel Memorial Park, c) Stalag XB National Cemetery
2) a) reinterred, b) relocated, c) transferred

LIVEWORKSHEETS

INTELLIGENCE BRIEFING: PART II

CLASSIFIED

SANDBOSTEL MUSEUM QUIZ

1. Who liberated the Sandbostel camp?

a) American Army, b) Soviet Army, c) British Army, d) French Army

2. Approx. number of prisoners freed in April 1945?

a) 5,000, b) 10,000, c) 21,000 (14k POWs/7k conc.), d) 50,000

3. Biggest problem post-liberation?

a) Finding jobs, b) Returning home/families, c) English, d) New schools

4. Why long-term suffering?

a) No homes, b) Health/Trauma, c) Stayed in Germany, d) No medical

5. POW committee's pre-liberation task?

a) Escape, b) Emergency aid, c) Building, d) Negotiate peace

6. Who was Dr. Curt Meyer?

a) British soldier, b) Prisoner doctor, c) Commander, d) Journalist

7. Who was Marcel Albert?

a) French POW leader, b) German general, c) British doctor, d) Guard

8. Deaths in conc. section (final 2.5 weeks)?

a) 100, b) 500, c) 2,000, d) 10,000

9. Why not return home?

a) Stay in Germany, b) Fear of persecution, c) Forgotten home, d) Prohibited

10. What lesson does the Sandbostel memorial teach? (Open)

LIVEWORKSHEETS

TOP SECRET

DETECTIVE CASE FILE: SUBJECT 001

IDENTITY PROFILE

Name: Dr. Curt Meyer

Birth Date: 7 March 1891

Birthplace: _____

Social Status: Intellectual _____ family

Education: Studied _____ (followed his father's career)

SURVIVAL STRATEGY

1919 Shift: Converted to _____.

1938 Persecution: Fired from his medical post in Gotha due to the _____.

The Loophole: Continued practicing medicine in the _____ in Berlin.

THE FINAL MISSION (1944–1945)

Arrest: Seized by the _____ in March 1944.

Camp Route: Auschwitz → Neuengamme → Sandbostel.

Medical Defiance: Organized an underground medical service in _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

TOP SECRET

DETECTIVE CASE FILE: SUBJECT 002

IDENTITY PROFILE

Name: Marcel Eugène Albert

Birth Date: 17 June 1892

Birthplace: _____

Military Entry: Joined the French army in _____.

SERVICE RECORD

WWI Combat: Severely wounded several times near _____.

Colonial Career: Served as a captain with French colonial troops in _____.

The Capture: Taken by German forces on 23 May 1940 in _____.

POW EXPERIENCE

Internment: Held at Oflag XB in _____.

Casualty: Suffered a serious eye injury during an _____ on 4 February 1945.

Leadership Role: Elected chairman of the _____.

Humanitarian Mission: Supervised _____ for concentration camp prisoners.

LIVEWORKSHEETS