Week 3_ Class 1

Vocabulary with English Meanings

1. Surge **/sɜːrdʒ/**
Meaning: to rise very quickly and suddenly.
Business use: a rapid increase in prices, demand, or market value.
Example: "Oil prices **surged** after the announcement."

2. Decline **/dɪˈklaɪn/**
Meaning: to decrease gradually.
Business use: a steady drop in sales, profits, or performance.
Example: "Sales **declined** during Q3."

3. Stabilize **/ˈsteɪ.bə.laɪz/**
Meaning: to stop changing and remain steady.
Business use: when a market or value stops rising or falling.
Example: "Inflation **stabilized** at 4%."

4. Fluctuate **/ˈflʌk.tʃu.eɪt/**
Meaning: to move up and down irregularly.
Business use: when prices or values change frequently.
Example: "The exchange rate **fluctuated** all month."

5. Peak **/piːk/**
Meaning: to reach the highest point.
Business use: the maximum value before a decline.
Example: "The stock **peaked** at $150."

6. Recover **/rɪˈkʌvər/**
Meaning: to go back up after falling.
Business use: when markets or values improve after a drop.
Example: "The market **recovered** after the crisis."

Prediction Phrases

- will increase
- might fall
- is expected to rise
- is likely to stabilize
- could drop

1. will increase
Meaning: a future rise that is almost certain.
Business use: used when data or trends strongly suggest growth.
Example: "Revenue **will increase** next quarter."

2. might fall
Meaning: a possible decrease; not guaranteed.
Business use: used when there is some risk or uncertainty.
Example: "Demand **might fall** if prices rise."

3. is expected to rise
Meaning: analysts or data predict an increase.
Business use: used in reports, forecasts, and professional analysis.
Example: "Inflation **is expected to rise** this year."

4. is likely to stabilize
Meaning: it will probably stop changing and remain steady.
Business use: used when volatility is decreasing.
Example: "The market **is likely to stabilize** after Q4."

5. could drop
Meaning: there is a real possibility of a decrease.
Business use: used when negative factors may affect performance.
Example: "Sales **could drop** due to lower consumer confidence."

Chart:

- Q1: 20
- Q2: 25
- Q3: 10
- Q4: 10
- Q5: 18