

SECTION 1

Read the text and answer questions 1–10

Questions 1–10

Complete the sentences below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Example: Jim wants to find out about a... **room**.....

Jim's weekly rent will be \$ 1

Jim can park his car in the 2

The telephone is in the 3

Jim will bring a 4 for his bedroom.

Peter would like Jim to bring a 5

Peter and Jim will probably watch TV on 6

Jim works in a 7 twice a week.

Peter will share the cost of 8 with Jim.

Peter wants Jim to move in by 9

Jim agrees to move in after his 10

SECTION 2

Read the text and answer questions 11–20

Questions 11–17

Complete the sentences below.

Write **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Spring Down Junior School

The school day starts at 11 with registration, and finishes at 4 p.m.

The school canteen offers a 12 for lunch.

The morning and afternoon breaks each last for 13

On Thursday afternoons all children must take part in 14

.....

Every term the children do a special 15

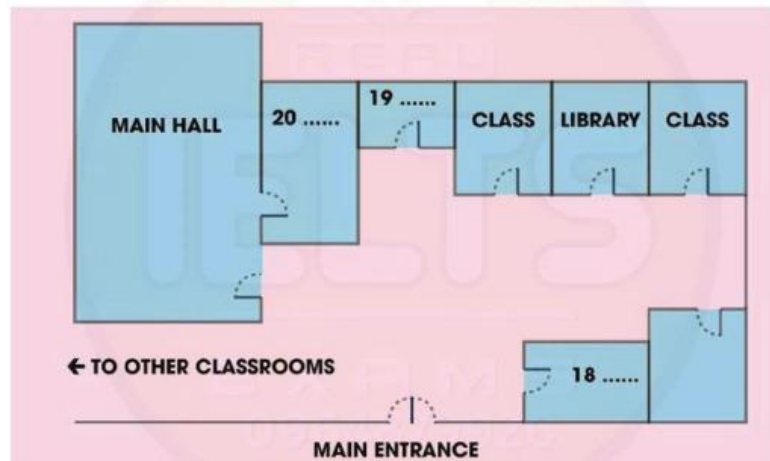
The children are given tests each 16

The children can go to 17 after school to learn new skills such as music.

Questions 18–20

Label the plan below.

Choose **THREE** correct answers, **A-G**, next to questions **18-20**.



18

19

20

A music room

B assembly hall

C computer room

D cloakroom

E Head's office

G gym

H reception

SECTION 3

Read the text and answer questions 21–30

Questions 21–24

Choose the correct answer.

Forensic Linguistics

21 What do the students agree about defining forensic linguistics?

- A The dictionary definition was not very useful.
- B They could provide an example of the kind of work involved.
- C They should read about the subject to see how it is described.

22 Jen thinks it will be difficult to analyse the voice recording because

- A it is not of good quality.
- B the accent is difficult to understand.
- C she doesn't know if the speaker is male or female.

23 Why does Jen think that the 'suspect' might vary their voice patterns?

- A because they're being recorded.
- B because they've been told to.
- C because they feel uncomfortable about their accent.

24 What does Rob think about Jen's approach to study?

- A She worries too much about her ability.
- B She often ignores the most important issues.
- C She has trouble getting started.

Questions 25–26

Choose **TWO** correct answers.

25-26 Which TWO books do Jen and Rob decide to get from the library?

- A Voice Identification
- B Modern Forensic Techniques
- C Language and Crime
- D Forensics Today
- E Research Methods in Forensic Linguistics

Questions 27–28

Choose **TWO** correct answers.

27-28 Which TWO practical considerations are both Jen and Rob concerned about?

- A how much time they have for writing up the project
- B being able to do enough research
- C only speaking to the 'suspect' once
- D using recording equipment
- E how easy it will be to contact the 'suspect'

Questions 29–30

Choose **TWO** correct answers.

29-30 Which TWO sections of the project will Rob write alone?

- A Methodology
- B Literature review
- C Introduction
- D Analysis
- E Discussion and conclusions

SECTION 4

Read the text and answer questions 31–40

Questions 31–40

Complete the notes below.

Write **ONE WORD ONLY** for each answer.

Dormancy

Organisms enter a state of dormancy, or inactivity, to:

- save available 31
- reduce demands on their environment

Value of dormancy

Organisms which become dormant:

- can live in conditions which are environmentally 32
- can live in a wider range of places
- have less 33 from other animals

Causes of dormancy

- changes in temperature and 34
- availability of food, water, oxygen

Dormancy in insects

- There may be a 35 in their metabolism (diapause)
- Diapause occurs during extreme conditions, or as part of the life cycle

The African lungfish

- It buries itself in the 36 and creates a slimy cocoon
- Two dangers: 37 and desiccation

Snails

- Some close their shells with a membrane during dormancy
- Light-coloured shells reflect sunlight and limit 38

Hibernation

- Only warm-blooded animals hibernate

The Arctic ground squirrel

- It hibernates in an insulated, underground 39
- It loses 40% of its weight during hibernation
- When it wakes up, the first part of the body to heat up is the 40

