

A. VOCABULARY: talking about spending habits

Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. If you can't afford to do something, you don't have the **time/money**
2. If you have a good work-life balance, the amount of time you spend at work and doing things you enjoy are **about the same/very different**.
3. When you boost your chances of getting a job, you **decrease/increase** your chances.
4. The cost of living is the amount of money you need for **basic things (food)/fun things (travel)**.
5. Your lifestyle is the days of **your life/way that you live**.
6. If you have a good quality of life, you have a lot of **money/satisfaction**.
7. Your standard of living is how much **money and comfort/money and family** you have.
8. If you take a salary cut, your salary goes **down/up**.
9. If something is time well-spent, it **takes a lot of time/is a good use of time**.
10. If you trade something, you **buy/exchange** it.
11. If you value something, it is **expensive/important** to you.
12. If something is worth it, it is difficult but **cheap/useful**.

B. GRAMMAR: too and enough

Write sentences. Use the words in parentheses with (not) too, too much, too many, or enough, and the infinitive.

1. I want to go to the beach, but it's only 63° outside. (cold)
It's too cold to go to the beach.
2. Ramón can't go to the club. He isn't 21 yet. (old)

3. Olga is tired after work, but she still cooks dinner. (tired)

4. Isabelle wants to take a long vacation, but she has only five vacation days. (time off)

5. Manuel can't go out for lunch. He's finishing a report. (busy)

6. It costs \$20 to enter the museum. Trevor only has \$15. (money)
