# Reading and Use of English

## Part 2 — Open Cloze

*For questions 9–16, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only ONE word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).*

**THE RISE OF URBAN FOXES**

For centuries, foxes **(0)** have been closely associated with the countryside, but over the past few decades they **(9)** _____ become a familiar sight in towns and cities across the UK. Experts believe **(10)** _____ around 150,000 foxes now live in urban areas, attracted by the abundance of food and shelter that cities provide.

Unlike **(11)** _____ wild relatives, urban foxes have adapted remarkably well to life among humans. They have learned **(12)** _____ cross busy roads safely and even how to open bins **(13)** _____ search of leftovers. Some residents enjoy seeing foxes in their gardens, **(14)** _____ others consider them a nuisance because of the noise they make at night and the mess they sometimes leave behind.

Despite **(15)** _____ ongoing debate about whether urban foxes should be controlled, most experts agree that they pose little real threat to people. **(16)** _____ long as householders take simple precautions, such as securing rubbish bins, foxes and humans can continue to live alongside one another.

## Part 4 — Key Word Transformation

*For questions 17–22, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given. There is an example at the beginning (0).*

0. My brother is taller than me.
AS
***Example:*** *I'm not as tall as my brother.*

17. She last visited her grandmother two years ago.
SINCE
It is two years _____her grandmother.

18. I'm sure he didn't forget about the meeting.
HAVE
He _____about the meeting.

19. It wasn't necessary for you to bring your laptop.
NEEDN'T
You _____your laptop.

20. Tom is a better cook than his brother.
AS
Tom's brother _____as Tom.

21. Despite the rain, we decided to go for a walk.
SPITE
We decided to go for a walk _____the rain.

22. My parents allowed me to stay up late during the holidays.
ALLOWED
I _____stay up late during the holidays.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

# Reading and Use of English

## Part 2 — Open Cloze

*For questions 9–16, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only ONE word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).*

**THE GROWTH OF COMMUNITY GARDENS**

Community gardens (0) **have** existed in various forms for centuries, but they have become especially popular (9) _____ recent years as more people look for ways to grow their own food. These shared spaces allow residents (10) _____ have little or no garden of their own to plant vegetables, fruit and flowers alongside their neighbours.

One of the (11) _____ appealing aspects of community gardens is the sense of connection they create. Working the soil (12) _____ side by side gives people a chance to meet others they might otherwise never encounter. Many gardeners say (13) _____ they have learned more about growing food from fellow members than from books or websites.

However, running a community garden is (14) _____ without its difficulties. Finding suitable land, securing funding and organising volunteers (15) _____ all require considerable effort. (16) _____ spite of these challenges, the number of community gardens continues to grow steadily across the country.

## Part 4 — Key Word Transformation

*For questions 17–22, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between two and five words, including the word given. There is an example at the beginning (0).*

**0.** My brother is taller than me.
**AS**
Example: I'm not *as tall as* my brother.

**17.** She started working here three years ago.
**BEEN**
She _____ here for three years.

**18.** I regret not learning to play an instrument when I was young.
**WISH**
I _____ to play an instrument when I was young.

**19.** The film was so boring that we left before the end.
**SUCH**
It _____ film that we left before the end.

**20.** I don't know her phone number, so I can't call her.
**IF**
_____ her phone number, I could call her.

**21.** My parents didn't allow me to watch TV during the week.
**LET**
My parents _____ TV during the week.

**22.** He finally managed to fix the printer after an hour.
**SUCCEEDED**
He _____ the printer after an hour.

LIVEWORKSHEETS