

UNIT TEST

English 9 - Unit 2 - Test 1

Time allowed: 45 minutes

Full name:

Class:

Choose the word/phrase/sentence (A, B, C or D) that best fits the space or best answers the question given in each sentence. (3.5 pts)

1. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.
A. showo B. how C. town D. cowded
2. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.
A. cold B. post C. locate D. cost
3. Choose the word whose main stress position is different from the others.
A. gallery B. liveable C. congestion D. pickpocket
4. Choose the word whose main stress position is different from the others.
A. congested B. reliable C. pollution D. cafeteria
5. Building more green spaces is a good way to make the city _____ for everyone.
A. liveable B. physical C. private D. crowded
6. Liam: "How do you get around the city?" - Sophia: " _____ "
A. I go to school with my dad. B. The city is very beautiful.
C. It is reliable and cheap. D. I usually travel by metro.
7. _____ convenient public transport is, the fewer private cars people use.
A. As much B. The less C. More than D. The more
8. We should plant more trees along the highway to _____ traffic noise.
A. hang out with B. cut down on C. get around to D. come down with
9. The busier the downtown area gets, _____ it is to find a parking space.
A. the less difficult B. more difficult as
C. the more difficult D. the most difficult
10. The local government is going to _____ a campaign to clean the pavement.
A. hang out B. carry out C. get around D. cut down

11. Choose the word CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word:

They live in a bustling town that is always full of interesting activities.

- A. coastal B. lively C. pricey D. modern

12. Choose the word OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word:

He likes shopping at the local market because the items are not pricey.

- A. fresh B. clean C. cheap D. large

13.a. They help to make the city a much more liveable place.

b. Modern cities should offer many useful public amenities.

c. These include public parks, libraries, and sports facilities.

d. They also provide convenient learning spaces for teenagers.

- A. a-c-b-d B. b-c-a-d C. c-b-d-a D. d-a-c-b

14.a. It helps to improve the traffic flow during rush hour.

b. The local council decided to build a new sky train line.

c. Commuters can now get around the city centre very quickly.

d. They do not have to worry about getting stuck in traffic.

- A. d-a-c-b B. c-b-d-a C. b-a-c-d D. a-c-b-d

Look at the sign or notice and choose the best answer (A, B, C or D) for each question. (0.5 pt)



15. Look at the sign. What does it mean?

- A. You can rent a private car here.
B. Watch out for speeding cars.
C. Car parking is available here.
D. Cars must not enter this road.



16. Look at the notice. What does it mean?

- A. You cannot park vehicles here.
B. Bus parking is free on weekends.
C. Please buy bus tickets inside.
D. Buses are not allowed to stop.

Choose the word(s) (A, B, C or D) that best fits each space in the following passage. (1 pt)

Dear Oliver, I am writing to tell you about my trip to a beautiful coastal city. It is very easy to get around here because the public transport system is excellent. Yesterday, I spent the morning travelling on the new sky train. It runs on elevated tracks above the busy streets. The higher the train goes, the more attractive the view of the city

becomes. I also noticed that the streets are much cleaner because the city council has carried out a campaign to reduce waste. In the afternoon, I went to a quiet green space near the beach to relax. I really hope you can visit this place soon. Best wishes, Liam.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 17. A. pricey | B. private | C. coastal | D. crowded |
| 18. A. get around | B. come down | C. carry out | D. hang out |
| 19. A. sky train | B. traffic flow | C. private car | D. smart card |
| 20. A. carried out | B. get on with | C. cut down on | D. run out of |

Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. Choose the correct option (A, B, C or D) that best fits each of the numbered blanks. (1 pt)

Improving Our City's Environment

The Greenriver City Council is carrying out a new project to make the downtown area more liveable. (21) _____ To solve this, the city plans to build more parks and open fields. These areas will provide fresh air and places for residents to relax.

(22) _____ The council also wants to cut down on noise pollution.

(23) _____ For example, they will plant more trees along the busy highways and restrict construction work at night.

(24) _____ Many residents are excited about these changes and hope the project will be finished soon.

Options:

- A. Currently, there is a serious lack of green spaces for people
- B. In addition, the council wants to address other environmental issues
- C. A safe walkway will be built for pedestrians to walk on
- D. This problem is mostly caused by traffic and construction sites

21.

22.

23.

24.

Read the following passage and choose the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each question. (1 pt)

The Challenge of Concrete Jungles

As cities grow larger and more crowded, they often turn into concrete jungles. This term describes urban areas that are packed with tall buildings, congested roads, and paved surfaces, with very little green space. Living in a concrete jungle can be stressful for residents. The lack of public amenities like parks and playgrounds makes it difficult for people to relax or exercise. It also leads to environmental issues, such as increased air pollution and higher temperatures due to the heat absorbed by concrete structures.

To make these cities more liveable, urban planners are looking for creative solutions. One approach is to integrate green spaces into existing infrastructure. For example, they can build gardens on the roofs of office buildings or plant trees along the pavements of congested roads. The city council can also improve public transport to encourage people to use private cars less. By carrying out these projects, they can transform concrete jungles into healthier and more attractive environments for everyone.

25.What is the main characteristic of a concrete jungle?

- A. Having cheap public amenities and empty streets.
- B. Having many buildings and very little green space.
- C. Having very few people and low cost of living.
- D. Having too many wild animals and thick forests.

26.The word "they" in the second paragraph refers to _____.

- A. congested roads
- B. office buildings
- C. green spaces
- D. urban planners

27.According to the passage, what is one creative solution for concrete jungles?

- A. Restricting residents from driving private cars.
- B. Moving all shopping malls to the coastal areas.
- C. Building gardens on the roofs of office buildings.
- D. Reducing the number of public library cards.

28.What can the city council do to reduce the use of private cars?

- A. Stop building construction sites.
- B. Close all pavements in the downtown.
- C. Increase the price of metro tickets.
- D. Improve the public transport system.

Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1 pt)

29.Traffic is a serious problem in this crowded city. (CONGEST)

30.The city council wants to make the town more for residents. (LIVE)

31.She likes visiting the new art gallery because it is very (ATTRACT)

32.The construction site is always noisy and during the day. (DUST)

Look at the entry of the word in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

get (verb)

Definition: to obtain something or to move from one place to another

- **get around something:** The students get around the city centre by sky train.
- **get stuck:** We got stuck in a terrible traffic jam on our way home.
- **get on with someone:** It is easy to get on with the friendly local residents.
- **get over something:** Many children got over the flu after a few days.

33. Many commuters prefer the metro because it helps them easily.

34. If we leave during rush hour, we might in traffic congestion.

Rewrite each of the following sentences in another way so that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it, or build complete sentences from the given cues. (1.5 pts)

35. *If public transport is more convenient, people will use fewer private vehicles.*

The more

36. *As the downtown area gets busier, it becomes more difficult to find a parking space.*

The busier

37. *If the air becomes more polluted, it is worse for people's health.*

The more

38. *If we live closer to the metro station, we will spend less time travelling to school.*

The closer

39. *The city council is implementing a project to reduce air pollution in the downtown. (using CARRY)*

The city council

40. *We should reduce the use of private cars to protect the environment. (using CUT)*

We