

Zadanie 7. (0–6)

Przeczytaj tekst. Z podanych odpowiedzi wybierz właściwą, tak aby otrzymać logiczny i gramatycznie poprawny tekst. Zakreśl jedną z liter: A, B, C albo D.

WORDLE IS A LOVE STORY

Wordle is a word game which went from dozens of players to hundreds of thousands in just a few months. Players have six **7.1.** _____ to guess a five-letter word, and after each try they get some feedback about the letters included in the word. The game was created by Josh Wardle, a software engineer in Brooklyn, for his girlfriend Palak Shah. Josh knew she loved doing crosswords. So he came up with a new word-guessing game that the two of them could play together. He called it *Wordle* as a play on his surname. Soon he introduced the game to his friends and relatives. **7.2.** _____ how quickly *Wordle* became an obsession for the members of his family, Josh decided to release it online for others to play. Two months later, 300,000 people were playing his game each day.

"I think people **7.3.** _____ *Wordle* because it's fun," explained Josh. "And there are no ads, because I don't want to profit from it."

A clever move was limiting players to one game per day. Josh knew that **7.4.** _____ you restrict something, people tend to desire it more.

Josh's girlfriend played a key role in getting *Wordle* ready for a worldwide audience. An initial list of all of the 12,000 or so five-letter words in the English language compiled by Josh contained a lot of little-known words. If all of these words had been used in the game, it **7.5.** _____ guessing them nearly impossible for the majority of players. Palak helped him narrow the list down to 2,500 words. **7.6.** _____ *Wordle* is now enjoyed around the world, she is proud that it was originally created only for her. "It's really sweet how Josh showed his love," she said.

Na podstawie: www.nytimes.com



7.1.

- A. measures
- B. contests
- C. challenges
- D. attempts

7.2.

- A. Having been seen
- B. Seeing
- C. Being seen
- D. To be seeing

7.3.

- A. appreciate
- B. amuse
- C. confirm
- D. maintain

7.4.

- A. whenever
- B. whether
- C. whatever
- D. whereas

7.5.

- A. used to make
- B. would have made
- C. made
- D. had made

7.6.

- A. Otherwise
- B. Despite
- C. Although
- D. Besides

PRZENIEŚ ROZWIĄZANIA NA KARTĘ ODPOWIEDZI!

Zadanie 8. (0–4)

Przeczytaj tekst. Uzupełnij każdą lukę (8.1.–8.4.) jednym wyrazem. Przekształć wyraz podany w nawiasie w taki sposób, aby powstał spójny i logiczny tekst. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna wpisywanych wyrazów.

THE WOODEN CITY OF THE FUTURE

A Swedish company is building a new estate in an old

8.1. (INDUSTRY) _____ zone in Stockholm, which is currently filled with former factory buildings and car parks. This isn't an uncommon enterprise. There's one peculiarity, though. Everything's built out of a special kind of wood, called "mass timber".

Mass timber is made of compressed wooden layers stacked together, which gives this building material extra **8.2. (STRONG)** _____. It also avoids the massive carbon footprint of standard construction materials like concrete and steel.

The new estate will include 7,000 new offices and 2,000 housing units, along with restaurants, shops and fitness centres. By adding more facilities to the immediate

8.3. (NEIGHBOUR) _____, the project aims to support the idea of the 15-minute city, where it's possible to get everywhere you need to go on a typical day on foot or by bicycle.

Building with wood has more advantages than just environmental ones, including the fact that the construction process itself can be both faster and quieter. And there's evidence that living and working in wooden buildings contributes to well-being – studies have found that it

8.4. (GRADUAL) _____ reduces stress and improves focus.

Will the project be a success? We're soon going to find out because the first buildings are to be completed in 2027.

Na podstawie: www.fastcompany.com



Zadanie 9. (0–4)

Wykorzystując wyrazy podane WIELKIMI literami, uzupełnij każde zdanie z luką, tak aby zachować sens zdania wyjściowego (9.1.–9.4.). W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie pięć wyrazów, wliczając w to wyraz już podany. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność gramatyczna i ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów zdań.

Uwaga: nie zmieniaj formy podanych wyrazów.

9.1. I received an urgent call while they were serving the main course.

BEING

I received an urgent call while the main course _____.

9.2. I'd prefer you to send the presentation to me by 10 p.m.

RATHER

I'd _____ the presentation to me
by 10 p.m.

9.3. "You entered the room without my permission," she said to John.

ACCUSED

She _____
the room without her permission.

9.4. I can't find my phone – I'm afraid I didn't pick it up from the table in the café.

MUST

I can't find my phone – I _____
it on the table in the café.