- Một số danh từ không đếm được dễ gây nhầm lẫn vì có dạng thức giống với danh từ số nhiều:

  E.g. *news (tin tức), measles (bệnh sởi), mumps (bệnh quai bị), ...*

- Khi chia động từ, một số danh từ có thể dùng dưới dạng số ít hoặc số nhiều: *army, audience, class, company, crowd, family, government, group, team, ...*

- Danh từ police luôn được dùng như danh từ số nhiều:

  E.g. *The police are coming.*

B Luyện tập

Exercise 1: ***Underline the correct answer to complete each of the following sentences.***

1. Jack surprises us with his hair! They're / It's red!
2. The police recognised the woman because he / they saw her on the security camera.
3. There is / are some new furniture in the living room.
4. I'd like to have some chicken / chickens salad for lunch.
5. Good advice / A good advice is essential for him at this moment.

Exercise 2: ***Choose the correct option A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following sentences.***

6. My dad has a habit (A) of reading newspaper (B) during breakfast (C) to get the latest news (D).
7. The number (A) of sugar (B) in this coffee (C) is too much (D) for me.
8. What a (A) nice weather (B)! Why don't we go cycling (C) in (D) the park?
9. They can't have a (A) party at their house because there (B) are (C) not enough space (D).
10. Do you think mumps (A) are (B) a (C) common illness among children (D)?

C Đáp án

1. It's
2. they
3. is
4. chicken
5. Good advice
6. B (→ a newspaper / newspapers)
7. A (→ amount)
8. A (→ ∅)
9. C (→ is)
10. B (→ is)

LIVEWORKSHEETS