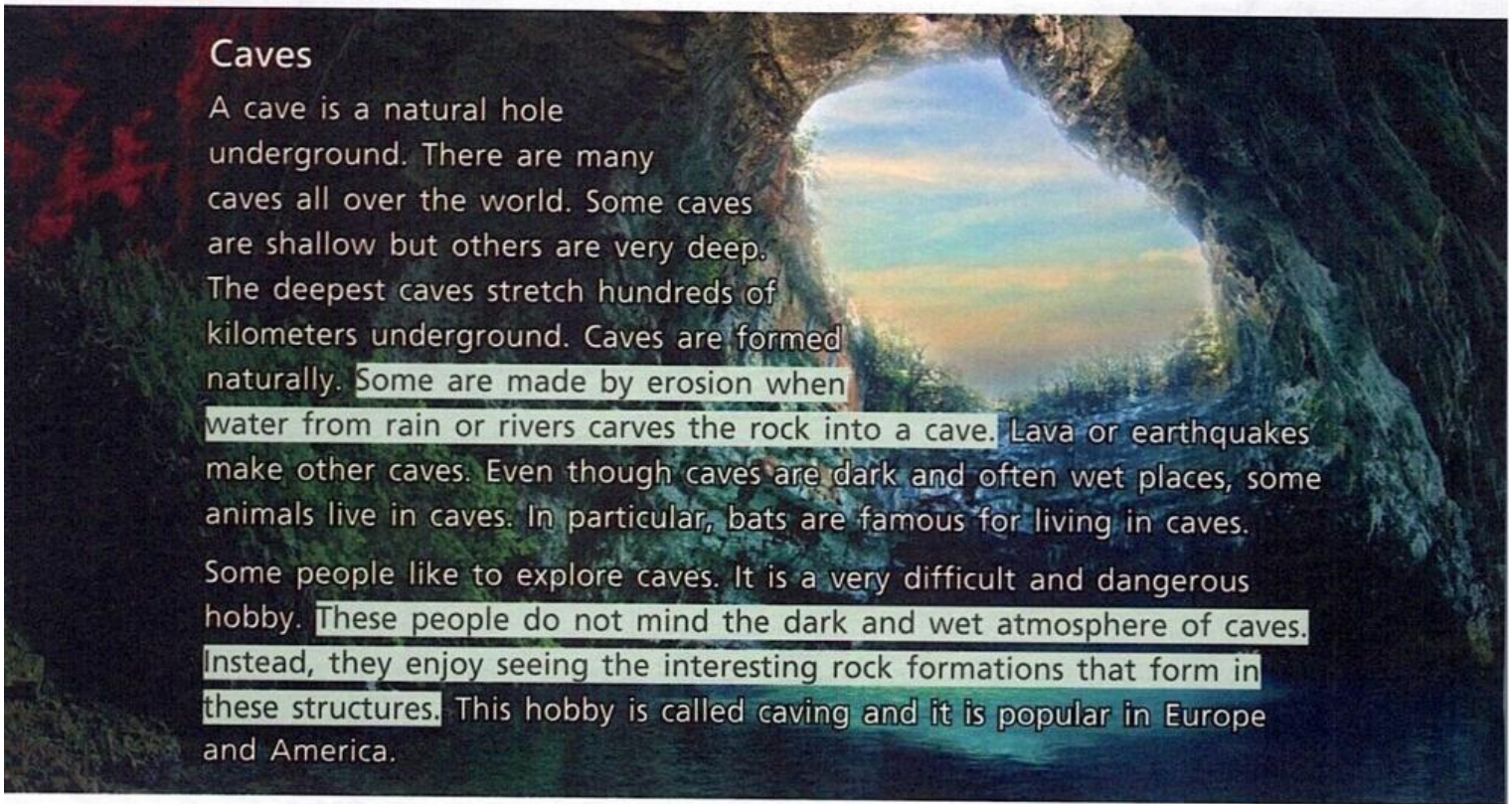
1. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the first highlighted sentence in the passage?
   A. Magma has strong energy and smells like smoke.
   B. Pressure sends magma and smoke out of a volcano.
   C. Volcanoes are dangerous because of smoke and pressure.
   D. When you see smoke at a volcano, it means there is underground pressure.

2. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the second highlighted sentence in the passage?
   A. Some kinds of volcanoes create oceans.
   B. Magma cools into hard rock only in the oceans.
   C. Volcanoes sometimes destroy things, but also create new islands.
   D. Volcanoes damage the environment because of the hard rock.

C



Caves

A cave is a natural hole underground. There are many caves all over the world. Some caves are shallow but others are very deep. The deepest caves stretch hundreds of kilometers underground. Caves are formed naturally. Some are made by erosion when water from rain or rivers carves the rock into a cave. Lava or earthquakes make other caves. Even though caves are dark and often wet places, some animals live in caves. In particular, bats are famous for living in caves.

Some people like to explore caves. It is a very difficult and dangerous hobby. These people do not mind the dark and wet atmosphere of caves. Instead, they enjoy seeing the interesting rock formations that form in these structures. This hobby is called caving and it is popular in Europe and America.

1. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the first highlighted sentence in the passage?
   A. Water can form caves by erosion.
   B. Erosion is caused by water in caves.
   C. The water in caves is very natural.
   D. All caves have rivers and rain.

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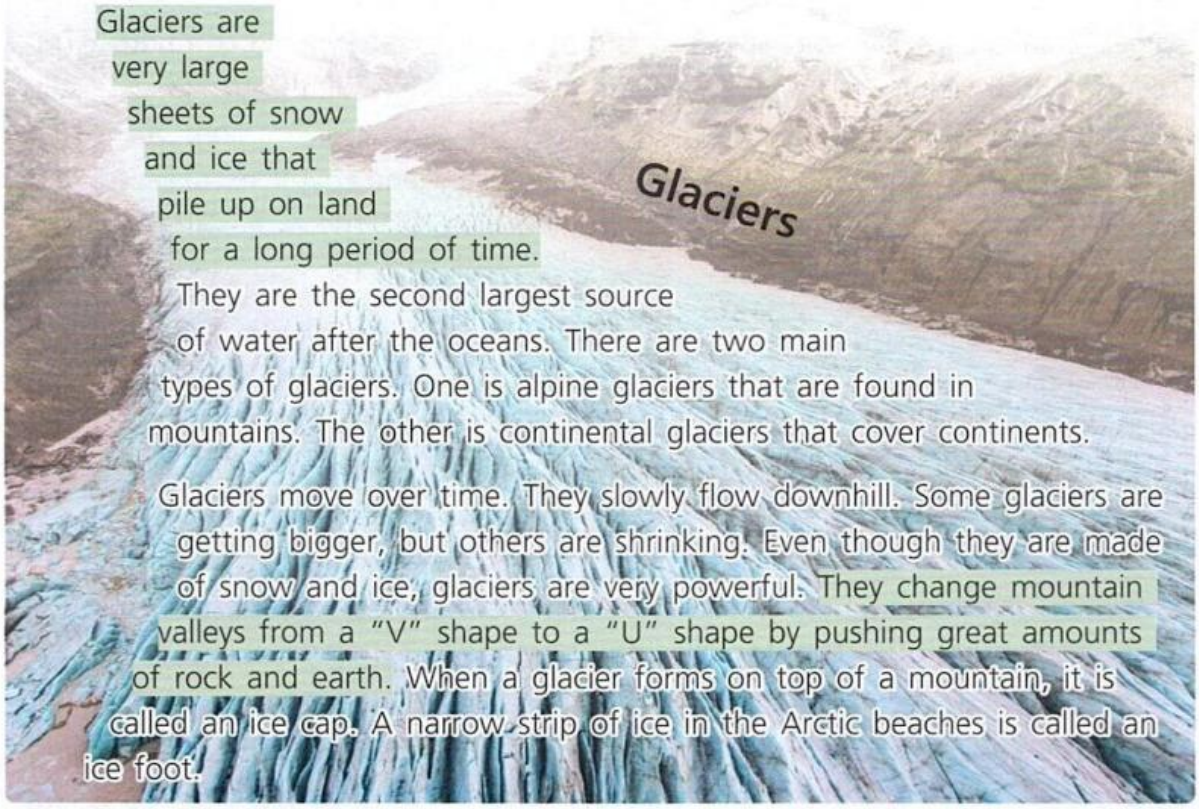
2. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the second highlighted section in the passage?

A. Most people like dark and wet caves.
B. People who do caving form the interesting rocks.
C. The dark caves have wet rocks, so people like to do caving.
D. Cavers do not mind the dim and wet caves because of the interesting rocks.

D



Glaciers are very large sheets of snow and ice that pile up on land for a long period of time. They are the second largest source of water after the oceans. There are two main types of glaciers. One is alpine glaciers that are found in mountains. The other is continental glaciers that cover continents.

Glaciers move over time. They slowly flow downhill. Some glaciers are getting bigger, but others are shrinking. Even though they are made of snow and ice, glaciers are very powerful. They change mountain valleys from a "V" shape to a "U" shape by pushing great amounts of rock and earth. When a glacier forms on top of a mountain, it is called an ice cap. A narrow strip of ice in the Arctic beaches is called an ice foot.

1. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the first highlighted sentence in the passage?

A. Glaciers are very big plates of snow and ice that never move.
B. Glaciers are the biggest snow and ice pieces that never disappear.
C. Glaciers are large sheets of snow and ice, so they can be a water source.
D. Glaciers are large and long-lasting snow and ice formed on land.

2. Which of the sentences below best expresses the essential information in the second highlighted sentence in the passage?

A. Glaciers move down and change into mountain valleys.
B. Glaciers of snow and ice are more powerful than the mountain valleys.
C. The power of glaciers changes the shape of the mountain valleys.
D. The great amounts of rock change mountain valleys.

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