4

Parts of a Flower

What we call a flower is really the colorful top part of a plant. The delicate outer parts of a flower are called petals. Many petals together are called a blossom. Most flowers have colorful petals to attract insects or birds to pollinate the plant, which means to make a seed for a new plant. Flowers are designed for insects or birds and they can easily gather the pollen and carry it between the stamen and pistil. The stamen is usually a long thin tube on the flower and it gives off pollen. Pollen is a kind of sticky powder or syrup. The pistil looks like a thin tube or cup. A flower may have one or more pistils with an ovary. The ovary makes seeds.

1. According to the passage, colorful petals _____.
   - A. are not common
   - B. have no purpose
   - C. attract insects or birds
   - D. make a seed for a new plant

2. All of the following are true EXCEPT that _____.
   - A. the pistil gives off pollen
   - B. insects or birds can carry the pollen
   - C. pollen is like sticky powder or syrup
   - D. a pistil has an ovary

R4. EX 2. Ôn tập về paraphrasing (bạn có thể xem lại các bài tập R3.3 và R3.4 nếu cần).

Chọn câu tương đồng về nghĩa với câu in đậm cho sẵn.

1. **Lighter products like diesel do not stay in the water for a long time.**
   - A. Lighter products like diesel disappear in water shortly.
   - B. Lighter products like diesel mix with water quickly.

2. **The ancient people of Athens never allowed women, foreigners, or slaves to vote.**
   - A. Women, foreigners or slaves could not vote in ancient Athens.
   - B. Women, foreigners or slaves could vote only once in ancient Athens.

3. **Not every population of a country is allowed to vote.**
   - A. Every population of a country can vote.
   - B. Some people of a country cannot vote.

4. **Hitler was seldom satisfied with ruling only Germany.**
   - A. Hitler did not like ruling Germany as a leader.
   - B. Hitler wanted to rule not only Germany but also other countries.

LIVEWORKSHEETS