


## L2.3. EX 5. BÀI TẬP DẠNG THỨC VSTEP (Phần 3)

Nghe đoạn độc thoại và trả lời câu hỏi.  46.mp3

- What is the main topic of the lecture?
  - What features reptiles have
  - How animals are divided into groups
  - Why reptiles are the best animals
  - How mammals and reptiles are different
- According to the lecture, what is the characteristic of vertebrates?
  - They have backbones.
  - They can hold their breath in water.
  - They shed their skin.
  - They are cold-blooded.
- How is the Green Anaconda different from most reptiles?
  - It has dry, tough and scaly skin.
  - It has claws on its toes.
  - It breathes with lungs.
  - It gives birth to babies.
- According to the lecture, which of the following is true?
  - Only some reptiles have waterproof skin.
  - Some reptiles do not have any legs.
  - Most reptiles breathe through their skin.
  - The eggs of reptiles are generally hard.
- What is NOT mentioned in the lecture?
  - Why some reptiles hibernate
  - How young reptiles are born
  - Where most reptiles live
  - What animals are reptiles

## L2.3. EX 6. VIẾT CHÍNH TẢ

Nghe và điền từ còn thiếu vào chỗ trống.  47.mp3

1

Linh: Oh, hi Nam. What's up?

Nam: I'm not good, Linh. I (1) \_\_\_\_\_ my electronic reader in the library.

Linh: Did you (2) \_\_\_\_\_ on the desk?

Nam: Yeah, of course; that's the first place I checked. It wasn't there. It wasn't on the floor, either.

**Linh:** Did you ask the (3) \_\_\_\_\_ about it?

**Nam:** Yes, I did. But she said nobody brought it to her. You know, it's new. Because my old one was broken, my father bought it for me a few weeks ago.

**Linh:** Don't worry. Let's have a look in the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ together.

**Nam:** Wow! There are all sorts of things in here... notebooks, hats, watches...

**Linh:** What does your reader look like?

**Nam:** It's a Kindle Paperwhite. It's small... uh, black... oh, and my name is on the (5) \_\_\_\_\_.

**Linh:** Aha! Like this?

**Nam:** Yes! This is it! Thank you so much, Linh.

## 2

As you know, there are six common animal groups: mammals, birds, reptiles, fish, amphibians and insects. So far we've studied two of them: mammals and birds. Today we're going to learn about reptiles. Can you name some reptiles? Snakes, lizards, turtles, tortoises... What else? Yes, alligators and crocodiles... they are all reptiles. Let's take a look at what those reptiles have in (1) \_\_\_\_\_. First, they have dry, tough and scaly skin. Also, their skin is thick and waterproof to keep moisture from (2) \_\_\_\_\_ the body. One interesting thing is most reptiles shed their skin as they grow. Second, they usually have short legs and toes with claws. But some, like snakes, have no legs at all. Third, they (3) \_\_\_\_\_ with lungs. So, some ocean reptiles such as sea turtles and sea snakes have to hold their breath when they are underwater. Fourth, they are (4) \_\_\_\_\_. That means when it is cold, they would die because their bodies and blood become too cold. That's why reptiles in cold (5) \_\_\_\_\_ hibernate during the winter. Fifth, they are vertebrates. In other words, they have backbones like birds and mammals. Sixth, most reptiles lay eggs. The eggs are usually soft and (6) \_\_\_\_\_.