

Each part of speech has a different function in the sentence.

VERBS: describe actions, events, feelings or situations.

(e.g. The two patterns **differ** from each other.)

NOUNS: refer to people, animals, things, actions, situations or ideas.

(e.g. There is a **difference** between the two patterns.)

ADJECTIVES: describe the qualities of nouns.

(e.g. This pattern is **different** from that one.)

ADVERBS: describe verbs, adjectives, other adverbs, phrases or whole sentences.

(e.g. The two patterns have been **differently** designed.)

A lot of English words can be used as **roots** for the formation of other words, which are called **derivatives**.

Most **adverbs**, for instance, are formed by adding the ending **-ly** to the **root adjective**.

careful → carefully terrible → terribly different → differently

B Choose the correct word A, B or C to complete the following sentences.

- The zoo's main _____ are the pandas.
A attractively B attractive C attraction
- The teacher was _____ with the student because he didn't do his homework.
A anger B angry C angrily
- Before I set off on my journey, my father told me to drive _____.
A safe B safety C safely
- What's the _____ between *increase* and *decrease*?
A difference B differently C different
- I hired a _____ to take pictures at my wedding.
A photographer B photography C photographic
- Despite his age, he leads an _____ life.
A activity B acting C active
- She completed the project _____ and was promoted.
A success B successfully C successful

C Read the sentences below and decide what part of speech is missing. Then, complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in capitals.

- I love sitting on my new sofa. It's so (Part of speech: _____) _____.
COMFORT
- She chose light-coloured furniture to (Part of speech: _____) _____
up her dull flat.
BRIGHT
- It's certainly (Part of speech: _____) _____ to drive at high speed.
DANGER
- August is a (Part of speech: _____) _____ month in our city, as
everyone is away on holiday.
PEACE