

Prueba de Inglés

PARTE 1

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 80 A 84 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

¿Dónde puede ver estos avisos?

En las preguntas 80 - 84, marque A, B o C en su hoja de respuestas.

Ejemplo:

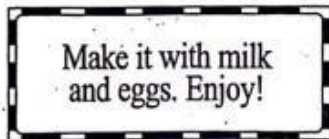
0.



- A. on a plane
- B. on a train
- C. on a bus

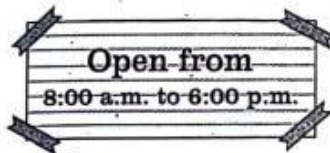
Respuesta: 0. ☒ A ☐ B ☐ C

80.



- A. on a fruit box
- B. on a cake box
- C. on a burger box

81.



- A. in a basement
- B. in a hospital
- C. in a shop

82.



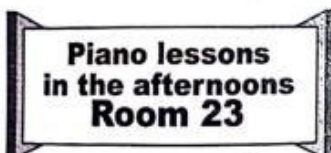
- A. at Pat's Candies
- B. at Sam's Burgers
- C. at Tom's Cakes

83.



- A. in a music store
- B. in a shoe store
- C. in a toy store

84.



- A. at a cinema
- B. at a hotel
- C. at a school

PARTE 2

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 85 A 89 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

Lea las descripciones de la columna de la izquierda (85 - 89). ¿Cuál palabra de la columna de la derecha (A - G) concuerda con cada descripción?

La opción H se usa para el ejemplo. Sobran dos palabras más.

En las preguntas 85 - 89, marque la letra correcta A - G en su hoja de respuestas.

Fast food

Ejemplo:

0. It is long, and there is meat in it.

Respuesta: 0. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D ☐ E ☐ F ☐ G ☒ H

Descripciones

Palabras

85. Some people make a soup with these.

A. burger

86. It has bread, meat, tomato and onion.

B. chips

87. You drink a glass of this when you're thirsty.

C. coffee

88. People make this thin, round food with milk and eggs for breakfast.

D. lemonade

E. noodles

F. pancake

89. Some people enjoy this hot, black drink with sugar.

G. pie

H. sausage

PARTE 3

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 90 A 96 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

Complete las siete conversaciones.

En las preguntas 90 - 96, marque A, B o C en la hoja de respuestas.

Ejemplo:



90. Shall we dance?

- A. How many?
- B. Not bad!
- C. I'm tired.

91. You should call the waiter to pay the bill.

- A. Are you sure?
- B. Congratulations.
- C. Thank me!

92. Is this the fastest electric bicycle available?

- A. All right!
- B. Is it my wheel?
- C. I suppose so.

93. I'll give you your earrings back tomorrow.

- A. It's a special set.
- B. Sure, no problem.
- C. Wonderful jewelry.

94. Can you hold the camera?

- A. That's quick!
- B. Of course.
- C. May I keep this?

95. Honey, I invited my parents to the party.

- A. Be carefull
- B. That's great!
- C. As soon as possible!

96. We haven't discussed our plans yet.

- A. You poor thing.
- B. Let's do it now.
- C. As late as possible.

PARTE 4.A

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 97 A 104 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y seleccione la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas 97 - 104, marque A, B o C en su hoja de respuestas.

Lynda Carter

Lynda Carter, the American star, wasn't really popular as a schoolchild because she wasn't very good-looking. As she was (97)_____ than most boys, they usually laughed at her. She was (97)_____ called "Olive", like Popeye's thin girlfriend.

At the age of 15, she wanted to become a singer (98)_____ she changed the spelling of her first name from Linda to Lynda because she always said to (99)_____ it seemed more interesting. Two years later, she was singing in two different groups and traveling all (100)_____ the country.

In 1974, Lynda went to Los Angeles and (101)_____ acting on television. She (102)_____ continued playing her music at concerts, and recorded her only album, Portrait. Later, she was (103)_____ to act in "Wonder Woman". It was a successful TV program that (104)_____ loved.

Ejemplo:

0. A. taller

B. tall

C. tallest

Respuesta: 0. ☒ A ☐ B ☐ C

97. A. anyway

B. however

C. even

98. A. so

B. as

C. if

99. A. himself

B. herself

C. yourself

100. A. among

B. over

C. beside

101. A. beginning

B. begin

C. began

102. A. also

B. just

C. once

103. A. invite

B. inviting

C. invited

104. A. everyone

B. something

C. everything

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PARTE 4.B

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 105 A 112 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y seleccione la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas 105 - 112, marque A, B o C en su hoja de respuestas.

Ed Sheeran



Ed Sheeran is an English pop singer whose journey to the top (0) _____ only five years. He became famous (105) _____ the success of his first song.

Ed (106) _____ play instruments like the drums from a young age and in 2006 he designed the cover of his first album (107) _____. Two years later, he made (108) _____ popular songs, but he was not a star yet; he (109) _____ played at small places until 2011. That year, his song 'The A Team' became available for download.

With his third album, he got back on the popular song lists (110) _____ than ever. Ed has had many successful years and now, (111) _____ taking a break from recording, he is preparing for a new project: a musical show. he was (112) _____ to perform in the US.

Ejemplo:

0. A. took

B. take

C. taken

Respuesta: 0. ☒ A ☐ B ☐ C

105. A. after

B. along

C. across

106. A. shall

B. could

C. must

107. A. herself

B. themselves

C. himself

108. A. several

B. another

C. each

109. A. almost

B. exactly

C. actually

110. A. strong

B. stronger

C. strongest

111. A. so

B. while

C. if

112. A. asked

B. asks

C. ask

PARTE 5

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 113 A 119 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y responda las preguntas.

En las preguntas 113 - 119, marque A, B o C en su hoja de respuestas.



What is a Safari?

An African Safari is a famous type of holiday, but for Africans this word only means "a trip". Safaris started in 1850 with a few European explorers and in 1890, "safari" was added to English dictionaries, but they became well-known when American President Theodore Roosevelt went on one in 1909.

A safari in Africa is not an expensive trip taken by celebrities or even science teachers; anyone who is on vacation and loves being outdoors can enjoy one. However, not all activities in Africa, like visiting museums or musical events, are part of this experience; a holiday only becomes a safari when there is contact with animals in the natural world.

Wild animals are everywhere, from woods to deserts and there are huge elephants in India and kangaroos in Australia—, but Kenya is the best place to enjoy a safari. In general, people go on safaris in Southern Africa, as Northern Africa is better known for the Sahara Desert and central Africa for its rainforest and gorillas.

When thinking of a safari, people usually imagine a 4×4 car, but there are also walking trails; bikes or small planes are not used.

In the past, a safari was a trip planned to catch animals; nowadays, that is only seen in old books and magazines. Today, the money paid for these trips is used for conservation projects which have become important to protect many species.

Ejemplo:

0. Today Safaris in Africa are

- A. quite popular.
- B. a way to celebrate.
- C. a special word.

Respuesta: 0. ☒ A ☐ B ☐ C

113. Many people started going to safaris after

- A. 1850.
- B. 1890.
- C. 1909.

114. Who can go on a safari?

- A. Only actors.
- B. Scientists at work.
- C. Any tourist.

115. What experience could be part of a safari?

- A. Meeting locals.
- B. Camping close to lions.
- C. Learning about history.

116. According to the text, you can take a real safari in

- A. India.
- B. Kenya.
- C. Australia.

117. What part of Africa is best for safaris?

- A. South.
- B. Center.
- C. North.

118. A possible way of taking a safari is

- A. by walking.
- B. on a flight.
- C. riding a bicycle.

119. The money people pay for safaris is spent on

- A. organizing them.
- B. saving animals.
- C. printing magazines.

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PARTE 6

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 120 A 124 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y responda las preguntas.

En las preguntas 120 - 124, marque A, B, C o D en su hoja de respuestas.

My trip to Bogotá and other places

I arrived in Bogotá feeling excited and ready to explore a big city. Unfortunately, many hours of unstoppable rain didn't allow me to go out for a while it rains a lot there, maybe more than in London, and I never thought that was possible.

First, I decided to visit a museum. I think museums are now more interesting and enjoyable places than before. I visited the Gold Museum and saw the gold from all over Colombia. Ancient people used to stick little gold pieces to their clothes during religious activities. They never considered it as a valuable metal. I wonder why people love gold and money so much nowadays. It's nothing special, just a metal. If you die, will you enjoy it?

After that, I stayed with a family I had met at the museum. They invited me to stay with them in Chia. They live on the land that used to be their parents' farm. That's why they have divided it into smaller parts, which means that they all live close to, next to, opposite or near each other. That is one really close and warm family! The houses are old and badly designed, built by the people themselves in different styles, but all beautiful and amazing. To have such a beautiful sense of family was something I had not seen in my whole life.

Finally, we went to a typical restaurant. It was huge, with a fantastic view, and the food I ate was great. This was the part I liked the most, Colombian food is magnificent.

120. What is the writer's purpose in the article?

- A. Describe Bogotá in a detailed manner.
- B. Talk about Chia's food and people.
- C. Tell the reader about his trip to Bogotá and Chia.
- D. Recommend Colombian museums and food.

121. What attitude does the writer show in the text?

- A. A place is really boring when it rains.
- B. Other things are more important than money.
- C. Food must always be well prepared.
- D. Museums are the best places in the world.

122. What's the writer's opinion about gold?

- A. Ancient cultures used it a lot because of their customs.
- B. It will be very valuable when you die.
- C. You can wear it on your clothes all the time.
- D. People should not consider it important.

123. What does the writer think about the family's houses in Chia?

- A. They were made in an unorganized but nice way.
- B. They were constructed with no order at all.
- C. Everybody likes to live near their family in Chia.
- D. Everybody lives next to each other because there's no space.

124. Which of these ideas shows the writer's opinion?

- A. Lots of people in Colombia need gold to build bigger and more modern houses.
- B. Colombian people are very kind and like being together with their family.
- C. Most restaurants and houses in Colombia serve very good, cheap food.
- D. Colombian museums are interesting because they keep gold used in the past.

PARTE 7

RESPONDA LAS PREGUNTAS 125 A 134 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lea el texto y seleccione la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas 125 - 134, marque A, B, C o D en su hoja de respuestas.

Jane King

My name's Jane King, professional designer. For about seven years, various novelists have (0)_____ me to work as their publisher. We (125)_____ sign contracts where my duties are revising grammar and illustrations. This has allowed me to mix my interests (126)_____ the two things I love, language and art. (127)_____, I developed the letter-shape photographs to combine my passions. This (128)_____ consists of organizing patterns of letters that look like a particular character or object. It requires me to be absolutely patient, but the result is (129)_____ it.

My (130)_____ aim was always to share my work in independent art exhibitions abroad. That's why (131)_____ I could, I presented my designs to experts. At (132)_____, it was difficult, but finally they got interested and decided to support me. Considering that I'm inspired by the things that (133)_____ me, I moved to the countryside because of the landscapes. Anything natural easily finds its way (134)_____ paper.

Ejemplo:

0. A. hired B. assisted C. managed D. promoted

Respuesta: 0. ☒ A ☐ B ☐ C ☐ D

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|
| 125. A. approximately | B. shortly | C. suddenly | D. frequently |
| 126. A. without | B. regarding | C. against | D. despite |
| 127. A. Therefore | B. Instead | C. Although | D. Meanwhile |
| 128. A. kind | B. network | C. technique | D. performance |
| 129. A. valuable | B. worth | C. accurate | D. convenient |
| 130. A. accurate | B. medium | C. certain | D. main |
| 131. A. whether | B. whenever | C. though | D. unless |
| 132. A. first | B. once | C. present | D. all |
| 133. A. accept | B. admire | C. surround | D. contain |
| 134. A. upon | B. within | C. beyond | D. onto |

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