PHÒNG GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO **QUẬN CẦU GIẤY** **TRƯỜNG NBK -RUBIK**	**KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT** **THEO CHƯƠNG TRÌNH GDPT 2018** Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

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(*Đề thi gồm 04 trang*)

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1. **A.** <u>w</u>estern **B.** o<u>w</u>n **C.** <u>w</u>orkplace **D.** <u>w</u>inner

Question 2. **A.** pack<u>age</u> **B.** eng<u>age</u> **C.** teen<u>age</u> **D.** aver<u>age</u>

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3. **A.** destination **B.** sustainable **C.** diversity **D.** embarrassing

Question 4. **A.** serious **B.** glorious **C.** delicious **D.** anxious

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5. To go on a(n) _____ is to take a trip to see or hunt wild animals, especially in east or southern Africa.

A. travel **B.** safari **C.** excursion **D.** picnic

Question 6. The teacher asked the students _____ they wanted to visit the zoo or the museum.

A. which **B.** why **C.** that **D.** whether

Question 7. It takes from 5 to 10 hours from climbers to climb to the _____ of Mount Fuji.

A. peak **B.** foot **C.** bottom **D.** sum

Question 8. The waiter asked me if I _____ to try their new dishes.

A. want **B.** will want **C.** wanted **D.** could want

Question 9. Nam: "Oh I'm sorry. I haven't finished my report.

Khang: _____. You can do it now."

A. That's correct **B.** Not my fault **C.** Your mistake **D.** That's all right

Question 10. I try to avoid the _____ of shopping centers, so I choose to explore a province by the sea.

A. hustle and bustle **B.** far and wide **C.** part and partial **D.** ups and downs

Question 11. She seems_____ and I wonder if she can cope with the situation.

A. well-balanced **B.** self-guided **C.** stressed out **D.** cheesed off

Question 12. Studying_____ events can provide valuable insights into our present and future.

A. historical **B.** history **C.** historic **D.** historically

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

KITCHEN ORGANIZATION TIPS

To keep your kitchen clean and organized, follow these tips:

- Store dry foods **(13)** _____ airtight containers to keep them fresh.
- **(14)** _____ your pantry regularly and remove expired items.
- Make sure all knives and sharp objects are **(15)** _____ out of reach of children.
- **(16)** _____ a weekly schedule to clean the fridge and cabinets.

Question 13. **A.** in **B.** on **C.** with **D.** over

Question 14. **A.** Check **B.** Buy **C.** Make **D.** Fill

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Question 15. **A.** placed **B.** hidden **C.** kept **D.** found
Question 16. **A.** Write **B.** Create **C.** Forget **D.** Lose

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.

Question 17. Put the sentences (1-3) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.

To prepare for an important exam, follow these steps. _____

1. Make sure to review all your notes and practice with sample questions.

2. Create a study schedule that includes regular breaks to avoid burnout.

3. Start studying well in advance to give yourself enough time to understand the material.

A. 1-3-2 **B.** 3-1-2 **C.** 2-3-1 **D.** 1-2-3

Question 18. Choose the sentence that can end the text (in the previous question) most appropriately.

A. A good night's sleep before the exam is also important for success.
B. You should use different study techniques to find what works best for you.
C. Joining a study group can be helpful for discussing difficult topics.
D. Remember to stay positive and confident in your abilities.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.

When learning a new language, it's important to communicate with native speakers. This helps you pick up their pronunciation and get used **(19)** _____ different accents. Sometimes, you might figure out what a word means from the context. If you aren't sure, don't hesitate to **(20)** _____ the word in a dictionary ô even translate it back to your own language to get a cue.

But remember that everyone may make mistakes when learning something new! In fact, making mistakes is an **(21)** _____ part of the learning process. It shows you where you need to focus. Don't be afraid to practise with native speakers, even **(22)** _____ you have difficulty expressing yourself. They'll likely appreciate your efforts and be happy to give you tips.

L earning a new language can be a journey with ups and downs. It's a process that requires patience, practice, and perseverance. It's not about perfection, but progress. Keep communicating, keep making mistakes, and keep **(23)** _____ and our efforts will pay off. Conversations in your new **(24)** _____ will become second nature, and you'll surprise yourself with your confidence.

Question 19. **A.** to **B.** with **C.** for **D.** in
Question 20. **A.** give up **B.** write down **C.** look up **D.** get by
Question 21. **A.** important **B.** importance **C.** unimportant **D.** importantly
Question 22. **A.** although **B.** as **C.** how **D.** if
Question 23. **A.** to learn **B.** learned **C.** learning **D.** learn
Question 24. **A.** tone **B.** stress **C.** pronunciation **D.** tongue

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

Question 25. I suggest having chicken and waffles tonight.

A. Let's to have chicken and waffles tonight.
B. Let's have some chicken and waffles tonight.
C. How about have some chicken and waffles tonight?
D. We really like chicken and waffles tonight.

Question 26. "You will like science after you read this book", our teacher said.
A. Our teacher said we will like science after we read this book.
B. Our teacher said we would like science after we read this book.

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C. Our teacher said we would like science after we read that book.
D. Our teacher said you would like science after you read that book.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

Question 27. The / easy / task / get / happy / students / become.
A. The easier the task get the happier the students become.
B. The easier the task gets, the happier the students become.
C. The more easy the task gets, the more happy the students become.
D. The more easier the task gets, the happier the students become.

Question 28. Mai / fond / message / friends / because / it / more convenient / calling.
A. Mai is fond in messaging friends because it is more convenient than calling.
B. Mai is fond of messaging friends because it is more convenient than calling.
C. Mai is fond of message friends because it is the more convenient than calling.
D. Mai is fond on messaging friends because it is more convenient than calling.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 29. What does the sign say?

A. You can not drive faster than 40 miles per hour.
B. You must drive at 40 miles one hour.
C. The minimum speed is 40 miles per hour.
D. You can drive at 40 miles per hour or even more.

Question 30. What does the sign say?

A. People can have more apple juice at the same price.
B. People can have free apple juice.
C. There is 10% of extra apple in this juice.
D. The apple juice is 10% free.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

All over the country young people are entering a world of homelessness and poverty, according to a recent report by the housing group, Shelter. Nearly 150,000 young people aged between sixteen and twenty-five will become homeless this year, says Shelter. Some of the young homeless may sleep out in the open in such places as 'cardboard city' in London, where people of all ages sleep in the open air in their only homes - cardboard boxes. **Others** may find accommodation in shelters run by voluntary organizations or get a place in a hostel, which gives them board for up to ten weeks.

But who are these people? Those who are seeking a roof over their heads are mostly not runaways but "throwaways" - people who have been thrown out of their homes or forced to leave because of parental divorce, an unsympathetic step-parent or one of many other reasons.

Take the case of one sixteen-year-old schoolgirl, Alice. She did not come from a poor home and had just passed her exams with good results. The Shelter team met her in a hostel where she was doing her physics homework. It turned out that her parents had thrown her out of her home for no other reason that she wanted to do Science Advanced Level exams - which her parents refused her permission to do, saying that sciences were unladylike!

Shelter says that the Government's laws do nothing to help these youngsters. Rising rents, the shortage of cheap housing and a cut in **benefits** for young people under the age of twenty-five are causing a national problem, according to Shelter. The recent changes in the benefit laws mean that someone aged between sixteen and twenty-five gets less than older people and they can only claim state help if they prove that they left home for a good reason.

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Shelter believes that because of the major cuts in benefits to young people, more and more are being forced to sleep on the streets. Shelter also points out that if you are homeless, you can't get a job because employers will not hire someone without a **permanent** address; and if you can't get a job, you are homeless because you don't have any money to pay for accommodation. It's an impossible situation.

(Source: FCE success workbook)

Question 31. Why was Alice turned out of her home?
A. She refused to do her homework in the evening.
B. She didn't want to study for her Advanced Level Exams.
C. She had not obtained desirable marks in her exams.
D. Her parents didn't agree with what she wanted to do.

Question 32. The changes in the system of benefits mean that _____.
A. young people do not receive as much money as those over twenty-five
B. anyone under twenty-five and not living at home will receive help with food and accommodation
C. the under twenty-fives can claim money only if they have left home
D. young people cannot claim money unless they are under sixteen or over twenty-five

Question 33. The word "***benefits***" in paragraph 4 are probably _____.
A. extra wages for part-time workers
B. financial support for those in need
C. a law about distributing money
D. gifts of food and clothing

Question 34. What is the reading passage mainly about?'
A. The problem of unemployed people all over the world
B. Timely actions from the government to fight homelessness
C. The unpleasant condition of young, homeless people
D. An increasingly popular trend among youngsters

Question 35. The word "***Others***" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.
A. voluntary organizations
B. young people
C. people of all ages
D. the young homeless

Question 36. The word "***permanent***" in paragraph 5 is **closest** meaning to _____.
A. flexible **B.** stable **C.** simple **D.** obvious

Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.

Having good time management skills can make your life much easier. **(37)** _____ But how can you improve these skills in a practical way?

Start by setting clear goals. Write down what you need to achieve each day and focus on the most important tasks first. **(38)** _____ This will help you use your time wisely and avoid unnecessary stress.

Next, try to eliminate distractions. For example, turn off notifications on your phone while working or studying. **(39)** _____ These small changes can improve your focus and help you finish tasks faster.

Finally, take regular breaks to recharge your energy. Resting for 5 to 10 minutes after working for an hour can improve your productivity. **(40)** _____ A short walk or stretching exercise can refresh your mind and body.

A. Many people find it hard to organize their time effectively.
B. Breaking your tasks into smaller steps can make them feel more manageable.
C. You might also try creating a quiet workspace to help you concentrate.
D. Avoid spending your break time on your phone, as it may make you feel more tired.

Question 37. _____ **Question 38.** _____ **Question 39.** _____ **Question 40.** _____

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