

ENGLISH 7 SECOND END OF TERM PRACTICE

For questions 1 – 40, mark the letter on the table above.

I. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. function B. nuclear C. produce D. future
2. A. appear B. feature C. Easter D. feast

II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. perform B. panel C. enjoy D. replace
4. A. overheat B. distance C. energy D. hyperloop

III. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

5. She got _____ the bus and walked to the market nearby.
A. off B. in C. out D. down
6. The sea remained rough, but she learnt to _____ her boat through.
A. ride B. drive C. sail D. fly
7. The world's largest festival of twins _____ last weekend in Twinsburg.
A. took off B. took up C. took place D. took part in
8. He finally reached his office in time _____ being stuck on street for such an hour.
A. although B. in spite of C. despite of D. however
9. Children find it difficult _____ their bicycles up the hill.
A. pedaling B. to pedal C. pedal D. to pedaling
10. She wants you to return a book of _____ you borrowed last week.
A. her B. hers C. your D. yours
11. SkyTran is _____ expensive that some countries in the world can't afford to build, operate and maintain it.
A. too B. so C. enough D. such
12. "Is it far from your house to the bus station?" – " _____ "
A. Where is it? B. I go on foot. C. Just 300m. D. Go ahead.
13. In the year 2030, people _____ on flying trains.
A. will travel B. travel C. traveled D. are traveling
14. No sooner had he arrived _____ things went wrong.
A. when B. then C. than D. as

IV. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

15. We will cut down on the use of natural gas because it is limited and harmful for the environment.

A B C D

16. "How far can a solowheel run?" – "About 12 miles per hour."

A B C D

V. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

17. Wind and water are renewable energy sources.

- A. inventive B. replaceable C. recyclable D. eco-friendly

18. Scientists are working hard to discover more alternative sources of clean energy.

- A. find out B. run on C. rely on D. take on

VI. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. I couldn't take my eyes off the screen because the film was so gripping.

- A. interesting B. boring C. hilarious D. surprising

20. It is predicted that there will be a shortage of energy in the future.

- A. weakness B. lack C. abundance D. scarce

VII. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Hyperloop is a new form of ground transport currently in development by a number of companies. It could see passengers travelling (21) _____ over 700 miles an hour in floating pod which races along inside giant low-pressure tubes, either above (22) _____ below ground.

Supporters argue that Hyperloop could be cheaper and (23) _____ than train or car travel, and cheaper and less polluting than air travel. They claim that it's also quicker and cheaper to build than traditional high-speed rail. Therefore, (24) _____ benefits are significant. Hyperloop could be used to take the pressure off gridlocked roads, (25) _____ travel between cities easier, and potentially unlocking major economic benefits as a result.

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|---------------|------------|------------|----------------|
| 21. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. for |
| 22. A. and | B. so | C. but | D. or |
| 23. A. fast | B. faster | C. fastest | D. the fastest |
| 24. A. it | B. its | C. their | D. theirs |
| 25. A. taking | B. driving | C. using | D. making |

VIII. Read the following article and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

SOLAR ENERGY

Sunlight carries huge amounts of energy. You can feel the Sun's energy when sunlight warms your skin on a summer day. To capture the Sun's energy, scientists have developed solar cells, called photovoltaic cells. These cells convert sunlight into electricity.

When sunlight hits a solar cell, some of the light energy is absorbed. This light energy causes the particles in the solar cell to move faster, and the movement of these particles creates electricity.

In some places, large panels of solar cells harvest sunshine to make electricity for homes and businesses. Solar cells have been placed on cars and appliances, too. Since the Sun sends abundant free energy streaming toward the Earth 24 hours a day, people in many parts of the world, not just the sunniest places, have fixed solar cells and solar panels on the roofs of their houses or businesses to lower their energy costs.

Experts say that the huge installation of solar panels in sunny regions could generate enough electricity to supply an entire country. Capturing this energy can help overcome our **decreasing** energy supply. New ways to capture this energy are being developed all the time to maximize efficiency.

26. What is the source of solar energy?

- A. sunlight B. photovoltaic cells C. solar panels D. electricity

27. Solar cells are used _____.

- A. to collect energy from the sun B. to provide sunlight to houses
C. to convert sunlight into electricity D. both A and C are correct

28. Which of the following statements is true?

- A. Solar cells absorb all of the light energy from the sun.
B. The light energy causes the particles to move faster to make electricity.
C. Solar energy can be used to power homes and businesses only.
D. Large solar panels have been placed on cars and appliances.

29. Where have people fixed solar panels?

- A. In the sunniest places B. Anywhere outside their houses
C. Inside their houses D. On the roofs of their houses

30. As used in line 11, "**decreasing**" most nearly means _____.

- A. reducing B. increasing C. unending D. installing

IX. LISTENING: Listen to a radio host talking to Tom Monkton about his new television series. Are the sentences true (T) or false (F)?

	True (A)	False (B)
31. Tom talks about his own problems in his new series.		
32. The man in the first programme started eating more after a sad event in his life.		
33. The professionals who work on the show are encouraging the man not to quit.		
34. The radio host thinks the man could struggle to maintain his new lifestyle.		
35. People in the show often reject suggestions that are made to them.		
36. Filming people taking on challenges makes it harder for them to quit.		
37. The woman's house was so full that there was no room for her relatives.		
38. The only area which wasn't full of rubbish was her garden.		
39. Hoarding can originate from wanting to do the right thing all the time.		
40. On the show, they focus solely on the people's problems.		

For questions 41 – 60, write your answer on the test paper.

X. Supply the correct tense of the verbs given in brackets.

41. When I _____ (be) in secondary school, I usually went to school on foot.
42. Scientists _____ (look) for a new energy source to replace coal now.
43. If the bus _____ (not arrive) on time, we'll miss the beginning of the film.
44. Don't worry, she _____ (come) here in a few minutes.
45. At present, my city _____ (build) stations for skyTrans.

XI. Supply the correct form of the words given in brackets.

46. This plan allows you to make an _____ number of phone calls to anywhere in the U.S.

(LIMIT)

47. These vegetables are a _____ source of vitamins. (PLENTY)

48. Beethoven, Schumann and Chopin were leading Romantic _____. (COMPOSE)

49. If that person loses his or her _____ licence, the car serves no purpose for them.

(DRIVE)

50. The plane _____ behind the clouds, and I couldn't see it again even after several minutes. (APPEAR)

VII. Put the words into the correct order to make meaningful sentences.

51. have / parking / we / Will / places / enough / ten years / in / ?

52. every / mother / to / in / My / goes / work / a / car / morning / .

53. watching / We / turn / should / off / TV / when / the / not / it / .

54. enjoy / the / People / festive / during / atmosphere / Diwali / .

55. we / travel / hyperloop / , / we / in / weather / When / won't / worry / have to / about / bad / .

Complete the second sentence, so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

56. Although we lost the game, we were happy that we played well.

Despite _____

57. How far is it from your hometown to the nearest station?

What _____

58. It is a good idea for you to use public transport.

You had _____

59. The questions were very difficult. However, he solved them easily.

Though _____

60. I am writing to my friend in London now.

I am writing to a friend of _____

-----THE END -----