1 Complete the sentences with the correct present perfect form of the verbs in brackets.

1 I _____ (never/go) on a plane.

2 She _____ (call) me three times.

3 _____ Maryam _____ (study) at college?

4 Robert _____ (live) in Peru.

5 We _____ (not/have) this meal before.

6 I _____ (never/ride) on the back of a motorbike.

7 Which of these films _____ (you/watch)?

/7

2 Complete the second sentence with two words so it means the same as the first.

1 Maths is hard. Science is very hard.
Science is _____ maths.

2 The Elbe river and the Amur river are long. The Nile river is very long.
The Nile is _____ river.

3 I feel quite positive. You feel very positive.
You feel _____ than me.

4 I'm a bad cook. My parents are good cooks.
I'm _____ cook in my family.

5 Ryan isn't fit. Ezra is quite fit. Mohammed is very fit.
Mohammed is _____ of the friends.

6 I'm 25. My brother is 28. My sister is 31.
I'm _____ person in my family.

7 I'm quite busy. You're very busy.
You're _____ me.

/7

3 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

1 This food **is tasting** / **tastes like** / **tastes** awful.

2 Is there some bread in the oven? It **feels** / **smells** / **sounds** delicious!

3 I can't sing. I always **feel like** / **looks** / **sound** terrible!

4 What does Max **look** / **looks** / **look like**?

5 Is the heating on? It **feels** / **looks** / **sounds** hot in here.

6 I'm **not feel** / **not feel like** / **not feeling** very well today.

/6

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5 Choose the correct option (a, b or c) to complete the sentences.

1 What's the best ___ to the bus station?

a direction **b** route **c** distance

2 Ecuador is on the ___ of Peru and Colombia.

a route **b** direction **c** border

3 Let's take a day ___ tomorrow.

a journey **b** trip **c** route

4 I walk a ___ of 6 km every day.

a distance **b** journey **c** travel

5 My ___ to work was slow this morning.

a trip **b** way **c** journey

/5

LIVEWORKSHEETS

HOW TO …

8 Choose the correct words to complete the conversation.

A: What can we do tonight?

B: How about [1]**go** / **going** out for food?

A: [2]**It** / **That's** fine with me. Where [3]**we shall** / **shall we** go?

B: We [4]**can** / **don't** go to L'Amour. We haven't been there.

A: I'm not sure. I've seen the menu. It's a [5]**bit** / **lot** expensive.

B: OK then, why [6]**can't** / **don't** we go to the pizza place down the road? We can walk.

A: [7]**Sound** / **Sounds** good to me.

B: We could [8]**invite** / **inviting** Cathy and Andreas.

A: I'm [9]**don't** / **not** sure that's a good idea. They were both feeling ill earlier.

B: Oh! Well, maybe we [10]**should buy** / **to buy** them a pizza and take it round to their house after we eat.

A: Great idea!

/10

LIVEWORKSHEETS

LISTENING

1 [Audio UT4.01] Listen to a man and a woman making weekend plans. Tick the activities they discuss.

climbing	☐	museum visit	☐
concert	☐	night fishing	☐
flying lesson	☐	swimming	☐
football match	☐	walking	☐
horse riding	☐	zoo visit	☐

/5

2 [Audio UT4.01] Listen again. Complete the sentences with one or two words.

1 The woman's _____ wasn't good at doing what she told it to do.

2 The woman felt unhappy at the _____ .

3 The man doesn't like _____ places.

4 The woman suggests going to the _____ for one activity and not the mountains.

5 The man booked a fishing trip away with a friend in _____ of last year.

6 The man cancelled the trip because of the _____.

7 The woman thinks that _____ is too cold for fishing.

8 The man got a really amazing present from his _____.

9 _____ people can enjoy the man's gift.

10 The man and woman decide to take a _____ next weekend.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

READING

3 Read the text about Sri Lankan food. Match the headings (A–E) with the paragraphs (1–5).

A Ingredients in the national dish.

B International ingredients.

C The national dish of Sri Lanka.

D Other popular food in Sri Lanka.

E Sri Lankan curry compared with Indian curry.

/5

Blog: The world in 80 flavours

Sri Lanka

1 ___
Sri Lanka is an island near the south east coast of India. Its widest part is 224 km and its longest part is 432 km. Around 22 million people live there. Sri Lanka's national dish is curry and rice, but there are many different types of rice and many different types of curry around the island. In fact, you can eat curry and rice in a different place every day for a week in Sri Lanka and never taste exactly the same thing.

2 ___
Most curries include meat (e.g. chicken) or seafood (e.g. fish) and vegetables (e.g. okra). They also include coconut milk and spices (e.g. turmeric). The rice can be white, yellow or red. You can buy curry and rice from many different types of places – cafés at the side of the road or very expensive restaurants. In some cafés and restaurants, you all share lots of dishes and in other places, you have your own meal.

3 ___
Curry is both a Sri Lankan and an Indian dish. Sri Lankan curry is similar to Keralan curry in the south east of India, but it's not exactly the same. Sri Lankan curry has more spices like turmeric in it, and so it's hotter. Sri Lankan chefs don't always put these spices in curries for tourists, because tourists don't always like very hot curries.

4 ___
Curry isn't the only food that people eat in Sri Lanka. They also eat vegetables like carrots and potatoes. They eat a flat bread called *roti* and different fruit like watermelon. *Watalappan* is very popular. It's a sort of dessert. It's made with brown sugar, coconut milk and egg.

5 ___
Sri Lankan food has a lot of local ingredients in it, but it also has food from other countries, too. That's because in the past, a lot of ships stopped in Sri Lanka with food from other places. Sri Lankan food has strong flavours. These are flavours that everyone needs to try.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4 Read the text again. Answer the questions with one word or a short phrase from the text.

1 How many people live in Sri Lanka?

_____

2 What is Sri Lanka's national dish?

_____

3 What kind of milk is in Sri Lanka's national dish?

_____

4 What different coloured rice can you find in Sri Lanka?

_____

5 What kind of vegetables do Sri Lankan's eat?

_____

6 'Roti' is a type of what?

_____

7 What is 'watalappan'?

_____

8 What three things can you find in 'watalappan'?

_____

9 What brought food to Sri Lanka from other places in the past?

_____

10 What adjective does the writer use to describe Sri Lankan flavours?

_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS