

- 1 Przeczytaj tekst. Wybierz poprawne uzupełnienie luk 1-4. Zakreśl literę: A, B albo C.

CYCLING TRIP INFO

A few words about our class cycling trip in the forest on Friday. We are leaving from outside the school at 9 a.m. Remember that each of you (1) ___ wear a helmet. It's absolutely necessary! Another very important rule for the day is that during the trip you (2) ___ go away from the group! We are going to cycle to the forest lake (3) ___ we can have a short rest. Ah, one more thing: those of you (4) ___ parents would like to join us for the trip should inform me a little earlier.

- 1 A must B should C have
2 A shouldn't B mustn't C don't have to
3 A which B when C where
4 A who B which C whose

___ / 4

- 2 Uzupełnij zdania twierdzące (✓), przeczące (X) i pytające (?) odpowiednim czasownikiem modalnym lub wyrażeniem *have to* w poprawnej formie.

- 1 We _____ go out in such bad weather. It isn't a good idea. (X)
2 Mark works at weekends and he _____ get up at 6 a.m. (✓)
3 How did you get to the station on time? _____ you _____ take a taxi?
4 It's Ellie's birthday next week and I need your advice. What _____ I get her?
5 I'm so hungry. I _____ eat something right now! (✓)

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- 3 Przetłumacz na język angielski fragmenty podane w nawiasach, tak aby otrzymać zdania logiczne i gramatycznie poprawne. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych fragmentów zdań. Uwaga! W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy.

- 1 I can't find the book (którą położyłem) _____ right here on my desk yesterday.
2 I'll never forget the day (kiedy dostałem) _____ my games console!
3 Our bus arrived after a few minutes, so we (nie musieliśmy) _____ to wait long.
4 I know a boy in my school (którego tata był) _____ a professional football player.
5 Do you know anyone (kto może pomóc) _____ us with this problem?
6 She (nie powinna pić) _____ coffee in the evening.
Then she has problems falling asleep.

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