

# PAST CONTINUOUS

Nos fijamos en esto para hacer bien los ejercicios

## AFFIRMATIVE

I  
He/she/it → **WAS**

You  
We → **WERE**  
They



El verbo acabado en **ING**

EJEMPLOS:

I **was baking** a cake.

You **were reading** a book.

## NEGATIVE

I  
He/she/it → **WASN'T**

You  
We → **WEREN'T**  
They



El verbo acabado en **ING**

EJEMPLOS:

He **wasn't doing** the homework.

You **weren't drinking** orange juice.

## INTERROGATIVE

Aquí se cambia el orden.

- 1º Primero ponemos **WAS** o **WERE**
- 2º el sujeto (I, you, he, she, it, we, they)
- 3º el verbo acabado en **ING**

EJEMPLOS:

**Was she playing** domino?  
1 2 3

**Were you sleeping?**  
1 2 3

**1. Choose the correct option.**

1. Sue **was sleeping / were sleeping** in the bedroom.
2. Mum **were having / was having** breakfast.
3. Dad **were doing / was doing** the gardening.
4. Billy **was reading/ were reading** a comic.
5. Amy and Jenny **was making/ were making** jewelley.
6. The cat **were running / was running** around the garden.

**2. Complete the sentences**

1. I \_\_\_\_\_ **(PUT ON)** my shoes yesterday morning.
2. He \_\_\_\_\_ **(NOT HAVE)** lunch at school.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ **(PLAY)** pool with your friends?
4. They \_\_\_\_\_ **(NOT WATCH)** films last weekend.
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ **(NOT BAKE)** cookies last night.
6. He \_\_\_\_\_ **(WASH)** his car when I called him.
7. We \_\_\_\_\_ **(DO)** our homework in the evening.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ **(BUY)** a present for his mother yesterday?
9. \_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ **(MAKE)** jewellery yesterday afternoon?
10. I \_\_\_\_\_ **(NOT READ)** a book yesterday.

**3. Write the questions.**

*Ejemplo:*

*She / do ballet?*

*Was she doing ballet?*

Henry / build models?

You / do karate?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Charlotte / put on a pyjama?

He / go bowling?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Para responder a una pregunta pondremos:

**En caso de que queramos poner que sí:**

1º YES,

2º sujeto (I, you, he, she, it, we, they)

3º was o were

Ejemplo:

Nos preguntan: **Were you wearing a red hoodie?** (¿Llevabas puesta una sudadera roja?)

Y si queremos escribir que sí, escribiremos: **Yes, I was**

**Más ejemplos:**

*Was he playing pool yesterday?* **Yes, he was.**

*Were they studying for the exam?* **Yes, there were.**

**En caso de que queramos poner que no:**

1º NO,

2º sujeto (I, you, he, she, it, we, they)

3º wasn't o weren't

Ejemplo:

Nos preguntan: **Was she sitting on the sofa?** (¿Estabas sentado en el sofá?)

Y si queremos escribir que no, escribiremos: **No, she wasn't**

**Más ejemplos:**

*Were you painting the picture?* **No, I wasn't**

*Was she washing her hands?* **No, she wasn't**

**4. Answer the questions:**

1. Was she writing a book? Yes, \_\_\_\_\_
2. Were you dancing in the disco? No, \_\_\_\_\_
3. Was dad drinking cola? Yes, \_\_\_\_\_
4. Were they painting the street? No, \_\_\_\_\_
5. Were we eating chocolate? No, \_\_\_\_\_

**5. Complete the text with these verbs in PAST CONTINUOUS:**

No hay que poner el verbo tal cual está, hay que ponerlo en past continuous, es decir, si queremos poner *READ* en un hueco tendremos que poner si *was reading o were reading*, dependiendo del sujeto

**PUT ON – WAIT – PLAY – READ**

Yesterday afternoon the children were getting ready to go to the birthday. Alice put on her hoodie and her trainers because it was cold outside. Her mum was waiting for her in the car. While she was waiting, Alice was reading a comic in the living room. When they arrived, her friends were playing near the pool table and laughing. Alice was very excited to join them.