

PRESENT TIME

by Julian Conde

I. Write T (true) or F (false).

1. ___ The simple present should be used for habitual actions, such as "Elena gets out her laptop every night."
2. ___ You can use the present progressive for an action that is in progress these days, even if it isn't happening at this exact moment.
3. ___ It is grammatically correct to say, "We are needing to put things in perspective."
4. ___ Both the present perfect and the present perfect progressive can be used to show actions that began in the past and continue until now.
5. ___ To describe a completed action with a connection to the present, you should use the present perfect progressive.
6. ___ Action verbs describe parts of an action in progress when used in the progressive (-ing) form.
7. ___ Non-action verbs (like know or own) are most often used in the progressive form.
8. ___ A non-action verb can sometimes be used in the progressive form if it describes a state that can be changed or a choice.
9. ___ We normally use adjectives to modify action verbs, such as "He works quick."
10. ___ When a non-action verb like sound is used to show an action (e.g., an alarm sounding a warning), you should use an adverb instead of an adjective.

II Choose the best answer.

I can't talk right now because I _____ lunch with my client.

- A) have
- B) am having

The dinner smelled _____, so we started eating immediately.

- A) delicious
- B) deliciously

