Full Exam Practice: Use of English & Reading

Part 1: Multiple-Choice Cloze

Instructions: Read the text below and decide which answer (**A, B, C, or D**) best fits each gap.

The Mystery of Animal Migration

Every year, millions of animals (1) _____ on incredible journeys across the globe. From tiny insects to massive whales, migration is a natural phenomenon that has (2) _____ scientists for centuries. While the primary (3) _____ for these travels is usually the search for food or better breeding conditions, the methods animals use to navigate are (4) _____.

Some birds, for instance, are believed to (5) _____ on the Earth's magnetic field to find their way. Others use the position of the sun or stars as a (6) _____. Despite the many (7) _____ they face, such as extreme weather and predators, these creatures (8) _____ to reach their destinations with remarkable accuracy.

1.	**A** set out	**B** go off	**C** take up	**D** get on
2.	**A** fascinated	**B** gripped	**C** involved	**D** attracted
3.	**A** motive	**B** point	**C** target	**D** result
4.	**A** profound	**B** diverse	**C** wide	**D** thick
5.	**A** trust	**B** believe	**C** rely	**D** confide
6.	**A** guide	**B** signal	**C** clue	**D** track
7.	**A** obstacles	**B** setbacks	**C** closed	**D** blocks
8.	**A** achieve	**B** succeed	**C** manage	**D** arrive

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Part 2: Word Formation

Instructions: Use the word given in **CAPITALS** at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap in the same line.

A Career in Journalism

Working as a professional journalist requires a great deal of (9) _____. It is not a career for those who seek (10) _____ in their daily lives. Reporters must be (11) _____ and ready to travel at a moment's notice. (12) _____, the job can be quite stressful, especially when deadlines are approaching. However, for many, the (13) _____ of uncovering an important story outweighs the pressure. A successful journalist needs to have excellent (14) _____ skills and a deep (15) _____ of global affairs. In this (16) _____ world, staying informed is more important than ever.

9. **COMMIT**
10. **STABLE**
11. **ADAPT**
12. **ADMIT**
13. **SATISFY**
14. **COMMUNICATE**
15. **KNOW**
16. **COMPETE**

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Part 3: Reading Comprehension

Instructions: Read the article and choose the correct answer (**A, B, C, or D**) for each question.

The Future of Urban Gardening

In the heart of some of the world's busiest cities, a green revolution is taking place. Rooftop gardens, once a rarity, are now becoming a common sight in places like New York, London, and Tokyo. These urban oases provide more than just a pleasant view; they are a vital tool in the fight against climate change.

Urban areas often suffer from the "heat island effect," where concrete and asphalt absorb heat, making cities significantly warmer than the surrounding countryside. By covering roofs with vegetation, city planners can lower temperatures and reduce the energy needed for air conditioning. Furthermore, these gardens help to manage rainwater, preventing the drainage systems from becoming overwhelmed during heavy storms.

However, the benefits are not purely environmental. Many urban gardens are "community spaces" where residents can grow their own vegetables. This promotes a sense of belonging and helps to combat the isolation often felt in large cities. "I never knew my neighbors until we started sharing a tomato patch," says Elena, a resident of a high-rise apartment in Madrid. "Now, we have a weekly meeting to discuss our plants. It has fundamentally changed the atmosphere of the building."

Critics argue that the cost of installing and maintaining such gardens is prohibitive. They point out that not all buildings are structurally capable of supporting the weight of soil and water. While these concerns are valid, many believe that the long-term social and ecological gains far exceed the initial investment. As technology improves, lighter and more efficient gardening systems are being developed, making the dream of a green city more accessible to everyone.

17. What is the writer's main purpose in the second paragraph?

A) To complain about the temperature in modern cities.

B) To explain the environmental advantages of rooftop gardens.

C) To compare the architecture of different global cities.

D) To warn about the dangers of heavy rain in urban areas.

18. What does "this" in the third paragraph refer to?

A) Growing one's own vegetables.

B) Living in a high-rise apartment.

C) Moving to a large city.

D) The heat island effect.

19. According to the text, Elena found that urban **gardening...**

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A) Was too much work for one person.

B) Helped her save money on groceries.

C) Improved the social life in her building.

D) Was difficult because of the Madrid weather.

20. What is the "prohibitive" factor mentioned by critics?

A) The lack of interest from residents.

B) The high financial cost involved.

C) The lack of sunlight in narrow streets.

D) The negative impact on building aesthetics.

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