

eliminating the cause of most of today's accidents. Although self-driving cars may seem far off, some people believe that there will be driverless cars in showrooms in about 10 years.

1. What can be the best title of the passage?
A. self-driving cars B. future jobs C. human drivers D. car safety
2. The word "**eliminating**" in the passage is closest in meaning to:
A. increasing B. removing C. keeping D. creating
3. The word "**surroundings**" is opposite in meaning to:
A. area B. center C. outside D. edge
5. The word "**they**" in the text refers to:
A. drivers B. traffic lights C. maps D. routes
7. What is NOT mentioned in the passage?
A. cars can see lights B. cars avoid people
C. cars are cheaper D. cars use radars
8. According to the passage, what helps self-driving cars learn the roads?
A. books B. GPS only C. driving repeatedly D. voice commands

Passage 3: Who are the best drivers? Which drivers are the safest on the roads? According to a recent survey, young and inexperienced drivers are the most likely to have an accident. Older drivers are more careful. Young men have the worst accident records of all. They often choose faster cars with bigger engines. One of the most interesting facts in the survey is that passengers have an effect on the driver. When young male drivers have their friends in the car, their driving becomes worse. When their wife or girlfriend is in the car, however, their driving is better. But this is not true for women. Their driving is more dangerous when their husband or boyfriend is in the car. However, if their small children are in the car, **they** drive more slowly and safely.

1. According to the survey, who is the most likely to have an accident?
A. Young and inexperienced drivers. B. Old and inexperienced drivers.
C. Young and old female drivers. D. Old and experienced men.
2. Young men are likely to choose _____.
A. expensive cars B. fast cars with big engines
C. slow and safe cars D. slow cars with small engines
3. Who has an effect on the driver? A. Parents B. Policemen C. Families D. Passengers
4. When young male drivers have their wife or girlfriend in the car, they drive _____.
A. worse B. slowly C. better D. fast
5. The word "**they**" in the last sentence refers to _____.
A. women B. husbands C. boyfriends D. small children

Exercise 6. Choose the best answer that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following sentences.

1. **Despite feeling tired, Kim went sightseeing around the city yesterday.**
A. Although being tired, Kim went sightseeing around the city yesterday.
B. Kim went sightseeing around the city yesterday in spite of being tired.
C. Feeling tired; however, Kim went sightseeing around the city yesterday.
D. Feeling tired but Kim went sightseeing around the city yesterday.
2. **Justin doesn't know much English vocabulary. He still likes talking to foreigners.**
A. Justin doesn't know much English vocabulary, so he still likes talking to foreigners.
B. Justin still likes talking to foreigners because he doesn't know much English vocabulary.
C. Justin doesn't know much English vocabulary; however, he still likes talking to foreigners.
D. In spite of doesn't know much English vocabulary, Justin still likes talking to foreigners.
3. **Freya walked to school several years ago.**
A. Freya went to school by foot several years ago. B. Freya use to walk to school several years ago.
C. Freya used to walked to school several years ago. D. Freya went to school on foot several years ago.
4. **My brother swam in the pool near his house when he was a boy.**
A. My brother used to swimming in pool near his house.
B. My brother use to swam in the pool near his house.
C. My brother used to swim in the pool near his house.
D. My brother used to swam in the pool near his house.

5. There will be fewer normal cars on the roads in the future than now.

- A. There will be more normal cars on the roads in the future than now.
- B. There will be more normal cars on the roads now than in the future.
- C. There will be fewer normal cars on the roads now than in the future.
- D. There are more normal cars on the roads now than in the future.

6. Is your walkcar blue, Jake?

- A. Is the blue walkcar your, Jake?
- B. Is the blue walkcar yours, Jake?
- C. Is blue walkcar your, Jake?
- D. Is blue walkcar yours, Jake?

7. Planting trees helps create shade around your house and keep it cool in summer.

- A. You should plant trees in summer because they create shade around your house and help keep it cool.
- B. Trees can be plant because they create shade around your house and help keep it cool in summer.
- C. You should plant trees because they create shade around your house and help keep it cool in summer.
- D. Planting trees will helps you create shade around your house and helps keep it cool in summer.

8. We will install solar panels on the roof of the house next month.

- A. Solar panels will be installed on the roof of the house next month.
- B. Solar panels will be installing on the roof of the house next month.
- C. Solar panels will be install on the roof of the house next month.
- D. Solar panels will installed on the roof of the house next month.

9. Why are you going to Phu Quoc in October?

- A. When are you going to Phu Quoc in October?
- B. When are you going to Phu Quoc in October for?
- C. What are you going to Phu Quoc in October?
- D. What are you going to Phu Quoc in October for?

10. The Rice Harvest Festival is held in Bali from May P' to June 30''' to thank the Rice God for the crop.

- A. The Rice Harvest Festival is taken in Bali from May 1st to June 30th to thank the Rice God for the crop.
- B. The Rice Harvest Festival takes in Bali from May 1st to June 30th to thank the Rice God for the crop.
- C. The Rice Harvest Festival takes place in Bali from May 1st to June 30th to thank the Rice God for the crop.
- D. The Rice Harvest Festival is taken place in Bali from May 1st to June 30th to thank the Rice God for the crop

Exercise 7. Mark the letter on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues.

Question 1. They/ travel/ by monowheel/ although/ it/ be/ dangerous.

- A. They travel by monowheel although it be dangerous.
- B. They travel by monowheel although it is dangerous.
- C. They travel by monowheel although it are dangerous.
- D. They travel by monowheel although it being dangerous.

Question 2. We/ go/ eco film festival/ next/ Saturday.

- A. We go eco film festival next Saturday.
- B. We will go to the eco film festival next Saturday.
- C. We go to eco film festival the next Saturday.
- D. We go to the eco film festivals next Saturday.

Question 3. It/ be/ about 10 km/ from/ here/ to/ green energy station.

- A. It is about 10 km from here to the green energy station.
- B. It be about 10 km from here to the green energy station.
- C. It is about 10 km from here to green energy a station.
- D. It is about 10 km from here to the energy green station.

Question 4. What/ kind of/ film/ she/ watch/ now?

- A. What kind of film she watch now?
- B. What kind of film does she watch now?
- C. What kind of film is she watching now?
- D. What kind of film does she watches now?

Question 5. He/ not/ wear/ helmet/ when/ he/ ride/ electric scooter.

- A. He not wear helmet when he ride electric scooter.
- B. He did not wear a helmet when he rode an electric scooter.
- C. He not wears helmet when he ride electric scooter.
- D. He did not wears helmet when he rode electric scooter.

Question 6. That/ be/ my/ friend's/ solar-powered car.

- A. That be my friend's solar-powered car. B. That is my friend's solar-powered car.
C. That is my friend solar-powered car. D. That is my friend's car solar-powered.

Question 7. They/ plan/ install/ more/ solar panels/ on/ roof.

- A. They plan install more solar panels on roof.
B. They plan install more solar panels on a roof.
C. They plan to install more solar panels on the roof.
D. They plan to install more solar panel on the roof.

Question 8. What/ we/ do/ reduce/ traffic/ in/ city?

- A. What we do reduce traffic in city?
B. What we do to reduce traffic in city?
C. What should we do to reduce traffic in the city?
D. What we should to do to reduce traffic in the city?

Question 9. The/ distance/ from/ house/ to/ school/ not/ far.

- A. The distance from my house to school is not far.
B. The distance from house my to school is not far.
C. The distance from my house to school are not far.
D. The distance from my house to school is no far.

Question 10. He/ enjoy/ watch/ action films/ with/ his/ brother.

- A. He enjoy watch action films with his brother.
B. He enjoys watch action films with his brother.
C. He enjoys watching action films with his brother.
D. He enjoys watching action film with his brother.

Exercise 8. Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions

New Zealand Mountains, coastline, bungee jumping, kayaking, relaxation. A playground for outdoor enthusiasts and scenic beauty lovers.	Câu 1. What is true about the New Zealand advertisement? A. It is not suitable for outdoor enthusiasts. B. It highlights mountains, coastline, bungee jumping, and kayaking. C. It is a destination for indoor activities and cultural experiences. D. It primarily appeals to relaxation enthusiasts.
Writing Contest Writing contest on 15th Sep at community center. Open to all ages and writing levels. Theme: "My Hometown." Winner gets \$100. Register by 10th Sep on website or at community center.	Câu 2. Which of the following statements is true? A. The writing contest is only open to experienced writers. B. The English course starts on 1st September. C. The theme of the writing contest is "My Hometown." D. The English course is for advanced learners.