

## From Hunter-Gatherers to Civilization

### Part 1: Vocabulary Match

#### Match the word to the meaning:

Collect | work people do every day | people who guide and help | what we can and cannot do | rich with nutrients | people helping/living together | planned, a deep hole in the ground that gives water | to create something new | a ruling family | a city and the land around it with its own leader and rules | to chase and

kill animals → \_\_\_\_\_

Hunting → \_\_\_\_\_

Gather → \_\_\_\_\_

Jobs → \_\_\_\_\_

Leaders → \_\_\_\_\_

Rules → \_\_\_\_\_

Fertile → \_\_\_\_\_

Society → \_\_\_\_\_

Organized → \_\_\_\_\_

Well → \_\_\_\_\_

Invention → \_\_\_\_\_

Dynasty → \_\_\_\_\_

City-state → \_\_\_\_\_

**Part 2: Choose the correct answer**

**At first, people were:**

- a) farmers
- b) hunter-gatherers
- c) kings

**Hunter-gatherers:**

- a) stayed in one place
- b) lived in cities
- c) hunted animals and gathered food

**After people discovered seeds, they started:**

- a) writing
- b) farming
- c) building roads

**Farmers needed:**

- a) gold
- b) water
- c) silk

**People moved near rivers because rivers gave them:**

- a) water and rich soil
- b) bronze tools
- c) kings

**Small villages became:**

- a) forests
- b) cities
- c) caves

**A civilization is:**

- a) a large, organized society
- b) one small family
- c) one farm

**In cities, people often had:**

- a) one special job
- b) no job
- c) only hunting jobs

**Part 3: True or False**

Hunter-gatherers had many permanent cities. \_\_\_\_\_

Farming helped people stay in one place. \_\_\_\_\_

Rivers helped crops grow. \_\_\_\_\_

Fertile soil is bad for plants. \_\_\_\_\_

More food meant more people. \_\_\_\_\_

Civilizations had leaders and rules. \_\_\_\_\_

A dynasty is a ruling family. \_\_\_\_\_

A city-state has its own leader and rules. \_\_\_\_\_

Part 4: Fill in the blanks

Use these words:

**farming – rivers – crops – cities – civilization – rules – leaders – settle**

People started \_\_\_\_\_ after they discovered seeds.

Farmers moved near \_\_\_\_\_ because they needed water.

Plants that people grow are called \_\_\_\_\_.

When people stayed in one place, they began to \_\_\_\_\_.

Small villages became big \_\_\_\_\_.

A large organized society is called a \_\_\_\_\_.

Civilizations had \_\_\_\_\_ to guide people.

Civilizations also had \_\_\_\_\_ to tell people what they can and cannot do.

Part 5: Match the civilization

**Match each civilization to the correct place.**

Ancient Sumer → \_\_\_\_\_

Indus Valley → \_\_\_\_\_

Shang Dynasty → \_\_\_\_\_

Choices:

China / Yellow River

Tigris and Euphrates Rivers

Indus River / near India and Pakistan

Part 6: Drag and drop / classification

**Put each word in the correct group.**

Words:

Sumer

Indus Valley

Shang Dynasty

dynasty

city-state

well

shaduf

channels

Group 1: Civilizations

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Group 2: Important words/tools

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**Answers:**

**Civilizations:** Sumer, Indus Valley, Shang Dynasty

**Important words/tools:** dynasty, city-state, well, shaduf, channels

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Part 7: Water and farming

A \_\_\_\_\_ helped farmers lift water from canals.

\_\_\_\_\_ carried water from the river to crops.

Indus Valley people dug \_\_\_\_\_ to store water.

Word bank:

**channels – wells – shaduf**

**Answers:**

shaduf

channels

wells

Part 8: Inventions

**Choose the correct answer.**

The ox-drawn cart helped people:

- a) write stories
- b) prepare land for crops
- c) make silk

The seed-sowing machine helped farmers:

- a) plant more seeds quickly
- b) build houses
- c) carry water

The potter's wheel helped potters:

- a) make bronze
- b) make many storage jars
- c) build markets

Wheeled carts helped people:

- a) carry extra food
- b) make rules
- c) catch fish

Part 9: Food and clothing

A. What did people eat?

Circle the foods people ate:

meat

eggs

milk

fish

shellfish

wheat

millet

rice

B. What did people wear?

In Sumer and the Indus Valley, people wore clothes from \_\_\_\_\_ and wool from sheep and goats.

In the Shang Dynasty, rich people wore \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Part 10: Houses

**Choose the correct answer.**

In Sumer and the Indus Valley, houses were made from:

- a) mud bricks
- b) glass
- c) metal

In the Shang Dynasty, houses had:

- a) mud brick towers only
- b) strong wooden frames and thatch roofs
- c) marble walls

#### Part 11: Society

Fill in the chart:

**Top:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Middle:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Bottom:** \_\_\_\_\_

Word bank:

**workers and farmers – few rich people – craftspeople**

#### Part 12: Short answer

Why did people move near rivers?

What is a civilization?

What is a dynasty?