

1. The abbreviation UN stands for
 - A. United Nations
 - B. Universal Nations
 - C. Union of Nations
 - D. United Neighbours

2. The United Nations was founded in
 - A. 1919
 - B. 1939
 - C. 1945
 - D. 1960

3. The main aim of the United Nations is to
 - A. start wars
 - B. maintain international peace and security
 - C. control world trade
 - D. collect taxes from countries

4. The headquarters of the United Nations is in
 - A. London
 - B. New York City
 - C. Paris
 - D. Tokyo

5. The leader of the United Nations is called the
 - A. President
 - B. Prime Minister
 - C. Secretary-General
 - D. Governor

6. The present Secretary-General of the United Nations is
 - A. Ban Ki-moon
 - B. António Guterres
 - C. Kofi Annan
 - D. Boutros Boutros-Ghali

7. The organization that existed before the United Nations was the
 - A. African Union
 - B. League of Nations
 - C. Commonwealth of Nations
 - D. European Union

8. The United Nations was formed after the
 - A. World War I
 - B. World War II

- C. Cold War
- D. Vietnam War

9. A country that belongs to the United Nations is called a

- A. partner nation
- B. member state
- C. colonial state
- D. world state

10. The main decision-making body where all member countries meet is the

- A. Security Council
- B. General Assembly
- C. Economic Council
- D. Peace Council

11. The UN body mainly responsible for maintaining international peace is the

- A. General Assembly
- B. Security Council
- C. International Court of Justice
- D. Secretariat

12. The UN body that settles legal disputes between countries is the

- A. Economic and Social Council
- B. Secretariat
- C. International Court of Justice
- D. Trusteeship Council

13. The International Court of Justice is located in

- A. The Hague
- B. New York City
- C. Geneva
- D. Vienna

14. The United Nations flag mainly has the colour

- A. red
- B. blue
- C. green
- D. yellow

15. Countries that join the United Nations must agree to follow its

- A. traditions
- B. constitution
- C. charter
- D. anthem

16. The UN works to promote
- A. peace and cooperation
 - B. fighting and war
 - C. colonial rule
 - D. slavery
17. Nigeria became a member of the United Nations in
- A. 1955
 - B. 1960
 - C. 1963
 - D. 1975
18. The UN agency responsible for helping children is
- A. UNESCO
 - B. UNICEF
 - C. WHO
 - D. FAO
19. The UN agency that promotes education, science and culture is
- A. UNICEF
 - B. UNESCO
 - C. WHO
 - D. IMF
20. One important activity of the United Nations is
- A. organising wars
 - B. sending peacekeeping forces
 - C. selling weapons
 - D. controlling governments