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PENILAIAN TENGAH SEMESTER (PTS) BAHASA INGGRIS X1-X6

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Answer the questions with normal letter

This following text is for No. 1-4

Venice is a city in northern Italy. It has been known as the “Queen of the Adriatic”, “City of Bridges”, and “The City of Light”. The city stretches across 117 small islands in the marshy Venetian Lagoon along the Adriatic Sea in northeast Italy. Venice is world famous for its canals. It is built on an archipelago of 117 islands formed by about 150 canals in a shallow lagoon. The islands on which the city is built are connected by about 400 bridges. In the old centre, the canals serve the function of roads, and every form of transport is on water or on foot. You can ride gondolas there. It is the classical Venetian boat which nowadays is mostly used for tourists, or weddings, funerals, or other ceremonies. Now, most Venetians travel by motorised waterbuses which ply regular routes along the major canals and between the city’s islands. The city has many private boats. The only gondolas still in common use by Venetians are the Traghetto, foot passenger ferries crossing the Grand Canal at certain points without bridges.

1. What does the text tell you about ?
 - a. Italy
 - b. Gondola .
 - c. Venice .
 - d. Vatican .
 - e. Venetian Boat .
2. What transport crosses the Grand Canal for foot passengers at certain points without bridges ?
 - a. Gondolas .
 - b. Traghetto.
 - c. Waterbuses.
 - d. Lagoon .
 - e. Ship.
3. From the text we can say that Venice belongs to a city of
 - a. Water .
 - b. Ceremonies .
 - c. Buses .
 - d. Funerals .
 - e. Gondola .
4. What does the second paragraph of the text tell us about ?
 - a. The form of transport in the world.
 - b. The Canals and roads the people like us.
 - c. The Archipelago that has a lot of islands .
 - d. Venice as the world famous for its Canals.
 - e. Venice is the city of light .

The text is for question 5-7

Once upon a time, there was an old snake who was too weak to hunt for frogs. Then, he had an idea to trap the frogs.

He went to a pond full of frogs, and relaxed on the bank without any intention to hunt. At first the frogs ran away, but then they approached him. The frog king asked, “O Snake! Why don’t you hunt us as usual?” The snake replied, “Last night, I bit a holy priest. He cursed me that from then on, I have to serve frogs. So, I lie here to give a ride on my back to any frog who needs service.”

Then, the king decided to take a ride. The snake rode him around the pond, and the king was very pleased. However, the next morning, when the king frog asked to ride on the snake back, he said, “I am too weak to crawl. I have not eaten for so long, and must eat something to be strong to give you a ride.”

The frog king decided that they must take turns to serve the snake; one frog each day to keep him strong. From then onwards, the snake gave ride to the frogs, and got to eat one frog every day. However, the king of frogs was too excited that he did not realize the frogs were rapidly decreasing. Finally, one day, the snake also ate the king and the entire frogs in the pond were gone.

5. "The frog king decided that they must serve the snake...." The underline word is closed in the meaning with...
 - a. feed
 - b. work for
 - c. control
 - d. look for
 - e. find out

6. What is the main point of the story?
 - a. How the old snake got cursed
 - b. How the snake berinded with the forgs
 - c. How the old snake fooled and ate the frogs
 - d. How the frogs king got rid the snake
 - e. How the old snake went with the frogs
7. What is the type of the previous text ? (one word)

The text is for question 8-10

"Take me with you, please," called a tortoise to a gray duck and a white duck thawere flying over. The ducks heard the tortoise and flew down toward him. "Do you really wish to go with us?" asked the ducks as they came to the ground near the tortoise. "I surely do," replied the tortoise. "Will you please take me?" "Why, yes, I think we can do so," said the white duck slowly.

The two ducks talked together in low tones for a few minutes. Then they flew to the woods. They soon brought back a strong twig and dropped it in front of the tortoise.

"Now," said the ducks, "if we take you off to see the world, you must promise us one thing."

"What is that?" asked the tortoise. "I will promise almost anything if you will let me go."

"You must promise not to say one word while you are in the air, NOT ONE WORD," replied the ducks.

"All right, I promise," said the tortoise. "Sometimes I do not say a word for a whole day because there is no one to listen to me."

"Well, take firm hold of the middle of the twig; we are ready to start," said the gray duck. "If you value your life, you must hold on tightly," said the white duck.

The tortoise took hold of the middle of the twig and each duck took hold of one end.

Then they flew up! up! up! while the tortoise swung from the middle of the twig. How he enjoyed it!

He had never had such a ride. They had gone a long way safely when they came to a hayfield. The

haymakers looked up and saw the ducks and the tortoise.

"Ho! ho! the tortoise has stolen some wings," called one of the haymakers.

"What a queer carriage he has!" laughed another in a loud voice. "I pity his horses," said another.

This made the tortoise so angry that he cried out, "You--" but no one knows what he was going to say, for he fell to the ground and was killed.

8. What is the text about?
 - a. The pity horse
 - b. The tortoise and the ducks
 - c. The way how to fly
 - d. Story of ridiculous haymakers
 - e. The horse was pity
9. "This made the tortoise so angry that he cried out, (last paragraph)." What does the underline word refer to?
 - a. The pity horsesb.
 - b. The duck's promisec.
 - c. The stolen winge.
 - d. The haymakers wings
 - e. The haymakers ridicule
10. What can we learn from the story?a.
 - a. You should help other willinglyb.
 - b. Never underestimate to the weakest opponentc.
 - c. Don't be broke the promise that you've been maked.
 - d. Foolish, curiosity and vanity often lead to misfortune*
 - e. We have to polite to people
11. The generic structure of the the text is ...
 - a. Orientation – Complication – Resolution – ReOrientation
 - b. Orientation – Events – ReOrinetation
 - c. General classification – Description
 - d. Orientation – Complication – Resolution
 - e. General calssification – Description – Re-Orientation
12. Match the following words column A to column B

A	B
Batu menangis	North Sumatera
Malin Kundang	West Java
Lake Toba	East Java
Sura and Baya	West Kalimantan
Sangkuriang	West Sumatera

13. Fairy tales is story which relates much withthings.

- a. Place
- b. Belief
- c. Magic
- d. Animal
- e. Nature

14. Arrange the sentences below into a correct narrative!

- (1) At the end of the wood was another pretty cottage.
- (2) There was once a sweet maid who lived in a pretty cottage.
- (3) She gave her a red clock with a hood which she always wore.
- (4) Where grandmother lived in.
- (5) Everybody loved this little girl, her grandmother loved her most of all.
- (6) So, people called her Red Riding Hood.

- a. 2-1-3-4-5-6
- b. 2-3-1-4-5-6.
- c. 1-2-3-4-5-6
- d. 1-2-4-3-5-6
- e. 1-4-5-3-6

The following text is for the questions number 15-20

In Melani's house the weather is very hot, on that day.

Ani: Wow the weather is very hot, do you have any idea?"

Melani: "How about making avocado juice."

Ani: "Okay, what do we need to make avocado juice?"

Melani: "Simple, two avocados, sugar, 250 cc water, ice cubes, milk."

Ani: "Do you know how to make it?"

Melani: "First, spoon out avocado pulp and place in blender in blender."

Ani: "Then, what else?"

Melani: "Add 250 cc water, enough sugar, and milk, ice cubes."

Ani: "After that."

Melani: "Blend it for 4-5 minutes, pour the juice in a tall glass."

Ani: "Finally the avocado juice is ready to serve."

Melani: "That is right."

15. What will they make ?

- a. Apple juice.
- b. Oranges juice.
- c. Mango juice.
- d. Avocado juice.
- e. Watermelon juice.

16. What is the weather that day ? (two correct answers)

- a. Cloudy.
- b. Bright
- c. Sunny.
- d. Windy.
- e. Rain heavily.

17. What is the text type above ?

- a. Narrative text.
- b. Story telling.
- c. Descriptive text.
- d. Folk story.
- e. Procedure text.

18. What is the generic structure of procedure text ?

- a. Goal – Equipment – Step
- b. Goal – Material – Resolution
- c. Material – Goal - Step
- d. Step – Material - Ingredients
- e. Goal – Material – Step

19. The language features of procedure text is...
- Past tense
 - Gerund
 - Present tense
 - Continuous tense
 - Future tense
20. Read the following questions!
- You can make instant noodles with the help of a microwave.
 - Finally, add any items that you want and serve the noodles.
 - First, fill the bowl with two cups of water and the noodle.
 - Microwave it for about three to five minutes.
 - Then, take the noodles out of the microwave and pour the seasonings.
 - After the microwave beeps, wait for three minutes in the closed microwave.
 - Next, stir the noodles until the seasonings dissolve.
- The best arrangement of the sentences above is ...
- 1-7-5-6-2-4-3
 - 1-3-4-6-5-7-2
 - 1-2-7-3-6-5-4
 - 1-4-7-5-2-6-3
 - 1-2-3-4-5-6-7

21. Make the thick (✓) for the statements about healthy food in the box !

Healthy Foods	True	False
Pizza		
All fruits		
Hamburger		
Spinach		
Broccoli		

This following text is for questions No. 22-25

Angkor Wat was faced a Hindu temple, a man of Buddhist temple completed in Cambodia. It is the largest religious monument in the world. The temple was built by the Khmer King, Suryawarman II in the early twelfth century in Yosadapura, the capital of the Khmer Empire as this temple of eventual moslem. It is dedicated to Wisnu. It is designed to represent Khmer Meru, frame of the Devis in Hindu mythology within the mouth and has an outer wall which is 3 to 7 km long. It has three rectangular galleries which races about the neck. At the centre of the temple stand Queen Cap of Tower.

22. What is the monolog about ?
- Gallery complex.
 - Buddhist mythology .
 - Cambodia .
 - Khmer Empire.
 - Angkor Wat .
23. Where is a man completed a Buddhist Temple ? (one word)
- _____
24. The statements correct from the text are (two correct answers)
- The centre of the temple stand Queen Cap of Building.
 - The temple was built by the Khmer King, Suryawarman II in the early twelfth century
 - The capital of the Khmer Empire as this temple of eventual moslem.
 - Angkor Wat was faced a Christian temple.
 - It has five rectangular galleries which races about the neck.
25. Answer this statement by choosing TRUE or FALSE under the statement !
- “ It is designed to represent Khmer Meru, frame of the Devis in Hindu mythology within the mouth and has an outer wall which is 6 to 8 km long”

TRUE	FALSE
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