

UNIT 7 – EDUCATION OPTIONS FOR SCHOOL-LEAVERS

TEST 1

A. PHẦN TRẮC NGHIỆM

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from

Question 1: A. management B. doctorate C. bachelor D. graduate

Question 2: A. brochure B. doctor C. college D. option

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3: A. accept B. become C. follow D. repair

Question 4: A. academic B. education C. institution D. apprenticeship

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 5: After completing formal education, they become school-leavers.

A. higher B. graduated C. official D. vocational

Question 6: Some school-leavers choose vocational schools instead of traditional colleges

A. money-related B. holiday-related C. career-related D. technological

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

Question 7: Completing academic requirements is a milestone for many university students.

A. practical B. educational C. theoretical D. college

Question 8: University provides opportunities for students to become experienced professionals.

A. excellent B. flexible C. inexperienced D. significant

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

Question 9: Binh and Minh is planning their meeting:

Binh: "What time can we meet tomorrow?"

The local: "Would 11 a.m _____?"

A. fit you B. match you C. hit you D. suit you

Question 10: Andrew and Freedy are arranging their meeting:

Andrew: "Can we meet at Highland coffee tonight to discuss the post-graduate plans?"

Freddy: "_____, will you be free on weekends?"

A. Sorry, I have another appointment B. Shall I come to Starbucks
C. I can change my timetable D. I don't like sitting in the middle of the crowd

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer seer to indicate the underlined part that needs correction following questions.

Question 11: Having been studied for 12 years, I can finally take some rest after the national entrance exam.
A B C D

Question 12: Having failed 2 classes at the same time were an unforgettable memory.
A B C D

Question 13: Having been good at science subjects, the job market became less competitive for Malisa.
A B C D

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

In the UK, for example, (14)_____ people leave school at 16 years old. Indeed, many schools only take pupils up to the age of 16 (or rather, to the end of the academic year in which they turn 16). However, that is not the end of (15)_____ education, because young people are required to be in some form of education or training until they are 18 years old. The precise form that this ‘education and training’ takes is fairly flexible. Those aged 16 and 17 can go (16)_____ to study for A-levels, or they can do some form of technical or vocational qualifications, or they can combine work and study, for example by doing a(n) (17)_____.

(18)_____, plenty of people continue to study beyond that date—and not just in higher education. At further education colleges, you may find young people over 18 who are retaking exams to improve their grades, those who have missed a year or more of school because of illness or other issues, older adults who want to gain new (19)_____, and those who have come straight from school.

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|------------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Question 14: A. much | B. more | C. little | D. many |
| Question 15: A. vocational | B. compulsory | C. professional | D. academic |
| Question 16: A. on | B. in | C. for | D. by |
| Question 17: A. institution | B. sixth-form college | C. master’s degree | D. apprenticeship |
| Question 18: A. Therefore | B. Eventually | C. However | D. In addition |
| Question 19: A. qualify | B. qualifications | C. qualified | D. quality |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Further Education and Training Institutions

Recent changes in the education system have seen the introduction of new institutions of both “Higher Education” and “Further Education”. Technikons (now Universities of Technology) have been included at the same level as universities and learners can now study for a technical degree. Another example would be Pretoria Technikon, which is now called “Pretoria University of Technology”.

Here you will have a combination of theoretical and practical subjects to choose from, and a variety of avenues of study. The choice you make will be based on the specific **career** you wish to pursue. The minimum entry requirement is a Senior Certificate or an N3 plus two languages at grade 12 level. For some of the courses such as the technical courses, paramedical and science you will require a minimum of

mathematics and a science subject. **This** could be an ideal choice for you if you decide to combine work and study. In many instances you can have a contract of employment and be encouraged to or required to study in order to gain the practical experience. On satisfactory completion of your studies, you will receive a Diploma or a BTech degree. There are a variety of study options including Art, Design, Performing Arts, Hotel and Catering, Commerce, Business Management, Computer Science, Science, Engineering and Secretarial.

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Question 20: What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. Further study in Pretoria Technikon.
- B. The vague definition of Further Education.
- C. Ways to apply for BA and PhD.
- D. Prominent subjects at the institutions.

Question 21: What is the newest name of "Pretoria Technikon"?

- A. Pretoria Technology University
- B. University of Pretoria Technology
- C. Technology University of Pretoria
- D. Pretoria University of Technology

Question 22: According to the 2nd paragraph, what subjects will you need to apply for technical courses?

- A. physics and chemistry
- B. physics and mathematics
- C. languages and science
- D. mathematics and literature

Question 23: The word "**career**" in the 2nd paragraph is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. goal
- B. work
- C. subject
- D. choice

Question 24: The word "**This**" in the 2nd paragraph refers to _____.

- A. Senior Certificate
- B. the requirement
- C. the career
- D. the combination

Question 25: According to the passage, which of the following sentences is **NOT** mentioned:

- A. Technikons is now called Universities of Technology.
- B. You will receive a Diploma or a BTech degree when you complete your studies at Pretoria Technikon.
- C. The Diploma has the same value as a bachelor's degree in Pretoria University of Technology.
- D. Information Technology is not included in Pretoria University of Technology's study options.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 26: We can get _____ university if we earn high grades and meet the university's requirements.

- A. onto
- B. into
- C. toward
- D. within

Question 27: Companies often create _____ to advertise job opportunities.

- A. mechanics
- B. institutions
- C. degrees
- D. brochures

Question 28: _____ about academic education in CTU university, Kang chose to get Doctorate.

- A. Having heard
- B. Heard
- C. Hearing
- D. Have hearing

Question 29: _____ will provide hands-on experience in a real work environment.

- A. Bachelor's degree
- B. Doctorate
- C. Apprenticeships
- D. Master's degree

Question 30: After _____ with the master's degree, Johnny was on cloud nine.

- A. having been granted
- B. being granted

C. having granted

D. granting

Question 31: Becoming a _____ requires learning about different vehicle systems.

A. teacher

B. manager

C. doctor

D. mechanic

Question 32: Having learned physics _____ a big advantage for doing that sort of job.

A. are

B. is

C. be

D. am

Question 33: Wearing appropriate clothes is important for a(n) _____ appearance.

A. educational

B. personal

C. economical

D. professional

Question 34: A _____ worker may have a desk and a computer in their workspace.

A. blue-collar

B. black-collar

C. white-collar

D. green-collar

Question 35: To talk to the career advisor, you should _____ an appointment first.

A. make

B. take

C. do

D. have

Question 36: After _____, many students look for jobs or continue their education.

A. qualification

B. school-leaver

C. entrance exam

D. graduation

Question 37: Schools or institutions are forms of _____ education.

A. formal

B. informal

C. formally

D. informally

Question 38: A(n) _____ provides post-secondary education to students typically in the age range of 16 to 19 years.

A. university

B. vocational school

C. institution

D. sixth-form college

Question 39: A _____ is someone who completed their studies successfully.

A. graduate

B. graduation

C. graduater

D. graduated

Question 40: Teachers should _____ students advice on their plans when they become school-leaver.

A. take

B. give

C. guess

D. seek

B. PHẦN TỰ LUẬN:

Part 1. Complete the following sentences with the correct forms of the words in capitals.

Question 1: I think you should consider joining an _____ to continue your education after leaving school. (ACADEMIC)

Question 2: An _____ exam is a test you take before starting your studies. (ENTRY)

Question 3: She is a _____ student majoring English Teacher Education from Can Tho university. (GRADUATION)

Question 4: Higher _____ provides more in-depth knowledge and skills. (EDUCATE)

Question 5: The _____ explains difficult concepts to make them easier to understand. (PROFESSIONAL)

Part 2. Rewrite the following sentences using Perfect Participle Clause:

Question 1: Nathan had read the information carefully before he attended the vocational school.

□ Having _____.

Question 2: Since Jollie had not taken the entrance exam, she became a part-time worker.

□ Not _____.

Question 3: He had several gold medals in science, then he wanted to be a scientist.

□ Having _____.

Question 4: I remembered I had registered for a 2-year course in the local vocational school.

□ I remembered _____.

Question 5: It was important for Clak to take the national entrance exam.

□ Having _____.

THE END.