

Tên:

Từ vựng & Ngữ pháp HW:

Lớp: S5...

Nghe HW:

Ngày giao bài: Thứ ..., ngày/....



Ngày nộp bài: Thứ ..., ngày/....

GE5 - Unit 7: Ancient Rome and Egypt - Vocabulary 2 & KET Speaking

A. THEORY: VOCABULARY

❖ Ancient civilisations

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	a canopic jar (n)	bình đựng nội tạng (trong ướp xác Ai Cập)	6	Egypt (n)	Ai Cập
2	a gladiator (n)	đấu sĩ La Mã	7	Egyptian (adj)	thuộc về Ai Cập
3	a mummy (n)	xác ướp	8	Africa (n)	châu Phi
4	hieroglyphics (n)	chữ tượng hình	9	tombs (n)	những lăng mộ, ngôi mộ
5	Roman numerals (n)	chữ số La Mã	10	Pharaohs (n)	các Pha-ra-ông (vua Ai Cập cổ đại)

❖ Everyday Life in Ancient Rome

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	toga (n)	áo choàng La Mã	4	soldier (n)	người lính
2	tunic (n)	áo chẽn / áo dài ngắn tay (trang phục cổ)	5	merchant (n)	thương nhân
3	chariot (n)	xe ngựa chiến			

❖ HOMEWORK: Extra vocabulary

No.	Word	Meaning	No.	Word	Meaning
1	custom (n)	phong tục, tập quán	4	stand out (phr.v)	nổi bật, dễ nhận thấy
2	wealth (n)	sự giàu có, của cải	5	castle (n)	lâu đài
3	hang out (phr.v)	đi chơi, tụ tập	6	wild bird (n)	chim hoang dã

*Note: n = noun: danh từ; adj = adjective: tính từ; phr.v = phrasal verb: cụm động từ.

*Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ **1 ĐÒNG** vào vở ghi (áp dụng cho phần Vocabulary và Extra vocabulary).

B. HOMEWORK

VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR (16 questions)

I. Circle the best answer.

0. Placing human organs in was part of the ancient Egyptian burial customs.

A. canopic jars B. tomb C. box

1. After years of training, the was ready to face any challenge in the ancient Roman *coliseum* (đấu trường).

A. gladiator B. king C. Pharaoh

2. People still use the in Maths and display them on elegant clocks.

A. hieroglyphics B. Roman numerals C. pyramid

3. The ancient Egyptians wrapped the body to make a

A. canopic jar B. merchant C. mummy

4. The ancient Egyptians left behind a wealth of knowledge and stories carved in on the walls of their temples and tombs.

A. words B. hieroglyphics C. scribes

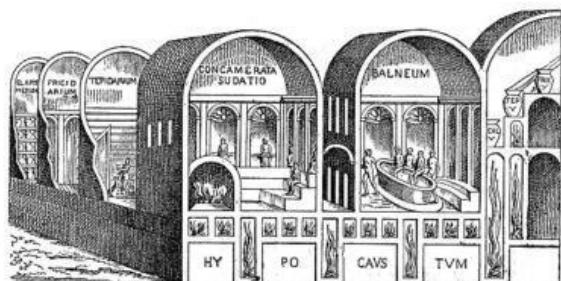
5. The pyramids are an important part of history.

A. Egyptian B. chariot C. toga

II. Read the text and choose the correct answers.

Roman Community Centres

Roman baths were big, fancy places where Romans went not only to get clean but also to hang out. They had different rooms with pools of hot, warm, and cold water. People would move from one room to another as part of their bath routine, and it was a social thing too. It didn't matter if you were rich or not - everyone could use the baths. Besides washing, people did exercises, got massages, and chatted with each other. These baths were more than just a place to scrub up; they were like community centres where Romans met, talked, and did business. So, Roman baths were not just about getting clean; they were a big deal in the social life of ancient Rome.



O. Why did Romans go to the Roman baths?

A. To get clean
B. To spend time with other people
C. Both A and B

1. What is the text mainly about?

A. The Roman bath was the only place where Romans came to hang out.
B. The Roman bath was a good place in the social life of ancient Rome.
C. People in Rome enjoyed the different types of pools such as hot, cold, and warm.

***Write T (True) or F (False) for each statement.**

2. Poor people couldn't use the Roman baths with rich people.
3. Romans talked and did their business there.

Makeup Invention



Ancient Egyptians were good at using makeup, and they did it for different reasons.

Both guys and girls put on makeup every day because it was part of their culture and religion, and it looked nice too. They thought makeup could protect them from the strong sun and bad spirits. Egyptians especially liked using dark kohl around their eyes to keep the sun out and make their eyes stand out. The cool makeup styles of the Egyptians showed how creative and special their culture was, and even today, we can see how their makeup ideas still influence how we do things.



4. What is the text mainly about?

- A. Why Egyptians used makeup
- B. How people make up their faces in ancient Egypt
- C. The material they used to put on their faces

*Write T (True) or F (False) for each statement.

5. Only girls put on makeup every day because it was part of their culture and religion.

6. Egyptian makeup ideas still influence people today.

III. Fill in the blanks with the given words/phrases.

Go	Don't be late!	Take	Turn left	Don't wait	Stop
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0. Go to bed. It's late.

1. for me. I'm not coming tonight.
2. an umbrella with you. It's raining.
3. the car! There's a cat in the road.
4. at the end of the road.
5. The bus leaves at 9 o'clock.

I. KET PART 2

Các con nghe bài ở link hoặc code sau:

https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/s5_w24_homework_ket-part-2

For each question, write the correct answer in the gap.

Write **one word or a number or a date or a time**.

You will hear a woman talking to a group of students about the library.

Library Information for Students

Hours during term time:	24 hours a day
Hours outside term time:	(6) a.m. - 7.00 p.m.
Number of books you can take out:	(7)
Cost of returning CDs and magazines late:	(8) £ per day
Cost of first library card:	(9)
To get a card, give in a form and:	a (10)

II. KET PART 3

Các con nghe bài ở link hoặc code sau:

https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/s5_w24_homework_ket-part-3

For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear Hitomi talking to her friend Freddie about her visit to Hardin Castle.

11 Who did Hitomi go to Hardin Castle with? 14 Freddie went to the castle because he wanted

A her classmates
B her family
C her neighbours

A to learn about history.
B to take photos.
C to find out about birds.

12 What was the weather like?

A cold
B wet
C windy

15 What's on at the castle next month?

A a running race
B an exhibition of old cars
C a painting course

13 What do Hitomi and Freddie both like best at Hardin Castle?

A the Queen's bathroom
B the yellow bedroom
C the dining room