

# Grade 11 - Unit 4 - Lesson 4, 5 - Grammar - p. 84-90

## Modal verbs. Expressing certainty.

### Must

*Must* can be used to say that something seems sure/certain. e.g. *He didn't come to school today. He **must** feel bad.* (=I am almost sure he feels bad.)

### Can't

The negative of *must* to talk about certainty is *can't*. e.g. *It **can't** be true.* (= It is certainly not true.)

### May / Might

*May* and *might* are used to say that things are possible – perhaps they are true or perhaps they will happen. *Might* sometimes suggests a smaller possibility. e.g. *It **may** rain later today. I **might** visit a friend tonight.*

### May not / Might not

*May not*/*Might not* are used to say that perhaps things are not true, or will not happen. e.g. *She **may not** / **might not** be ready.*

#### • Put in **must** or **can't**.

1. You have been working hard all day. You \_\_\_\_\_ be tired.
2. He passed all the exams very well. His parents \_\_\_\_\_ be proud of him.
3. This \_\_\_\_\_ be true. I am sure it's just another lie.
4. This café \_\_\_\_\_ be very good. Very few people come here.
5. 'How old is Mary?' 'She's older than me. She \_\_\_\_\_ be around 20.
6. He studied at this university. He \_\_\_\_\_ know the teachers from this Department.
7. Anna wears something green every day. She \_\_\_\_\_ like this colour.
8. This bill \_\_\_\_\_ be correct. It's too high.

#### • Fill in **must**, **can't**, **could**, **may** or **might** (**not**).

1. I always buy a lottery ticket. I \_\_\_\_\_ win one day.
2. What I heard on TV \_\_\_\_\_ be true. It is fake news.
3. The weather forecast says that it \_\_\_\_\_ rain today.
4. He always does well on exams. He \_\_\_\_\_ study hard.
5. Paul hasn't come to classes today. His friend told me he wasn't feeling well. He \_\_\_\_\_ be sick.
6. She doesn't seem worried about the accident. She \_\_\_\_\_ know the whole truth. Who's going to tell her?
7. They live in a huge house. They \_\_\_\_\_ be rich.