



GRAMMAR

I. Complete the sentences with used to / didn't use to / Did Use to, or the present simple + usually.

Example: I used to behave (behave) badly at school, but now I study hard.

1. Maria _____ (not / be) so quiet, she must be tired today.
2. You never _____ (eat) salad. Why are you eating it now?
3. She _____ (go) shopping on Wednesdays because it's market day.
4. When we were young, we often _____ (play) football in the park.
5. I _____ (not / like) Jane very much, but now we get on really well.
6. I _____ (be) an architect, but then I trained to be a graphic designer.
7. _____ (you / work) in the Milan office before you came here?

II. Read the first sentence in the “active” voice, rewrite it in order to make it “passive”.

1. Mario has cleaned the garden.

The garden _____ by Mario.

2. The president will open the new library next month.

The new sports centre _____ next month.

3. Emma Watson played Belle in the film “Beauty and the best”.

Belle _____ by Emma Watson.

4. The police are questioning the suspect now.

The suspect _____ now by the police.

5. The waiter serves breakfast at 7 o'clock.

Breakfast _____ at 7 o'clock.

6. The teacher has sent him out of the classroom.

He _____ out of the classroom.

7. The participants should pay the course on Monday.

The course _____ on Monday by the participants

III. Choose the right option which completes the sentence the best.

1. What kind of food is this? I'm not sure. It _____ be Thai or Indonesian, I think.
a) Can b) Might c) Must
2. He _____ happy. He didn't get the job he wanted.
a) Can't be b) Can't to be c) Can be
3. She _____ be out. The house is dark and her car is not there.
a) Might b) Must c) Can
4. I don't the keys so you _____ have them. I know one of us has them.
a) Might b) Must c) Can
5. They _____ be French. They're speaking German.



a) Can't b) mustn't c) don't have to
6. That _____ be Marco's sister, but I'm not sure.

a) Must b) Can't c) Might
7. Alan _____ work in computing. His computer skills are terrible.
a) Can't b) Might c) Mustn't

IV. Complete the sentences below by making first conditional statements. Use your own ideas

1. If we don't arrive on time, _____
2. We will be hungry _____
3. If I get up at 5 am, _____
4. My boss will get angry _____
5. If the weather is nice tomorrow, _____

V. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets to form sentences with the second conditional.

1. You'd be a fantastic guitar player if you _____ (practise) more.
2. If I _____ (have) the opportunity to enter a talent contest, I'd take it.
3. Anyone would be annoyed if they _____ (receive) a parking fine.
4. I wouldn't go to that restaurant if you _____ (pay) me to!
5. If you painted the living room white, it _____ (look) bigger.

VI. Complete the sentences with a verb from the box in the “first” or “second” conditional.

BE	BUY	FIND	GET
GO	NOT BE	REDUCE	TAKE

1. If we had money, we _____ a beautiful house in the country.
2. Lisa will have a lot of fun when she _____ to Germany to study next year.
3. Unless they _____ the price, they'll never sell their house.
4. If I were you, I _____ the dress back to the shop. It just doesn't fit you.
5. Karen will look for a job as soon as she _____ her degree.
6. If it _____ so windy, we could go for a walk on the beach.
7. If you _____ some extra money in your bank account, would you spent it?
8. Sarah _____ really upset if she doesn't find her necklace. Let's help her!

VIII. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use the gerund, the infinitive with to, or the infinitive without to.

1. My boss told me she wanted _____ (speak) to me in her office.



2. We decided _____ (not buy) her a birthday present because we weren't sure what she wanted.
3. I think Jessica should study architecture. She's very good at _____ (draw).
4. My parents would like me _____ (study) medicine.
5. _____ (eat) late at night always makes me _____ (sleep) badly.
6. Angela asked her brother _____ (give) her a lift into town.
7. Toby was sacked because he kept _____ (arrive) late for work.
8. Emily's parents aren't strict enough with her. They let her _____ (do) whatever she likes.
9. I think it would be very stressful _____ (run) your own business.
10. If they can save enough money, they're hoping _____ (go) to Miami for their honeymoon.

IX. Rewrite the following sentences into reported speech

1. "I read a book per month"

James said _____.

2. "I don't like horror films"

Charles told me _____.

3. "I've bought some new jeans"

She told me that she _____.

4. Are you watching football?

My neighbour asked us _____.

5. "I'll give you a lift"

He said he _____.

6. We may not arrive on time

My mom told us that _____.

7. What time does your class start?

Mario asked me _____.

8. "I must be home by 6pm"

He told us he _____.

X. Write each of the two sentences below as one sentence. Use the Third Conditional. Number one is an example.

1. Sam didn't get up early. He was late for work.

If Sam had gotten up early, he wouldn't have been late for class.



2. Jake didn't study. He failed the test.

3. I rode the bicycle. I fell off.

4. The TV was broken. They were bored.

5. Jenny practiced a lot. She won the contest.

6. The firemen arrived. They put out the fire.

7. That was a funny joke. I laughed.

8. We didn't clean the room. It was messy.

VOCABULARY

I. Complete the following phrases with a sport vocabulary word. Number one is an example.

1. The leader of a sports team. **CAPTAIN**.
2. The people who go and watch a sports event. _____
3. You can play tennis and basketball on this. _____
4. It's what professional athletes have to do every day. _____
5. It's the opposite of "win". _____
6. It's the person who shows a red card in a football game. _____
7. It's a verb which describes when two teams have the same score at the end of a match. _____

II. Read the story and complete it with the correct form of the verbs from the list.

MY BEST FRIEND AT SCHOOL

BE	BECOME	FEEL	GET IN TOUCH
GET ON	LEAVE	LOSE TOUCH	MEET

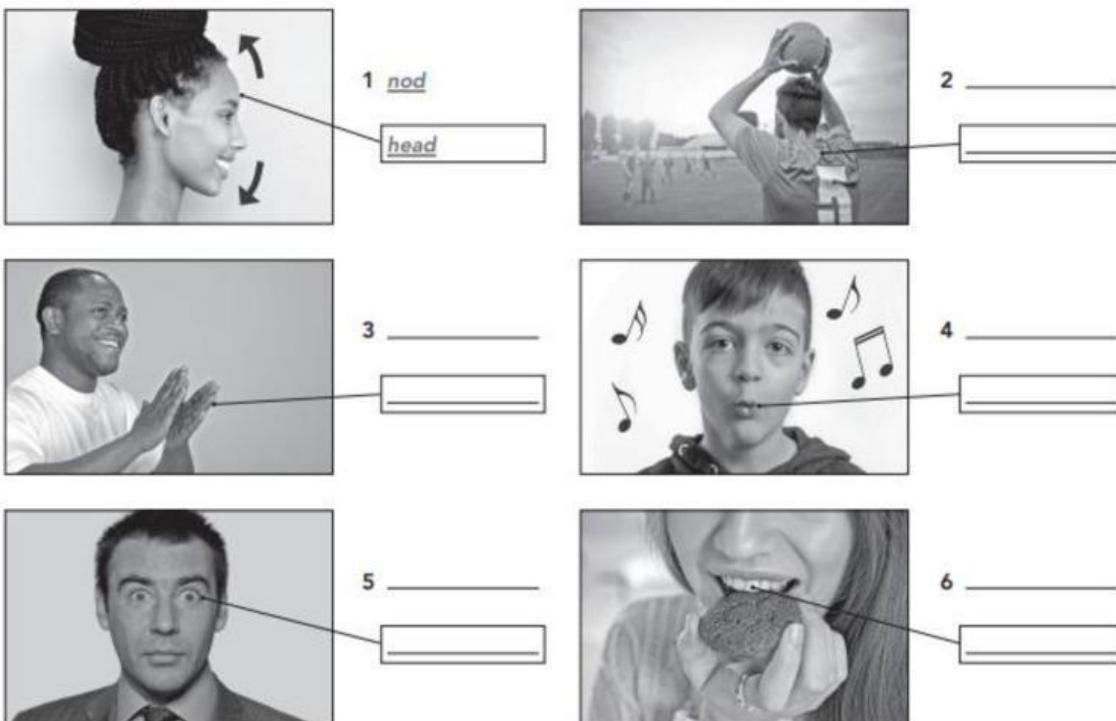
I first 1 met Ruth on my first day at primary school. We both 2 _____ very lost and afraid, but we soon 3 _____ best friends. We 4 _____ very well from the start because we liked playing the same games together. We 5 _____ best friends for over 15 years at both primary and secondary school, but unfortunately, we 6 _____ when we 7 _____ school to go to university. Recently, I found her on Facebook and I sent her a message. She 8 _____, and we're going to meet up again after all these years!

III. Complete the sentences with the ONE word using "cinema" vocabulary.



1. The film is _____ in Brazil.
2. I really enjoyed the first film. I can't wait for the _____.
3. I don't like _____ films because I get scared very easily.
4. The dialogue was spoken in English and then _____ into Spanish and French.
5. The _____ from the film The Greatest Showman became a best-selling album.
6. Hundreds of _____ were employed for the battle scenes in the Lord of the Rings films.
7. The _____ was very complicated and I got confused halfway through the film.
8. I like science _____ films with robots in them.

IV. Look at the photos. Write the correct verb and the part of the body for each one. You have an example.





7 _____



8 _____



9 _____



10 _____



11 _____



12 _____

V. Choose the best way to complete the following sentences about “education” and “houses” vocabulary.

1. She's completely honest. She never _____ in exams.
a) Fails b) Cheats c) Studies
2. I don't live in the centre of town. I'm on the _____.
a) Outskirts b) Village c) Country
3. In Britain, children begin _____ school when they are 11 years old.
a) Kindergarten b) Secondary c) Nursery
4. We keep a lot of our old stuff in boxes in the _____.
a) Basement b) Ground Floor c) Top Floor
5. We never _____ in school – we're never noisy and we're always polite to the teacher.
a) Study b) Cheat c) Misbehave
6. The rooms are really big, so the whole apartment feels very _____.
a) Spacious b) Modern c) Light
7. I wouldn't like to go to a _____ school. I like living at home.
a) State b) Boarding c) Primary
8. They always have _____ fire in the living room in winter.
a) A wooden b) A Chimney c) An open
9. I'm going to _____ my school-leaving exam next week.
a) Take b) Make c) Pass
10. In summer they have barbecues on the _____.
a) Path b) Entrance c) Patio



**VI. Look at the following squares and complete the sentences inside with the letter above of each box.
Use work vocabulary.**

A I'm going to <u>apply</u> for that job I saw online.	O If you work more than your normal hours, you do _____.	F My husband is a _____ journalist and works from home.	C I'm in _____ of the Sales department.
T It's the opposite of a permanent job. _____	S A person who works for him / herself is _____.	E My company has more than 90,000 _____ around the world.	P It's an alternative to working full-time, but you work fewer hours. _____

VII. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in bold.

1. Listen! The neighbours next door are having another _____. (ARGUE)
2. The house next door is for _____. I'd love to buy it! (SELL)
3. Paolo won't pass his English exam. He writes very _____ and doesn't check for mistakes. (CARE)
4. The airline didn't offer us any _____ for the ten-hour delay. (COMPENSATE)
5. PayPal is a safe way of making a _____ online. (PAY)
6. Nick's _____ in love. His partners always leave him! (LUCK)
7. _____, it rained on our wedding day, but we had a great day anyway. (FORTUNE)