

ZADANIE 1 – TŁUMACZENIE (PL → EN)

Przetłumacz na język angielski:

1. atrakcja turystyczna
2. środek transportu
3. zwiedzanie
4. zakwaterowanie
5. bagaż podręczny
6. lokalna kuchnia
7. rezerwacja
8. opłata wstępna
9. przewodnik turystyczny
10. zabytek
11. wystawa
12. dziedzictwo kulturowe
13. festiwal
14. tradycja
15. publiczność

ZADANIE 2 – UZUPEŁNIJ ZDANIA (JEDNO SŁOWO)

Uzupełnij zdania odpowiednim słowem:

1. We are going to _____ a room for two nights.
2. The flight was _____ due to heavy snow.
3. This castle is an important historical _____.
4. Tourists often buy _____ to remember their trip.
5. The museum charges a high entrance _____.
6. We stayed in comfortable _____ near the city centre.
7. A _____ tour is a good way to learn about history.
8. She loves trying the _____ cuisine when travelling.
9. The _____ was very impressed by the performance.
10. They travelled by public _____.
11. The hotel offers many modern _____.

12. We arrived at our final _____ late at night.

13. He always travels with hand _____ only.

14. The exhibition will be open to the _____ next week.

15. Many cultural _____ attract tourists every year.

ZADANIE 3 – WYBÓR WIELOKROTNY (A / B / C)

Zaznacz poprawną odpowiedź:

1. A place where you sleep during holidays is:
 - a) landmark
 - b) accommodation
 - c) venue
2. A person who shows tourists around is a:
 - a) artist
 - b) guide
 - c) passenger
3. A cultural event with music and art is a:
 - a) festival
 - b) luggage
 - c) journey
4. A painting or sculpture is a:
 - a) custom
 - b) work of art
 - c) means of transport
5. You need this to enter a plane:
 - a) boarding pass
 - b) ticket office
 - c) souvenir
6. A trip by sea is a:
 - a) journey
 - b) voyage
 - c) commute
7. Traditional food is called:
 - a) public cuisine
 - b) local cuisine
 - c) national transport
8. A hotel service is an example of:
 - a) facilities
 - b) customs
 - c) heritage

9. A famous building is a:

- a) landmark
- b) campsite
- c) baggage

10. A place where concerts happen is a:

- a) venue
- b) audience
- c) reservation

11. A short holiday is a:

- a) destination
- b) trip
- c) delay

12. Something you keep as a memory is a:

- a) souvenir
- b) luggage
- c) exhibition

13. The opposite of “check in” is:

- a) check up
- b) check out
- c) check off

14. National celebrations are:

- a) performances
- b) traditions
- c) public transport

15. People watching a show are the:

- a) audience
- b) artists
- c) guides

ZADANIE 4 – PARAFRAZA (ZACHOWAJ ZNACZENIE)

Przepisz zdanie używając podanego słowa:

1. We travelled by train. (**means of transport**)
2. The museum is very popular with tourists. (**tourist attraction**)
3. We booked the hotel online. (**reservation**)
4. The guide showed us the old town. (**guided tour**)
5. The concert was watched by many people. (**audience**)
6. This tradition is very old. (**heritage**)
7. We arrived late because the plane was late. (**delay**)

8. I like visiting museums when travelling. (**sightseeing**)
9. They stayed in a cheap hotel. (**accommodation**)
10. The exhibition starts tomorrow. (**will be open**)
11. We paid to enter the gallery. (**entrance fee**)
12. The festival takes place every summer. (**is organised**)
13. She enjoys cultural events. (**attending**)
14. The room had many services. (**facilities**)
15. This city is our final stop. (**destination**)

ZADANIE 5 – TWORZENIE ZDAŃ

Ułóż pełne zdania po angielsku z podanych słów:

1. travel / prefer / public transport
2. accommodation / comfortable / modern
3. tourists / visit / landmark
4. culture / important / country
5. we / attend / festival
6. luggage / heavy / carry
7. guide / explain / history
8. local cuisine / try / abroad
9. exhibition / open / public
10. journey / long / tiring
11. reservation / make / online
12. audience / enjoy / performance
13. heritage / protect / future generations
14. sightseeing / popular / city
15. destination / dream / holiday