

SAMPLE TEST NO. 3

I. Choose the word, phrase, or sentence that best fits the space in each sentence or best answers the question. (3.5 pts).

1. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. implantsu B. entersu C. upgradesu D. doublesu
2. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others?
A. groupu B. souup C. through D. although
3. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. water B. swimming C. between D. schoolboy
4. Which word has a different stress pattern from that of the others?
A. confidence B. effective C. celebrate D. handicapped
5. **Sarah:** It's heartbreaking to know that some families are cruel _____ their own children.
Michael: I agree. Every child deserves a loving and safe home.
A. with B. for C. to D. in
6. **Teacher:** Why do you spend so much time online, David?
David: I go to these chat rooms and these websites because I'm interested in _____ people think.
A. that B. which C. what D. where
7. **Lucas:** I'm having trouble understanding this English TV show.
Maria: You can put on English _____ for TV shows in English and your native language.
A. equipment B. subtitles C. information D. phrases
8. **Witness:** I saw someone suspicious on the street last night.
Detective: Oh really? Who was it?
Witness: Jake Martin _____ the street last night. He looked like he was up to no good.
A. came across B. came down with C. looked after D. went over
9. **Lisa:** What are you doing this morning?
Amy: What about _____ shopping with me?
A. go B. goes C. to go D. going
10. **Mom:** Why are you so sleepy today?
Daughter: She is tired _____ she stayed up late doing her homework.
A. as B. but C. so D. and
11. **Teacher:** We need to do more to educate people about recycling.
Student: I agree. There is _____ information available on recycling, but unfortunately, little of it is known by ordinary people.
A. a lot of B. plenty of C. several D. much
12. **Student 1:** I'm worried about the upcoming tests.
Student 2: What can we do to get good marks in the first _____ tests?
A. class B. semester C. year D. season
13. Maria and her friend, Enika, are in a coffee shop.
Maria: "Would you like vanilla ice-cream or chocolate."
Enika: " _____"
A. Thanks, that's fine. B. Yes, I'd love too.
C. It doesn't matter. D. Neither is fine. They are good.
14. Hendry and Jenny are talking about a book they have just read.

Hendry: "The book is really interesting and educational."

Jenny: "_____"

A. That's nice of you to say so.

B. I'd love it.

C. Don't mention it.

D. I couldn't agree more.

II. Look at the sign or the notice. Choose the best answer for questions 15 and 16. (0.5 pt)



15. What does the sign mean?

A. You must keep your seat belt fastened.

B. You can wear your seat belt if you want.

C. It's not good to fasten your seat belt.

D. You need to bring a seat belt.



16. What does the sign mean?

A. The fence is safe.

B. Electricity on the fence can kill you.

C. You can put your hand on the fence.

D. Electricity on the fence is permitted.

III. Choose the word that best fits the blank space in the following passage. (1.5 pts)

The city of Knoxville, USA had beautiful buildings and a rich history. (17) _____, the people there weren't happy. They had some traffic jams, and rush hour was busy, but that was like any other big, modern city. So, what was wrong with Knoxville? The problem was an increase in (18) _____ people.

Many people lost their homes because the rent was rising. Ray Wilks, an old man (19) _____ was homeless in Knoxville said he struggled to stay happy. "I was sleeping on the sidewalk because the cost of living was going up. I had to move out of my home because I didn't have enough money for rent."

The city found a way to solve the problem. The government (20) _____ more apartment blocks that are cheap to rent. They also provided more jobs, like factory workers, because people were looking (21) _____ work. Now, more people can pay their rent.

Ray Wilks is much happier since he now has a job and place to live. "Life is great again! I'm so happy to have a job and an apartment. I'm really (22) _____ to the government of Knoxville for their hard work!"

17. A. Because

B. Although

C. Therefore

D. However

18. A. homesick

B. homeless

C. homeward

D. homely

19. A. who

B. whom

C. whose

D. which

20. A. builds

B. built

C. is building

D. was built

21. A. at

B. after

C. for

D. up

22. A. thankful

B. excited

C. happy

D. satisfied

IV. Read the following passage. Decide if the statements from 23 to 26 are True or False. Choose the correct answer for questions 27 and 28. (1.5 pts)

The Great Pacific Garbage Patch

The Great Pacific Garbage Patch is a collection of marine debris in the North Pacific Ocean. Marine debris is litter that ends up in oceans, seas, and other large bodies of water.

For many people, the idea of a "garbage patch" conjures up images of an island of trash floating on the ocean. In reality, these patches are almost entirely made up of tiny bits of plastic, called microplastics. Microplastics can't always be seen by the naked eye. Even satellite imagery doesn't show a giant patch of garbage. The microplastics of the Great Pacific Garbage Patch can simply make the water look like a cloudy soup. This soup is intermixed with larger items, such as fishing gear and shoes.

No one knows how much debris makes up the Great Pacific Garbage Patch. The North Pacific Subtropical Gyre is too large for scientists to trawl. In addition, not all of the trash floats on the surface. Denser debris can sink centimeters or even several meters beneath the surface, making the vortex's area nearly impossible to measure.

23. The Great Pacific Garbage Patch is located on the north side of the Atlantic Ocean.

24. We can't always see the microplastics with the naked eye.

25. People know the exact amount of debris in the Great Pacific Garbage Patch.

26. All of the trash is concentrated on the surface of the ocean.

27. What does "**garbage patch**" mean?

A. A dense collection of microplastics

B. A place where people keep trash

C. Litters from the sea

D. Litters from people travelling

across the sea

28. What does the water of the sea be like if it has microplastics?

A. A patch of garbage

B. Fishing gear and shoes

C. A cloudy soup

D. An island of trash

V. Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence. (1.5 pts)

29. This book is _____ decorated with a red ribbon and a jingly bell. (beauty)

30. Since her _____ the room has been full of laughter. (arrive)

31. I thought the best way to _____ my English was to live in USA. (improvement)

32. As a student, she lived very _____, rarely going out and buying very few clothes. (economy)

33. One interesting trend I've seen is individuals promoting _____ clothing items. (vary)

34. Many hospitals in the town are about half full, and several of them need replacement or _____. (modern)

VI. Look at the entry of the word "benefit" in a dictionary. Use what you can get from the entry to complete the sentences with two or three words. (0.5 pt)

benefit *noun*



OPAL W

OPAL S

🔊 /'benɪfɪt/

🔊 /'benɪfɪt/

[countable, uncountable]

★ an advantage that something gives you; a helpful and useful effect that something has

- *Freedom of information brings great benefits.*
- **health/economic/tax benefits**
- *the benefits of modern medicine*
- *I've had the benefit of a good education.*
- *It was good to see her finally **reaping the benefits** (= enjoying the results) of all her hard work.*
- *The industry will be one of the first to **enjoy the benefits** of the recovery.*
- *The company derived substantial benefit from the deal.*

35. Regular exercise has many _____, including reducing the risk of heart disease and improving mental well-being.

36. After years of saving diligently, she can now _____ of a comfortable retirement.

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means almost the same as the sentence printed before it. (1.0 pt)

37. Tom last watched TV on New Year's Day.

→ Tom hasn't

38. Alan prefers to have a pool in his house to swim in.

→ Alan would

39. I can't wait to go on holiday.

→ I am

40. I regret the fact that we didn't see the band play.

→ I wish

THE END OF THE TEST