Name: Score:

21 Multiple choice questions

Term 1 of 21

Which two ethnic groups came to Louisiana in adverse circumstances?

- Krews Hold Balls and Parades
- Country, Cajun, Zydeco, Blues, and Jazz
- French, Spanish, and African
- Acadians and Africans

Definition 2 of 21

The way of life of a group of people, shaped by ideas, beliefs, customs, and behavior.

- Give an example of cultural diffusion.
- Gis
- How can culture be expressed and understood?
- Define culture.

Term 3 of 21

What is an ethnic group?

- A group of people who consider themselves different from other members of the community based on factors like race, identity, and cultural, religious, and linguistic similarities.
- The process in which new customs blend with older ideas and practices to form entirely new cultural expressions.
- The way of life of a group of people, shaped by ideas, beliefs, customs, and behavior.
- France

Term 4 of 21

Name three famous artists that performed on the Louisiana Hayride.

- Hank Williams, Johnny Cash, and Elvis Presley
- Kenny Rogers, Conway Twitty, and Tammy Wynette
- Willie Nelson, Garth Brooks, and Dolly Parton
- Merle Haggard, Waylon Jennings, and Loretta Lynn

Term 5 of 21

Where did Louisiana's earliest French settlers migrate from?

- Nova Scotia, Canada
- Louisiana, United States
- Haiti In The Caribbean
- Maine, United States

Term 6 of 21

What musical genres are popular in Louisiana?

- Country, Cajun, Zydeco, Blues, and Jazz
- Pop, Reggae, Latin, Indie, and Electronic
- Classical, Rock, Gospel, Folk, and Hip Hop
- Opera, Blues Rock, Punk, Metal, and R&B

Term 7 of 21

What is Mardi Gras?

- A celebration of Louisiana's independence, also known as Independence Day
- A celebration before the beginning of the penitential Season of Lent in the Catholic Church, also known as Fat Tuesday.
- A celebration of Louisiana's harvest season, also known as Thanksgiving
- A festival marking the end of summer, also known as Labor Day

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Term 8 of 21

How is culture commonly expressed in Louisiana?

- Festivals
- A weekly radio show broadcasted from the Municipal Auditorium in Shreveport
- Through food and music
- Through religious beliefs, art, clothing, food, architecture, literature, and music.

Term 9 of 21

What is a Creole?

- A Creole was used to describe anyone born in Louisiana whose ancestors were from another place.
- A Creole was used to describe anyone born in Louisiana with Native American heritage.
- A Creole was used to describe anyone born in Louisiana with African ancestry only.
- A Creole was used to describe immigrants from Louisiana to other places.

Term 10 of 21

How can culture be expressed and understood?

- Through legal frameworks, medical practices, and technological devices
- Through economic systems, political ideologies, and technological advancements
- Through scientific discoveries, educational reforms, and architectural innovations
- Through religious beliefs, art, clothing, food, architecture, literature, and music.

Term 11 of 21

What are four types of festivals held in Louisiana?

- Historical reenactments, Science and Technology Fairs, Literary Festivals, and Harvest Gatherings
- Culinary Competitions, Art Exhibitions, Sports Tournaments, and Historical Parades
- Film Festivals, Craft Shows, Horticultural Displays, and Cultural Exchanges
- Musical celebrations, Festivals of Agriculture and Industry, Ethnic Festivals, and Mardi Gras Celebrations

Term 12 of 21

What are the three types of Creoles found in Louisiana?

- French, Spanish, and African
- Sportman's Paradise, Crossroads, Cajun Country, Plantation Country, and Greater New Orleans.
- Acadians and Africans
- Country, Cajun, Zydeco, Blues, and Jazz

Term 13 of 21

What is an important way Louisianans celebrate their cultural heritage?

- Roads
- Festivals
- Amusement Parks
- New Theme Parks

Term 14 of 21

How is Mardi Gras celebrated differently across Louisiana?

- Communities host traditional feasts and dances
- Cities organize historical reenactments and tours
- Villages hold craft fairs and artisan markets
- Krews hold balls and parades

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Term

15 of 21

What are Louisiana's 5 Cultural Regions?

- Bayou Region, Delta Region, Prairie Region, Highland Region, and Urban Louisiana
- Southern Louisiana, Northwestern Louisiana, Heartland Louisiana, River Valley, and Metropolitan Louisiana
- Coastal Louisiana, Northern Louisiana, Central Louisiana, Eastern Louisiana, and Western Louisiana
- Sportman's Paradise, Crossroads, Cajun Country, Plantation Country, and Greater New Orleans.

Term

16 of 21

Who established Louisiana as a colony?

- Germany
- Belgium
- France
- Spain

Term

17 of 21

What were two major differences between Anglos and the earliest French settlers?

- Anglos were from France and spoke French, while the French were from England and spoke English.
- Anglos were from Spain and spoke Spanish, while the French were from Germany and spoke German.
- Anglos were from Italy and spoke Italian, while the French were from Russia and spoke Russian.
- Anglos were from England and spoke English, while the French were from France and spoke French.

Definition

18 of 21

The beignet from Africa, which was adapted by French culture.

- Illustrate a form of cultural isolation.
- Demonstrate a process of cultural extinction.
- Showcase a tradition of cultural preservation.
- Give an example of cultural diffusion.

Term

19 of 21

Which ethnic groups settled in Louisiana?

- Spanish, Portuguese, Greek, Turkish, and Scandinavian
- Dutch, Belgian, Swiss, Korean, and Australian
- British, Irish, Russian, Japanese, Polish, and Vietnamese
- Acadians, African Americans, Anglos, Creoles, Germans, Italians, Native Americans, Hispanics, and other groups like Chinese and Filipino.

Term

20 of 21

What was the Louisiana Hayride?

- A live concert series held at the Louisiana State Fairgrounds
- A weekly radio show broadcasted from the Municipal Auditorium in Shreveport
- A televised music show broadcasted from Baton Rouge
- A traveling music festival touring Louisiana cities

Term

21 of 21

What is cultural diffusion?

- The process in which older customs are completely replaced by newer ideas
- The process in which new customs blend with older ideas and practices to form entirely new cultural expressions.
- The preservation of traditional practices without any change
- The isolation of cultural practices to maintain their purity

LIVEWORKSHEETS