ĐỀ SỐ 1 **FORM 2026**	**ĐỀ THI CUỐI KỲ I MÔN TIẾNG ANH 8** *Thời gian: 60 phút*

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

Question 1. A. chemist B. school C. chance D. chaos

Question 2. A. knock B. key C. pocket D. milk

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

Question 3. A. peoples B. poultry C. preserve D. worship

Question 4. A. diversity B. pharmacy C. establish D. religious

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 5. A boy is _____the buffalo in the rice field.

A. playing B. fighting C. herding D. running

Question 6. There are not many high buildings to block _____in our village.

A. view B. a view C. some views D. the view

Question 7. Terraced fields are often found in _area.

A. mountain B. mountainous C. mountaineer D. mountainful

Question 8. He tried to park his car but _____space wasn't big enough.

A. the B. a C. an D. x

Question 9. In Viet Nam you shouldn't use only the first name to __people older than you.

A. speak B. talk C. say D. address

Question 10. We are going to prepare _____sticky rice served with grilled chicken for the celebration.

A. five colours B. five-colours C. five-colour D. five-coloured

Question 11. The local people still use _____ farming methods which have been used for hundreds of years.

A. traditional B. unique C. unusual D. best-known

Question 12. He became internationally famous _____his novels.

A. on B. for C. at D. up

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

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CALL FOR VOLUNTEERS: IMPROVING OUR COMMUNITY!

Dear Residents,

We are organizing a special community clean-up day to make our neighbourhood a better place for everyone. Our goal is to address common issues in our (13) _____such as litter and public spaces.

The clean-up will focus on the local park and streets, where a lot of rubbish (14) _____ seen recently. All necessary tools and safety equipment (15) _____ provided on the day. Your participation is vital! If you're looking for a way to contribute to your community, this is a perfect opportunity. The event will take place next Saturday. We believe that a clean environment will bring more happiness to all residents (16) _____ live here.

Question 13. A. city B. country C. community D. village

Question 14. A. is B. are C. was D. were

Question 15. A. are B. will be C. have been D. were

Question 16. A. which B. where C. who D. what

Question 17: Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.

My experience at the mall was a bit frustrating yesterday. Here's what happened. _____

a. When I tried to pay, the payment system was down, and I couldn't complete my purchase.

b. I went to buy a few items, but the store was very crowded and hard to navigate.

c. I had to wait for a long time until the system was back online to finish buying what I needed.

A. b-a-c

B. a-b-c

C. c-a-b

D. b-c-a

Question 18: Choose the sentence that you can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.

A. The staff were very helpful and kept me updated about the situation.

B. I decided to leave the mall and come back another day.

C. After a while, I managed to pay and leave the store satisfied.

D. The store offered a discount for the inconvenience caused.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate option that best fits each numbered blank from 19 to 24.

Tet is the biggest festival in Vietnam. To (19) _____Tet, Vietnamese people make many tasty (20) . foods. The most important food includes Chung cakes, sausages, boiled chicken, spring rolls, and sticky rice. Chung cake is made (21) sticky rice, pork, green beans, and other spices, wrapped in green leaves; (3) ___ _____, this cake needs a lot of preparation. This cake can be kept for a long time, even though the weather is often humid during Tet. Other significant foods that cannot be missed to worship the ancestors are sausages, spring rolls, and sticky rice. Because sausages are difficult (4) _____, people

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often buy them from famous suppliers. However, sticky rice and spring rolls are easier to prepare and must be (5) _____immediately after they are cooked, so they are often made at home.

Question 19.	A. celebrate	B. join	C. take part in	D. participate
Question 20.	A. delicious	B. traditional	C. spicy	D. tradition
Question 21.	A. up	B. into	C. on	D. of
Question 22.	A. because	B. while	C. therefore	D. however
Question 23.	A. to make	B. making	C. make	D. makes
Question 24.	A. touched	B. smelled	C. looked	D. served

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

Question 25. *You shouldn't point at others while talking because it is impolite.*

A. It's better for you to point at others while talking although it is impolite.
B. It isn't better for you to point at others while talking because it is impolite.
C. You had better not point at others while talking because it is impolite.
D. You don't need to point at others while talking because it is impolite.

Question 26. *We must finish all the homework by Thursday to meet the deadline.*

A. We are obliged to finish all the homework on Thursday to meet the deadline.
B. It is obligatory for us to finish all the homework before Thursday to meet the deadline.
C. We have to complete almost all the homework by Thursday to meet the deadline.
D. The deadline is Thursday so we need to finish almost all the homework then.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

Question 27*: It / be / custom / Vietnamese / people / take off / shoes / before / enter / house.*

A. It is a custom for Vietnamese people to take off their shoes before entering a house.
B. It is a custom of Vietnamese people to take off their shoes before entering house.
C. It is a custom of Vietnamese people taking off their shoes before entering a house.
D. It is custom for Vietnamese people to take off their shoes before entering a house.

Question 28: *New / year / wishes / exchanged / during / Tet / holiday.*

A. New year wishes is exchanged during Tet holiday.
B. New year wishes are exchanged during Tet holiday.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 29: Where might you see this notice?



A. On a highway where there are no speed limits.
B. In a school zone or in a residental area.
C. In a commercial district where roads are high-speed.
D. In a parking lot.

Question 30: When will the new schedule be available?

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A. This afternoon.
B. Tomorrow morning.
C. Next week.
D. The notice doesn't say.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

In Viet Nam, a market is a trading place, but many markets are not only about buying and selling things. They **reflect** the life of the community. A traditional market is a social gathering point for people of all ages and it is a new and exciting experience for children, a trading place for local craftsmen, and a chance for young people to meet. People go to the traditional market not only to buy and sell things but also to eat, drink, play games, and socialize. For example, if you go to Sa Pa Market, which is in the highlands in the north of Viet Nam, you can see people wearing their nicest clothes and spending all day long at the market. They buy things, play the flute, dance, and sing. This is also a time to meet, make friends or look for lovers. That is why this kind of gathering is also called "Love Market". Some other countryside markets in the Mekong Delta are held on boats. Most of the goods are sold at a floating market. The most exciting time is in the early morning when boats arrive loaded up with agricultural products.

Question 31. In Viet Nam, all markets are _____.

A. only trading places
B. only about buying thing
C. only about selling things
D. not only about buying and selling things

Question 32. A traditional market is a social gathering point for _____.

A. young people B. people of all ages C. local craftsmen D. children

Question 33. What can people do at the traditional market?

A. Sell and buy things only.

B. Buy and sell things, eat, drink and play games.

C. Buy things and eat.

D. Buy and sell things, eat, drink, play games and socialize.

Question 34. What do the ethnic people who go to Sa Pa Market do?

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A. They wear their nicest clothes, buy things, play the flute, dance and sing.

B. They ride on a horse and sing.

C. They drink a lot of wine and dance.

D. They buy the nicest clothes at the market and look for lovers.

Question 35. Some of the markets in the Mekong Delta are held _____are called floating markets.

A. along the roads B. on the paddy fields C. on boats D. in the morning

Question 36. The word "**reflect**" is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.

A. hide B. show C. ignore D. change

Four phrases/ sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.

Among ethnic minorities in Vietnam, the largest ones are Tay, Thai, Muong, Hoa, Khmer, and Nung with a population of around 1 million each, (37) __.
The Cham people once boasted a flourishing culture early in the history. The Tay, Nung, and Khmer ethnic groups had reached high levels of development with the presence of various social classes. (38) __ . Many ethnic groups divided their population into social echelons, especially those who lived in mountainous areas. (39) _. They grew rice plants in swamped paddy fields and carried out irrigation. Others went hunting, fishing, collecting and lived a semi-nomadic life. (40) __. Beliefs and religions of the Vietnamese ethnic minority groups were also disparate from each other.

A. The Muong, Mong, Dao, Thai ethnic groups gathered under the rule of local tribal heads.
B. A number of ethnic minorities had mastered some farming techniques
C. Each group has its own culture, diverse and special
D. while the smallest are Brau, Roman, Odu with several hundred people each

(Source: Adapted from Chinh Phu)

Question 37. _____Question 38. _____Question 39. _____Question 40. _____

ĐỀ SỐ 2 **FORM 2026**	**ĐỀ THI CUỐI KỲ I MÔN TIẾNG ANH 8 GLOBAL SUCCESS** *Thời gian: 60 phút*

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

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1. A. tool B. food C. noon D . cook

2. A. pictures B. watches C. buses D . brushes

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

3. A. bookstore B. improve C. goldfish D . novel

4. A. library. B. museum. C. melody D. favourite

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

5. I'm _____ about doing DIY.

A. crazy B. interested C. into. D. fond

6. Having leisure activities is one of the best ways to make you feel _____.

A. comfort B. comfortable C. comfortless D . comfortably

7. City drivers have to drive _____ than country ones.

A. more careful B. more careless

C. more carefully D. more carelessly

8. After _____ from work, my parents decided to move to the countryside.

A. quit B. sack C. retiring D . starting

9. We decide to stay at home _____ it's raining heavily.

A. though B. so C. because D . but

10. I log _____ to my Facebook account to post my photos and chat with everyone.

A. on B. about C. with D. at

11. _____ there 54 ethnic groups in Viet Nam?

A. Are B. Is C. Do D . Does

12. Linda: "Shall we watch a movie tonight?" - Mark: "_____"

A. That sounds great. B. Not at all. C. I hope so. D . You're very kind.

Read the following announcement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 13 to 16.

📢 Announcement: Make the Most of Your Leisure Time!

Dear students,

Leisure time is a great (13) _____ to relax, recharge, and enjoy your favorite activities. Whether it's reading, playing sports, listening to music, or spending time with family and

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friends — use your free time wisely and (14) _____. Remember, (15) _____ good balance between study and rest helps you stay (16) _____ healthy and happy. Use your time well and make every moment count! 🎨📚⚽🎧

13. A. preference. B. opportunity C. solution D. savings
14. A. creatively. B. creation C. create D. creative
15. A. an. B. the C. a D. X
16. A. make. B. do C. take D. stay

Question 17: Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text.

Energy is essential for our daily lives. However, not all forms of energy are sustainable. _____

a. Therefore, using renewable sources like wind and solar power can help reduce environmental impact.
b. On the other hand, fossil fuels like coal and oil are limited and cause pollution.
c. Firstly, renewable energy is better for the planet because it doesn't produce harmful emissions.

A. c-b-a
B. b-c-a
C. a-b-c
D. b-a-c

Question 18:
Choose the sentence that you can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately.
A. This is why renewable energy is becoming more popular worldwide.
B. So, people should continue using fossil fuels for energy.
C. We need to explore new ways to produce energy.
D. Finally, renewable energy is the future.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each numbered blank from 19 to 24.

My parents are farmers. They work very (19) _____ on the paddy fields. They usually get up very early in the morning. After (20) _____ breakfast, they feed the buffaloes, pigs, chicken, ducks and they collect the eggs. From about eight, they work on the fields. They (21) _____ rice but their main (22) _____ is vegetables. From eleven thirty to one thirty, they rest and have lunch. They continue to work until five in the afternoon then they come back home. My mother (23)

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_____ the animals again while my father cleans the buffalo shed and the chicken coop. They usually finish their work at about six thirty. Twice a week, my mother (24) _____ the vegetables and eggs to the town market to sell them, then she often buys the things we need for our daily life. She also buys me a small present each time.

19. A. hard B. hardly C. harder D. hardest
20. A. to have B. having C. have D. had
21. A. plant B. water C. grow D. cut
22. A. period B. crop C. time D. harvest
23. A. leads B. feeds C. gives D. calls
24. A. makes B. brings C. carries D. takes

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

25. Who does this stylish backpack belong to?
A. Which is this backpack?
B. Whose does this stylish backpack?
C. Whose is this stylish backpack?
D. Which is the owner of this backpack?
26. His parents let him hang out with his friends last night
A. His parents allowed him to hang out with his friends last night.
B. His parents allowed him hang out with his friends last night.
C. His parents allowed to hang out with his friends last night.
D. His parents allowed him to hanging out with his friends last night.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

27. government / provide / clean water / poor villagers / remote areas
A. The government provide often clean water to poor villagers in remote areas.
B. The government often provides clean water for poor villagers at remote areas.
C. The government often provides clean water to poor villagers in remote areas.
D. The government provides often clean water for the poor villagers on remote areas.
28. the Cham / famous / weaving skills / traditional costumes / cultural festivals
A. The Cham is famous for their weaving skills and traditional costumes in cultural festivals.
B. The Cham are famous with weaving skills and traditional costumes in cultural festivals.
C. The Cham be famous about their weaving skills and traditional costumes in cultural festivals.
D. The Cham are famous for their weaving skills and traditional costumes in cultural festivals.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

29: What is the meaning of the sign below?

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	A. You must ride your bicycle slowly. B. You must not bring your bicycle here. C. You can park your bicycle here. D. You must carry your bicycle on shoulder.

30: What is the meaning of the message below?

Canteen ***No lunch will be served after 1:30 p.m.***	A. You can eat lunch here. B. You must buy lunch before 1:30. C. Lunch is not available before 1:30. D. The canteen is closed all day.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

For 3,000 years, Mongolians have lived in the rural areas, moving to search new grassland for their cattle. They depend on their livestock for a living. Today, about half of Mongolia's population is living in the ger and moving their camping equipment several times a year. Nomadic life develops in summer and survives in winter. When the weather is warm, they work hard on their farms to get milk and make a type of milk alcohol, consuming meat from their sheep and goats. Once winter comes, temperatures drop quickly and they stay indoors and survive on horse meat.

With the rise of technology, changes in the Mongolian nomadic lifestyle are almost inevitable. Many herders use motorbikes to herd cattle and horses. To move their homes, they use trucks instead of ox carts. Solar panels are also becoming an addition to the ger, giving them access to electricity without being **confined** to one place. The nomads use solar energy to power TV sets and mobile phones.

Question 31. Mongolians regularly move from place to place in order to _____.
A. look for food for their family B. find grassland for their livestock
C. herd their cattle and horses D. sell their animals and farm products

Question 32. How many Mongolians still live a traditional nomadic life?
A. Close to 40

Question 33. What is the Mongolian's main food in winter?
A. horse meat B. sheep meat C. goat meat D. airag

Question 34. Today, Mongolian nomads .
A. use solar energy to power electronic devices
B. don't lead their lifestyles as herders any more
C. use ox carts to move their homes
D. have the advantage of city life

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Question 35. Which of the following is NOT true about Mongolian nomads?
A. They live in the countryside.
B. They live near and for their livestock.
C. They are now taking advantage of modern technology.
D. They work hard in winter when the temperatures are low.

Question 36. The word "**confined**" is OPPOSITE in meaning to .
A. Restricted B. trapped C. Free D. Limited

Australian Aborigines

(37) _. Before white people came, Aboriginal people lived throughout Australia, and the highest population was along the coast.
They were traditionally hunters and gatherers who did not live in one place. (38) __. Within the clan, all members had specific roles and (39) __. Men hunted animals, such as kangaroos, emus, birds, reptiles and fish. Women collected fruits, honey, insects, eggs and plants. They had a steady supply of food thanks to hunting and gathering. They were experts in finding sources of water. Since the British first came to Australia, Aboriginals lost most of their land and a large number of native people were killed due to huge waves of diseases. Today more than half of all Aboriginals live in towns, often in the suburbs in bad living conditions.
Nowadays, there are laws to protect the rights of Aboriginals, and (40) __ , and mining companies can't have projects on their sacred land.

A. They moved around their country to search for food
B. Aboriginal communities have their own territory
C. responsibilities to ensure the survival of their community
D. There are about 500 ethnic groups in Australia called Aboriginals

Question 37. Question 38. Question 39. Question 40.

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