

Name: _____ Class: 6/ ____ No. ____

ANUKOOLNAREE SCHOOL

MIDTERM EXAMINATION

COURSE: EN33222 (Intensive English)

TIME 1 HOUR

ACADEMIC YEAR 2/2568

CLASS M. 6/12 – 13

Directions: Read each sentence below and choose the correct answer.

1. When I visited Canada last year, the weather was **frigid**, that is ,very cold.

What does “**frigid**” mean?

- 1) very dry 2) very nice 3) very cloud 4) very chilly

2. A fishing **rod** is one of the tools of sport fishermen.

What does “**rod**” mean?

- 1) pole 2) reel 3) line 4) bail

3. I love to buy **exotic foods** : vegetables and herbs from China, spices from India, olives from Greece, and cheeses from France.

What does “**exotic foods**” mean?

- 1) unusual 2) expensive 3) seasonings 4) from other places

4. She usually is a **laggard**; however, today she is energetic and working hard.

What does “**laggard**” mean?

- 1) a lazy person 2) a silly person 3) an active person 4) a hard-working person

5. Hurricanes and tornadoes are **treacherous**. Only a very foolish person would go out during that kind of weather.

What does “**treacherous**” mean?

- 1) safe 2) exciting 3) delirious 4) dangerous

6. Mr. James ordered his **companions** , or his friends, to follow the man who stole his shirts

What does “**companions**” mean?

- 1) shirts 2) people 3) friends 4) the man

7. The little girl is **lachrymose**, crying all the time.

What does “**lachrymose**” mean?

- 1) awful 2) tearful 3) cheerful 4) resentful

8. Although translating unknown languages is somewhat like breaking codes, the **cryptographer** usually has some knowledge of the language the message is written in, while the language scholars at first had none.

What does “**cryptographer**” mean?

- 1) person who speaks
- 2) one who draws charts
- 3) expert in secret writing
- 4) person who likes puzzles

9. A few kinds of green plants eat insects. Such plants are usually found in **swampy** places where there are many insects. The pitcher plants are insect-eating plants. It is so called because its leaves grow in the form of a pitcher. Water collects in these leaves when it rains.

What does “**swampy**” mean?

- 1) grassy
- 2) dark always
- 3) hot and dry
- 4) wet and soft

10. To carry out his economic programs, Jason had to **contend** with a Supreme Court that was deeply opposed to them.

What does “**contend**” mean?

- 1) join
- 2) travel
- 3) struggle
- 4) surrender

11. My father died when I was a baby, but Mom told me so many stories about him that I feel I knew him well. For example, one **anecdote** was about how he cried with joy when I was born.

What does “**anecdote**” mean?

- 1) joke
- 2) example
- 3) medicine or cure
- 4) biographical account

12. Her quiet, **timid** ways made us guess at her true feelings about the story because she kept her ideas to herself and never spoke in the class.

What does “**timid**” mean?

- 1) shy
- 2) kind
- 3) serious
- 4) boisterous

13. Mothers are advised to **abstain** from eating some kinds of vegetables and fruits, for instance, bananas and oranges, fearing that some poisonous substances from the fruits will be passed to the babies through their milk.

What does “**abstain**” mean?

- 1) not to eat
- 2) not to touch
- 3) to eat a lot of
- 4) to be careful when eating

14. When the teacher **entered** the room, the students were quiet, but when he went out they were all very noisy.

What does “**entered**” mean?

- 1) worked
- 2) went out
- 3) came in
- 4) were quiet

15. They **enhanced** the property by pulling weeds, mowing the lawn, and planting trees around the house.

- What does “**enhanced**” mean?
- 1) secured 2) improved 3) destroyed 4) cultivated
16. Almost any solid **speck** can be called dust if it is light enough to float in the air.
- What does “**speck**” mean?
- 1) metal 2) waste 3) particle 4) substance
17. My son, Robert, has a good **reputation** as a doctor, in other words, he is well-known now.
- What does “**reputation**” mean?
- 1) patient 2) knowledge 3) well-being 4) well-known
18. The manager picked up the cup and **sipped** - he drank slowly.
- What does “**sipped**” mean?
- 1) took 2) drank 3) picked 4) carried
19. Jassy did not want to start on his **voyage**, and he did know how to start his sailing, too.
- What does “**sipped**” mean?
- 1) ship 2) sailing 3) journey 4) discovery
20. Governments and businesses use many **abbreviation**. There’s GE , for example, for General Electric; or GM for General Motors; or IBM for international Business Machines.
- What does “**abbreviation**” mean?
- 1) capital letters 2) special names
3) words use in business 4) shortened forms of words
21. Although invertebrates **modify** their behaviors by experience, they depend on innate behavior patterns more than do vertebrates.
- What does “**modify**” mean?
- 1) alter 2) learn 3) improve 4) preserve
22. The heavy rains **hindered** the rescue workers in their efforts. Even the ambulances were delayed because of rising waters in the streets.
- What does “**hindered**” mean?
- 1) aided 2) flooded 3) obstructed 4) determined
23. U.S. presidents Thormas Jefferson and James Monroe were to communicate in ancient Hebrew, which must have been as effective as a code because so few people of their time were **erudite** in that language.
- What does “**erudite**” mean?

- 1) impolite 2) educated 3) ignorant 4) reasonable

24. Poland does not produce enough consumer goods, such as clothing and furniture, to satisfy its people **demands**.

What does “**demands**” mean?

- 1) needs 2) dreams 3) markets 4) purposes

25. Some kinds of bacteria cause serious diseases, but others are **helpful**.

What does “**helpful**” mean?

- 1) useful 2) friendly 3) harmless 4) secondary

26. Cathy is a kind person. She always helps other people. In contrast, Maria has no **soul** for any people.

What does “**soul**” mean?

- 1) kind 2) selfish 3) helpful 4) enjoyable

27. The **key** purpose of the form of English call „Basic English“ is to make available an international secondary language for general and technical matters.

What does “**key**” mean?

- 1) only 2) hidden 3) primary 4) announced

28. Your writing is **illegible**; in other words, it is very difficult. I can't read your note.

What does “**illegible**” mean?

- 1) not good 2) easy to read 3) out of control 4) difficult to read

29. One of the psychological conditions called job **burnout**— job stress—is harmful to one's health.

What does “**burnout**” mean?

- 1) stress 2) harmful 3) jobless 4) a kind of job

30. **Hong Kong Flu** (a powerful virus inflection) was officially named after the place where it was found in the 1950s.

What does “**Hong Kong Flu**” mean?

- 1) a country 2) a bird flu 3) a powerful disease 4) a powerful virus inflection

31. As she was sitting in the dark corner, she listened to the song of **pathos**, or sadness.

What does “**pathos**” mean?

- 1) peace 2) sorrow 3) surprise 4) patience

32. Squirrels **store** up food for the winter such as the nuts, the corn plant etc.

What does “**store** ” mean?

- 1) supply 2) source 3) reserve 4) producer

33. Fishermen trap salmon as they **migrate** upstream to lay their eggs.

What does “**migrate**” mean?

- 1) drift 2) travel 3) paddle 4) escape

34. The sports car came **replete**, which means completely filled, with every kind of fancy thing you could think of.

What does “**replete**” mean?

- 1) good 2) empty 3) complete 4) interesting

35. Many **exotic** dishes, such as snails and caviar, were served.

What does “**exotic**” mean?

- 1) strange 2) exciting 3) delicious 4) expensive

36. Maslow’s Hierarchy of Needs considers **self-actualization** , or the realization of one’s full potential, to be the example of the human life.

What does “**self-actualization**” mean?

- 1) imitation of self 2) reality counseling
3) evaluation of past experiences 4) achievement to the fullest degree

37. **Discover** means to uncover information – i.e., to find out something that we didn’t know before.

What does “**discover** ” mean?

- 1) to cover 2) to open 3) to find out 4) to understand

38. **Indigenous** life form- the cactus and the camel in the desert, the polar bear and the seal in the Arctic and so on- are suited to their environment in very specific ways.

What does “**Indigenous**” mean?

- 1) recent 2) native 3) extinct 4) dangerous

39. Unlike the **villains** portrayed in many movies. Native Americans were actually valuable allies to the American colonists.

What does “**villains**” mean?

- 1) allies 2) friends 3) victims 4) enemies

40. Long, low, narrow, mountainous ridges with precipitous sloping sides are called **hogbacks**.

What does “**hogbacks**” mean?

- 1) sandy 2) shaded 3) solitary 4) slanting