

MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10
The 1st end-of-term test 4

Họ, tên:

Lớp:

Read the following advertisement and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.

Help Nourish a Child's Future with the "Nuôi Em" Project

Imagine a child (1) _____ to school without a proper meal. For many children in remote areas, this is their reality. Nuôi Em is a heartwarming project which (2) _____ by Hoàng Hoa Trung and the Niềm Tin Volunteer Group to ensure that every child has a full meal and the energy to succeed in school.

For just 150,000 VND per month (for at least 9 months), you can (3) _____ a child's daily meals, helping them focus on their studies without worrying about hunger. You'll get updates with photos and videos of the children, and even have the chance to visit (4) _____ in person.

Since 2014, Nuôi Em (5) _____ over 90,000 meals daily to children across 21 provinces in Northern, Central, and Central Highlands Vietnam. The project has also (6) _____ to provide clean water and school supplies, supporting over 93,000 children.

Join us today and be the reason a child can dream big. Together, we can help them grow, learn, and thrive!

Question 1.

A. to go B. going C. to going D. go

Question 2.

A. was created B. creates C. is created D. created

Question 3.

A. donate B. prepare C. sponsor D. supply

Question 4.

A. them B. us C. you D. it

Question 5.

A. provided B. provides C. has provided D. was providing

Question 6.

A. expanded B. progressed C. contributed D. operated

Read the following leaflet/notice and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.

Soil Erosion: A Threat to Our Future

What is Soil Erosion?

Soil erosion is one of the biggest environmental challenges we face. It harms agriculture, food security, and the climate. Regions like Indonesia, India, and the Philippines are especially (7) _____ risk. Protecting soil through (8) _____ can help solve many of these problems.

Why is Soil Erosion a Problem?

Soil takes thousands of years to form, but it can be lost quickly through wind and water erosion. The topsoil, rich in nutrients, is (9) _____. As it washes away, crop yields decrease, and rivers become clogged with sediment, leading to flooding. Erosion can also (10) _____, worsening over time.

How Does Erosion Affect Us?

Soil erosion costs farmers billions of dollars every year. In places like Java, farmers lose up to 17% of their income (11) _____ soil erosion. Around the world, erosion causes major economic losses and worsens food insecurity.

What Can We Do?

By adopting better land practices, we can reduce soil erosion, protect the environment, and ensure food (12) _____ for future generations. Let's take action today!

Question 7.

A. of B. in C. on D. at

Question 8.

- A. d - e - a - b - c
- C. d - e - a - c - b

- B. e - c - b - d - a
- D. e - c - b - a - d

Read the following passage and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

The live music industry is changing quickly, especially with the rise of virtual reality (VR) concerts. VR offers a new way for audiences to experience music and (18) _____. With VR, artists can perform for fans around the world from their own studios, overcoming physical boundaries.

Although VR has been available for a while, its use in the music industry is growing rapidly. The COVID-19 pandemic helped speed up this change, as artists searched for new ways to perform and connect with their fans. (19) _____, it is changing the way live music is created and experienced.

VR concerts are especially beneficial for independent artists. VR removes location limits, (20) _____. Hosting a VR concert is often cheaper than traditional live events because it reduces the need for venue rentals and travel expenses. VR also enables artists to create unique experiences (21) _____. Fans can interact with artists through live chats and virtual spaces.

As VR technology continues to improve, (22) _____. This creates exciting opportunities for independent artists to grow and connect with fans in new ways. Using VR, musicians can expand their creativity and build stronger connections with their audiences.

Question 18.

- A. allows artists who work alone to get their work to more people and expressing themselves better
- B. provides independent artists with the opportunity to reach more people and be more creative
- C. independent musicians are able to showcase their work and creativity to wider audiences
- D. while it also gives independent artists a platform to expand their reach and creativity

Question 19.

- A. As VR technology becomes more advanced and accessible
- B. The advancement and increasing accessibility of VR technology
- C. The rise of advanced and accessible VR technology is crucial
- D. The growing progress and availability of VR is leading to changes

Question 20.

- A. it's possible for artists to perform for people around the world
- B. which allows artists to perform for fans anywhere in the world
- C. therefore, fans can watch artists perform anywhere in the world
- D. which enable artists to perform for audiences across the globe

Question 21.

- A. visual and musical elements to create experiences unattainable in real-world settings
- B. by combining visuals and music in ways that are not possible on a physical stage
- C. letting artists to merge visual art and music beyond traditional physical performance limits
- D. to show the combination of visuals and music in ways impossible on a real stage

Question 22.

- A. probably leading to more widespread and higher-quality VR concerts
- B. VR music events that are expected to become both common and excellent
- C. enhancing VR concert quality to make them more popular is needed
- D. VR concerts will likely become more common and higher in quality

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

1. Music festivals are now an important part of modern culture, drawing large crowds of music fans from all over the world. **These events not only offer diverse music performances but also bring significant financial benefits to the host cities.** The arrival of a music festival attracts many tourists, who spend money on accommodation, transportation, food, and shopping, which boosts local businesses and increases the area's income.

2. Music festivals attract both local and international visitors, drawn by the unique atmosphere and shared enthusiasm that only such events can provide. Many travel from near and far, often planning **their** trips months in advance to secure tickets and accommodations. The diversity of attendees adds to the event's vibrancy, creating a blend of cultures that enriches the overall experience.

3. Upon arrival, tourists provide significant support to local businesses. They require accommodations, including hotels, hostels, and Airbnb rentals, which can lead to full bookings and increased revenue for

local establishments. Moreover, tourists often explore the surrounding area, frequenting local restaurants, cafes, and bars, which contributes to **bustling** commerce and long lines.

4. Food plays a key role in any festival, with tourists often eager to taste local dishes. From street vendors to fine dining establishments, the food sector benefits from the increased visitor traffic. This not only provides immediate financial gains but also promotes long-term business growth as satisfied customers return or share recommendations.

5. The arrival of tourists during a music festival offers more than just a temporary increase in sales; it can mark an important change for local businesses. Gaining attention from a larger audience can improve brand awareness and open up new markets. Business owners can use this chance to **innovate** and meet the special needs of festival-goers, encouraging growth and economic variety.

Question 23. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 1?

- A.** Not only do these events bring diverse melodies, but they also promote significant economic growth for the organizing entity.
- B.** In addition to diverse musical offerings, these events deliver important economic advantages to the hosting communities.
- C.** Festivals offer a wide range of musical entertainment, which provides significant financial benefits to host cities.
- D.** Because of their diverse musical programs, these events generate significant financial impact for host communities.

Question 24. The word **their** in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A.** businesses' **B.** festivals' **C.** events' **D.** visitors'

Question 25. The word **bustling** in paragraph 3 could be best replaced by _____.

- A.** active **B.** reliable **C.** controlled **D.** busy

Question 26. The word **innovate** in paragraph 5 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A.** balance **B.** invent **C.** maintain **D.** consider

Question 27. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of the benefits of music festivals in the passage?

- A.** Expanding markets and unlocking new opportunities.
- B.** Attracting media coverage and global attention.
- C.** Raising bookings and income for accommodations.
- D.** Increasing area's liveliness and cultural richness.

Question 28. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A.** A positive culinary experience at the festival encourages long-term customer support in the future.
- B.** Meeting the specific needs of music festivals helps diversify products according to market trends.
- C.** Tasting and savoring local cuisine is considered an essential and unforgettable experience at any festival.
- D.** Business owners should strategically use music festivals effectively to quickly reach their customer base.

Question 29. In which paragraph does the author discuss how tourism inflow increases lively business activity across various sectors?

- A.** Paragraph 4. **B.** Paragraph 3. **C.** Paragraph 5. **D.** Paragraph 2.

Question 30. In which paragraph does the author refer to music festival attendees' advance preparations?

- A.** Paragraph 3. **B.** Paragraph 4. **C.** Paragraph 2. **D.** Paragraph 5.

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.

1. In the 1740s, Jean-Antoine Nollet, a French scientist, discovered that electricity moved quickly along a wire, almost instantly. **For years, scientists tried to use this idea to send electrical messages but did not succeed.** Eventually, the French abandoned this effort and, in 1794, created the French State Telegraph. This system used telescopes in towers to send visual signals, faster than messengers on horseback. **[I]** Additionally, it only worked in clear daylight, limiting its use compared to the electrical systems later developed.

2. Samuel F. B. Morse, an inventor from New England, moved to New York City in the 1820s. Like many **others**, he became deeply interested in the concept of an electrical telegraph. **[II]** In 1832, after returning from a trip to Europe, he began working on designs. Initially working alone, he later partnered

with two important individuals. One, Leonard Gale, a chemistry professor at NYU, advised Morse to use several small batteries along the wire, instead of one large battery, to ensure the signal could travel long distances. Alfred Vail, his business partner, helped develop Morse code, using dots and dashes to represent letters and numbers.

3. In addition to developing Morse code, Samuel Morse also designed the necessary equipment to send and receive signals. [III] In 1838, he and his team successfully transmitted a message over two miles near Morristown, New Jersey. By 1844, Morse sent the famous phrase, "What hath God wrought," from Washington, D.C., to Baltimore. By 1850, approximately 12,000 miles of telegraph lines were in operation, replacing the need for messengers on horseback.

4. In England, William Fothergill Cooke and Charles Wheatstone designed their own workable telegraph, with its own language. [IV] But Morse code dominated and became the accepted international language of telegraphy. It was the ancestor of modern computer code, using dots and dashes the way computer software uses 1s and 0s to transmit data.

Question 31. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 1?

- A.** For many years, scientists tried using electricity to send messages but received no recognition.
- B.** It took years of experiments before scientists admitted they couldn't successfully send telegraph messages.
- C.** For many years, the concept of sending telegraph messages continued to confuse the scientists.
- D.** Despite years of experimentation, scientists could not use this idea to deliver electrical messages.

Question 32. The word others in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A.** inventors **B.** professors **C.** systems **D.** messengers

Question 33. The word transmitted in paragraph 3 could be best replaced by _____.

- A.** spent **B.** sent **C.** left **D.** posted

Question 34. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 3?

- A.** By 1850, Morse's successful telegraph equipment quickly established thousands of miles of communication lines.
- B.** Samuel Morse created the telegraph device and code, replacing messengers with long-distance communication methods.
- C.** Samuel Morse developed Morse code and telegraph equipment, successfully sending messages over long distances.
- D.** Morse's telegraph device enabled messages to be sent rapidly and efficiently between cities over long distances.

Question 35. The word dominated in paragraph 4 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A.** struggled **B.** suffered **C.** avoided **D.** reduced

Question 36. Where in the passage does the following sentence best fit?

While it introduced the term "telegraph," it wasn't the electrical system that many inventors were hoping for.

- A.** [II] **B.** [IV] **C.** [III] **D.** [I]

Question 37. Which of the following inventors is NOT true as having achieved success with their telegraph invention?

- A.** Samuel F. **B.** Charles Wheatstone.
- C.** Morse. B. William Fothergill Cooke. **D.** Jean-Antoine Nollet.

Question 38. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A.** Morse code was designed to be highly efficient, representing all language elements using only two symbols.
- B.** Morse partnered with Alfred Vail because he needed financial support while inventing his telegraph device.
- C.** The French State Telegraph system was a successful mechanical solution that could run throughout the day.
- D.** In 1844, Morse and his team successfully sent their first message over a distance of more than two miles.

Question 39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A.** The Morse system proved more effective than the English system for sending information across borders.
- B.** The ultimate success of a communication system largely depends on its memorability and

affordability.

C. Developing a communication system is considered an instant invention that changes human interaction.

D. Morse code's success came from its simple design, making it easy for widespread use and adoption.

Question 40. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

A. Following earlier telegraph systems, Samuel Morse and his team successfully created the telegraph and code, rapidly building a network, and setting digital communication methods.

B. From Nollet's early experiments to Morse code and the telegraph, telegraphic messages developed, replacing messengers and inspiring modern digital communication systems.

C. Driven by the need for speed, the electric telegraph, despite earlier failures, was developed by Morse, creating a successful system that quickly replaced horse messengers worldwide.

D. The telegraph, pioneered by Morse and his collaborators, replaced traditional messengers, expanded internationally, and became the foundation for modern communication systems.