

MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 10

The 1st end-of-term test 1

Ho, tên:

Lớp:

Read the following advertisement and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from [sP] to [eP].

Red Journey - Connecting the Vietnamese Bloodline

Join Red Journey, Vietnam's largest national blood donation campaign, aimed (1) _____ tackling the blood shortage, especially during the summer. Since 2013, this campaign (2) _____ by the Central Institute of Hematology and Blood Transfusion, working alongside local authorities and organizations to ensure enough blood for those (3) _____. Join Red Journey, Vietnam's largest national blood donation campaign, aimed (1) _____ tackling the blood shortage, especially during the summer. Since 2013, this campaign (2) _____ by the Central Institute of Hematology and Blood Transfusion, working alongside local authorities and organizations to ensure enough blood for those (3) _____.

By participating in Red Journey, you are helping to save lives and strengthen our community. This campaign is a call to all Vietnamese citizens to realize the importance of (4) _____. Your one donation can make a difference in someone's life. By participating in Red Journey, you are helping to save lives and strengthen our community. This campaign is a call to all Vietnamese citizens to realize the importance of (4) _____. Your one donation can make a difference in someone's life.

With the mission "Connecting the Vietnamese Bloodline," Red Journey (5) _____ unity, compassion, and the importance of sharing this precious gift of life. Every year, we aim to collect enough blood to (6) _____ treatment needs, making a significant impact on thousands of patients. With the mission "Connecting the Vietnamese Bloodline," Red Journey (5) _____ unity, compassion, and the importance of sharing this precious gift of life. Every year, we aim to collect enough blood to (6) _____ treatment needs, making a significant impact on thousands of patients.

Don't wait—step up today and make a difference!

Question 1.

Question 2.

A. has led **B.** led **C.** has been led **D.** was led

IV. Has the

A: in danger **B:** in need **C:** in doubt **D:** in demand

Question 4.

A. voluntary blood donation **B.** blood voluntary donation
C. donation voluntary blood **D.** voluntary donation blood

Question 5.

A. promotes **B.** emphasizes **C.** values **D.** preserves

Question 6.

Read the following leaflet/notice and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from [sP] to [eP].

❖ Transform Your Farm with Precision Agriculture

What is Precision Agriculture?

Precision agriculture is a modern approach that uses technology to manage farming in a more detailed and efficient way. (7) _____ treating the entire field the same, it adjusts methods based on the specific needs of each area. Precision agriculture is a modern approach that uses technology to manage farming in a more detailed and efficient way. (7) _____ treating the entire field the same, it adjusts methods based on the specific needs of each area.

How Does It Work?

By using sensors, satellites, drones, and (8) _____ devices, precision agriculture collects important data about soil, weather, and crop health. This information is used to create maps (9) _____ help

farmers apply resources like water, fertilisers, and pesticides exactly where needed, ensuring no waste. By using sensors, satellites, drones, and (8) _____ devices, precision agriculture collects important data about soil, weather, and crop health. This information is used to create maps (9) _____ help farmers apply resources like water, fertilisers, and pesticides exactly where needed, ensuring no waste.

Why is It Important?

Fields are different from one another, and traditional methods can lead to (10) _____ or underuse of resources. Precision agriculture helps you (11) _____ unnecessary costs, while improving crop quality and sustainability. Fields are different from one another, and traditional methods can lead to (10) _____ or underuse of resources. Precision agriculture helps you (11) _____ unnecessary costs, while improving crop quality and sustainability.

Benefits:

- Increased Yields
- Cost Savings on fertilisers and water
- Environmental Protection by (12) _____ waste- Environmental Protection by (12) _____ waste

Switch to precision agriculture and take your farm to the next level!

Question 7.

A. For example B. Due to C. Despite D. Instead of

Question 8.

A. other B. another C. others D. the other

Question 9.

A. where B. that C. who D. whose

Question 10.

A. misuse B. overuse C. use D. usable

Question 11.

A. cut down on B. put up with C. run out of D. get rid of

Question 12.

A. to reducing B. to reduce C. reduce D. reducing

Choose the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from [sP] to [eP].

Question 13. a. Nina: They have creative solutions that adults often miss.

b. David: New perspectives really drive technological progress forward.

c. David: It's inspiring to see kids building complex robots.

A. c - b - a B. b - a - c C. c - a - b D. b - c - a

Question 14. a. Grace: I think robots will become very normal in the city very soon.

b. Finn: They are making everyday tasks much more efficient and simpler.

c. Finn: Soon, robots will deliver our groceries right to the apartment door.

d. Finn: It shows how technology can help us with regular, physical jobs.

e. Grace: That will be amazing! We won't need to carry heavy bags anymore.

A. c - a - d - e - b B. c - e - d - a - b
C. a - d - e - b - c D. a - b - e - d - c

Question 15. a. One key advantage is that it looks good on your resume or college application, showing you are active and responsible.

b. This makes volunteering an excellent way to prepare for the future while helping today.

c. Also, helping others can boost your self-confidence because you see the positive impact of your actions.

d. Volunteering helps teenagers to grow and learn important things for life.

e. When you work with different people, you quickly improve your communication skills and learn how to be patient.

A. e - a - c - d - b B. d - e - a - c - b
C. d - e - a - b - c D. e - a - c - b - d

Question 16. Dear TechCorp Global Team,

a. I have several inquiries concerning the release schedule. Could you please provide the official release date for this device?

b. I am eager to secure a unit promptly upon launch.

- c. Additionally, I would be grateful to know the confirmed retail price.
- d. Lastly, I am interested in clarifying whether the phone will be available for purchase in physical retail stores, or if sales will be exclusive to your online platform.
- e. As a loyal customer, I greatly value your company's innovations and am very interested in the upcoming launch of your new smartphone, the Apex 9.

Thank you for your consideration of these questions. I look forward to your detailed reply.

Sincerely,

Alex Johnson

A. a - d - b - e - c C. e - a - b - c - d	B. a - d - e - c - b D. e - a - c - d - b
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Question 17. a. For many teenagers, noise-cancelling headphones are an essential tool for studying.
 b. So, these headphones let teenagers concentrate better and get more work done without interruptions.
 c. When a student is trying to concentrate, these headphones can block out distracting sounds from a noisy home or classroom.
 d. This quiet environment makes it easier to focus on reading or completing difficult assignments.
 e. It helps students manage stress by creating a peaceful space for learning.

A. a - c - e - d - b C. c - d - a - b - e	B. c - d - e - a - b D. a - c - d - e - b
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Read the following passage and choose the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from [sP] to [eP].

The best way to reduce food waste is to manage it at the place where it is produced and sold. Industries can use advanced technology to improve their inventory systems. These systems include sensors, reference ID tags, and data analysis to track stock levels in real time. (18) _____. The best way to reduce food waste is to manage it at the place where it is produced and sold. Industries can use advanced technology to improve their inventory systems. These systems include sensors, reference ID tags, and data analysis to track stock levels in real time. (18) _____.

An example of this is Shelf Engine, an app created in Seattle by Stefan Kalb in 2016. It aims to reduce food waste in grocery stores by using smart inventory systems. Shelf Engine uses machine learning and artificial intelligence (19) _____. An example of this is Shelf Engine, an app created in Seattle by Stefan Kalb in 2016. It aims to reduce food waste in grocery stores by using smart inventory systems. Shelf Engine uses machine learning and artificial intelligence (19) _____.

The app collects five types of data: sales figures, planned discounts, shipping information, and other factors such as weather, school calendars, and public holidays. The fifth data stream comes from teams across the country (20) _____. Shelf Engine uses this data to make predictions about demand. For instance, they can predict (21) _____. With this information, grocery stores can adjust their orders and avoid overstocking, which often leads to food waste. (22) _____. The app collects five types of data: sales figures, planned discounts, shipping information, and other factors such as weather, school calendars, and public holidays. The fifth data stream comes from teams across the country (20) _____. Shelf Engine uses this data to make predictions about demand. For instance, they can predict (21) _____. With this information, grocery stores can adjust their orders and avoid overstocking, which often leads to food waste. (22) _____.

Question 18.

- A.** To make sure that food supplies are not overstocked or left to expire unused
- B.** This ensures that food is not overstocked or allowed to expire before being used
- C.** This helps control inventory when food does not pile up or expire before it is needed
- D.** The system that helps balance supply levels so that food neither piles up nor spoils

Question 19.

- A.** which enhances the efficiency of order management for large the United States grocers
- B.** to help major grocery chains in the United States manage their orders more efficiently
- C.** how to assist big American grocery stores to control their purchasing more effectively
- D.** to allow Shelf Engine to make ordering more effective for major American food shops

Question 20.

- A.** whose store visits occur and report what they see
- B.** who visit stores and track what is happening

- C. to check the stores and see what's going on
- D. going to observe the stores to keep track

Question 21.

- A. the number of items will be bought on given days of the week
- B. the total number of products because of selling on different days
- C. how many products will be sold on certain days of the week
- D. instead of estimating product sales for particular weekdays

Question 22.

- A. If stores only order what they truly need, the system will help reduce and minimize waste
- B. The system ensures efficient ordering, that prevents excess and reduces product waste
- C. This system helps reduce waste and makes sure that stores only order what is needed
- D. It helps cut down on waste despite guaranteeing that stores order just what they require

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions from [sP] to [eP].

1. Human actions are causing major changes to the environment, which makes diseases spread more easily. A study of almost 1,000 scientific papers has shown a strong link between human activities and public health. The research, published in the journal *Nature*, suggests that human-driven environmental changes are increasing the risk of infectious diseases.

2. The study examined five key factors that are altering the planet: biodiversity decline, climate change, habitat loss, chemical pollution, and the spread of non-native species. Researchers analyzed almost 3,000 data points to understand how these factors impact disease transmission. They discovered that four of these factors—climate change, pollution, non-native species, and biodiversity decline—are associated with an increased risk of diseases, with biodiversity loss being the most significant.

3. In areas where human activities have reduced biodiversity, disease and death rates are almost nine times higher than natural levels. This is because of the "dilution effect," where common species help diseases spread, and the loss of rare species makes infections more likely. For example, the white-footed mouse, which carries Lyme disease, has become more common, increasing cases in the U.S.

4. Interestingly, habitat loss in cities has been shown to reduce the chances of disease outbreaks.

In cities, sanitation is better, and there are fewer species, which lowers the chances of disease spreading. This makes urban areas less likely to see diseases spill over.

5. Deforestation continues to be a significant threat for the spread of diseases. Clearing forests can allow diseases such as malaria and Ebola to spread more rapidly. Additionally, as the climate warms and ice melts, ancient germs from the Arctic might be released. Habitat loss and climate change could also force animals to gather closer, raising the risk of disease transmission.

Question 23. The word They in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

- A. factors
- B. species
- C. diseases
- D. researchers

Question 24. The phrase associated with in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by _____.

- A. connected to
- B. searched for
- C. focused on
- D. linked to

Question 25. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a factor found to increase the risk of disease in species?

- A. The spread of non-native species.
- B. Chemical pollution.
- C. Biodiversity decline.
- D. Natural disasters.

Question 26. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

- A. Evidence shows that, contrary to intuition, habitat loss in urban areas reduces disease outbreak risk.
- B. Surprisingly, greater urban habitat loss reduces the likelihood of disease outbreaks more than expected.
- C. It is observed that cities with reduced habitats often experience fewer disease outbreaks than other areas.
- D. It is notable that losing habitats in urban areas can significantly decrease the risk of disease spreading.

Question 27. The word rapidly in paragraph 5 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A. widely
- B. slowly
- C. slightly
- D. easily

Question 28. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. The rise in Lyme disease cases is caused by declining white-footed mouse populations.
- B. Thanks to advanced public health measures, cities experience fewer disease outbreaks.

C. Chemical pollution is a major factor weakening the disease resistance of species.

D. Loss of biodiversity significantly increases the rates of both disease and mortality.

Question 29. In which paragraph does the writer mention the release of germs from ancient times?

A. Paragraph 5. **B.** Paragraph 2. **C.** Paragraph 3. **D.** Paragraph 4.

Question 30. In which paragraph does the writer provide figures to demonstrate the close link between human activity and public health?

A. Paragraph 5. **B.** Paragraph 1. **C.** Paragraph 4. **D.** Paragraph 2.

Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each of the following questions from [sP] to [eP].

1. A total of 1,000 medicine cabinets, stocked with essential items such as bandages, gauze, fever reducers, pain relievers, anti-diarrheal medications, and other necessary supplies, are provided to kindergartens and primary schools in remote mountainous and ethnic minority regions to enhance healthcare access for children. [II]

2. Dr. Mai Xuan Phuong, the former Deputy Head of the Communication and Education Department at the General Office for Population and Family Planning, explained that underdeveloped infrastructure, cultural traditions, and poor socio-economic conditions are the main reasons why healthcare is not easily accessible in these communities, especially for children. [III] He shared these insights during the launch of the "Medicine Cabinet for Children" charity project on May 24th.

3. A 2021 report by the United Nations reveals that the under-five mortality rate in Vietnam is still high, with approximately 19 deaths per 1,000 children under the age of five. [III] This rate is much higher than in other countries, such as Thailand, where the rate is 8, and developed countries where it is only 1-2 deaths per 1,000 children.

4. Dr. Phuong also pointed out that a lack of medical staff, proper facilities, and equipment, as well as poor sanitation, make it difficult for children to receive basic healthcare, such as necessary medicine. [IV] Therefore, raising public awareness and providing healthcare services directly in villages is essential.

5. Ms. Nguyen Thu Thao, a representative of the project, noted that only 25% of students receive primary healthcare at school. Many remote schools lack medical equipment, and some do not have a medicine cabinet. Teachers in these areas often have to travel long distances to get medicine for sick students. The project began in Ha Giang with 20 medicine cabinets and plans to expand to more schools across the country. Over 200 schools have already requested cabinets, and 300 more are expected to be delivered this year.

Question 31. The word enhance in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

A. reduce **B.** prevent **C.** delay **D.** avoid

Question 32. The word insights in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by _____.

A. understandings **B.** attitudes **C.** opinions **D.** passions

Question 33. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of the main reasons for limited access to healthcare services in paragraph 2?

A. Weak or limited infrastructure. **B.** Customs affecting health decisions.
C. Shortage of trained doctors. **D.** Economic disadvantages and poverty.

Question 34. The word it in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

A. charity project **B.** mortality rate
C. a 2021 report **D.** Thailand

Question 35. Where in the passage does the following sentence best fit?

Additionally, many families turn to traditional healers instead of medical professionals due to cultural practices.

A. [II] B. [III] C. [IV] D. [I]

Question 36. Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 5?

A. In these remote areas, educators regularly journey long ways to obtain medicine for sick pupils.
B. Traveling far is a common necessity for teachers seeking medicine for ill pupils in these regions.
C. Teachers in remote areas often face challenges when traveling long distances to obtain medicine.
D. Teachers in this area often have to travel long distances to deliver medicine to sick students.

Question 37. Which of the following best summarises paragraph 5?

A. Due to a lack of medical equipment, the "Medicine Cabinet" project began in Ha Giang, quickly gathering high demand.

B. The "Medicine Cabinet" project in Ha Giang provides medical supplies to remote schools, addressing healthcare shortages.

C. Medicine cabinets are provided to underserved schools, enhancing healthcare access for students across Vietnam.

D. Remote schools lack medical supplies, so the "Medicine Cabinet" project, started in Ha Giang, has been promoted.

Question 38. Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

A. Cultural traditions in ethnic minority communities continue to limit access to modern medical care.

B. Multiple organizations' support is needed to install 1,000 medicine cabinets in remote regions.

C. The child survival rate in Vietnam falls considerably behind that of neighboring regional countries.

D. Despite investments, Vietnam's child healthcare system still does not meet international standards.

Question 39. Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

A. Medical services must be directly delivered to villages promptly to reduce child mortality rates.

B. High child mortality rates highlight the insufficient expertise in Vietnam's child healthcare system.

C. Health education in communities is essential to maintain improvements in remote areas' public health.

D. Effectively addressing the rural healthcare crisis requires active involvement from local authorities.

Question 40. Which of the following best summarises the passage?

A. By providing medicine cabinets, the "Medicine Cabinet for Children" project improves access to healthcare for children in rural areas facing socioeconomic and cultural challenges.

B. High child mortality in Vietnam's remote areas, caused by poor facilities and culture, is being addressed by a project, "Medicine Cabinet for Children", which delivers 1,000 medicine cabinets to schools.

C. To bridge the significant health gap between urban and rural children, the "Medicine Cabinet for Children" project provides essential medical supplies and raises community awareness in remote villages.

D. The "Medicine Cabinet for Children" project supplies 1,000 stocked cabinets to remote schools, improving child healthcare amid poor infrastructure, limited staff, and cultural barriers.