

STANDARD VS.8B SEGREGATION & "JIM CROW"

The freedoms and rights promised to African Americans were slowly taken away after Reconstruction, and it would take years to win them back.

"Jim Crow" laws had an effect on African Americans and American Indians.

Terms to know

- **Segregation:** The separation of people, usually based on race or religion
- **Discrimination:** An unfair difference in the treatment of people

During Reconstruction, African Americans began to have power in Virginia's government, and black and white men could vote and hold office.

After Reconstruction, these gains were lost when "Jim Crow" Laws were passed by southern states.

- "Jim Crow" Laws established segregation or separation of the races and reinforced prejudices held by whites

Effect of "Jim Crow" laws on the lives of African Americans and American Indians included

- experiencing **unfair poll taxes** and **voting tests** that were established to keep them from voting;
- difficulty voting or holding public office;
- being forced to use **separate, poor-quality facilities** and services, such as drinking fountains, restrooms, and restaurants; and
- attending **separate schools**.



Segregation and discrimination had an impact on:

- Housing
- Employment
- Health care
- Political representation
- Education



1. _____ is the separation of people, usually based on race or religion.
2. _____ is the unfair difference in the treatment of people.
3. During Reconstruction, _____ could vote and hold office.
4. After Reconstruction, those gains were lost when _____ were passed by _____.
5. "Jim Crow" Law reinforced _____ held by whites by establishing _____ by race.
6. _____ and _____ kept African Americans and American Indians from voting.
7. These laws made it difficult for African Americans and American Indians to hold _____.
8. African Americans and American Indians were forced to use _____, poor-quality facilities.
9. People of different races attended _____ schools.
10. Segregation and discrimination had an impact on the following (select ALL that apply)

railroads	education	gardens	health care	political representation
employment	pets	housing	crops	industry