

20 Multiple choice questions

Term

Who was the commander-in-chief for the duration of the War of 1812?

1 of 20

- James Madison
- Benjamin Franklin
- John Adams
- Patrick Henry

Term

Which of the following two countries most interfered with United States trade on the Atlantic Ocean?

2 of 20

- Germany and Canada
- Britain and France
- Egypt and Jordan
- Mexico and France

Term

Who wrote 'The Star-Spangled Banner?' (First AND Last Name)

3 of 20

- William Henry Harrison
- John Quincy Adams
- Francis Scott Key
- Oliver Hazard Perry

Term

What treaty officially ended the War of 1812?

4 of 20

- Treaty of Versailles
- Treaty of Greensburg
- Treaty of Paris
- Treaty of Ghent

Term

The 'Star-Spangled Banner' was written during the British attack on:

5 of 20

- Fort Pickens, Florida
- Boston, Massachusetts
- Fort Pulaski, Georgia
- Fort McHenry, Maryland

Term

Who were the War Hawks?

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- Northern representatives who opposed war with Britain
- Eastern politicians who favored peace with France
- Central leaders who advocated neutrality in European conflicts
- Southern and Western representatives who wanted war with Britain. They believed in Nationalism

Term

One direct result of the Battle of New Orleans was that _____.

7 of 20

- Andrew Jackson lost his military reputation
- New Orleans was captured by the British
- Andrew Jackson resigned from public service
- Andrew Jackson became a national hero

What was the most important reason why the British decided to attack New Orleans?

- the rich resources of New Orleans
- the location of New Orleans on the Mississippi River
- the strategic naval base in New Orleans
- the cultural significance of New Orleans

What were the provisions of the Treaty of Ghent?

- to revive the nation's trade
- Britain sent reinforcements (British veterans) from Europe- they had finished war with France
 - Each nation returned conquered territory
 - All outstanding debts and property taken was returned or paid in full
 - No territorial concessions were made by either side
- American patriotism, weakened Native American resistance, and U.S. manufacturing grew.

Whom did the U. S. fight in the War of 1812?

- Germany
- Japan
- Britain
- Spain

Why was Britain hesitant to go to war with the U.S. in 1812?

- Because Britain was allied with the U.S.
- Because the British were focused on trade with the U.S.
- Because the British were also fighting against France
- Because the U.S. had a strong military

What were the effects of the War of 1812?

- American patriotism, weakened Native American resistance, and U.S. manufacturing grew.
 - increased American patriotism
 - weakened Native American resistance
 - encouraged growth of American manufacturing
- Britain sent reinforcements (British veterans) from Europe- they had finished war with France
- nationalism

The people most opposed to the War of 1812 were

- Scots-irish farmers
- Southern Plantation owners
- Southern planters
- New England merchants

What were the 3 major results of the War of 1812?

- Decline in American patriotism, strengthened Native American alliances, and reduced U.S. manufacturing.
- American patriotism, weakened Native American resistance, and U.S. manufacturing grew.
- American isolationism, growth in British manufacturing, and Weakened U.S. economy.
- Increased British influence, decline in U.S. trade, and strengthened Native American power.

What is another name for the War of 1812?

- Britain**
- stay out of the conflict between France and Britain**
- Mr. Madison's war**
- 2nd American Revolution**
- War for Independence**
- (Any one of these)**
- Baltimore, Maryland**

What was the purpose of the Non-Intercourse Act?

- Because the British were also fighting against France**
- to revive the nation's trade**
- American patriotism, weakened Native American resistance, and U.S. manufacturing grew.**
- the location of New Orleans on the Mississippi River**

Which battle resulted in Americans burning the British capitol in Upper Canada?

- York, Canada**
- Baltimore, Maryland**
- Fort McHenry, Maryland**
- New Orleans, Louisiana**

Prior to the War of 1812, the United States wanted to _____.

- intervene in the trade disputes between France and Britain**
- stay out of the conflict between France and Britain**
- support Britain in their conflict with France**
- join the alliance with France against Britain**

Which battle resulted in the writing of "The Star Spangled Banner?"

- Philadelphia, Pennsylvania**
- Montgomery, Alabama**
- New Orleans, Louisiana**
- Baltimore, Maryland**

What is the term for pride for one's country?

- fascism**
- liberalism**
- nationalism**
- isolationism**