

■ ■ Australian Citizenship Practice Test (Complete Options)

Each question has one correct answer (A, B, C, or D).

Australia and Its People

1. What is the capital city of Australia?

- A. Sydney
- B. Canberra
- C. Melbourne
- D. Perth

2. What are the colors of the Australian national flag?

- A. Green, gold, and red
- B. Blue, white, and red
- C. Green, white, and blue
- D. Red, white, and black

3. The stars on the Australian flag represent:

- A. The Great Barrier Reef
- B. The Southern Cross constellation
- C. The states of Australia
- D. The Anzacs

4. What is the name of the Australian national anthem?

- A. God Save the King
- B. Advance Australia Fair
- C. Waltzing Matilda
- D. We Are Australian

5. When is Australia Day celebrated?

- A. 1 January
- B. 25 April
- C. 26 January
- D. 14 July

6. Who were the first inhabitants of Australia?

- A. British settlers
- B. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples
- C. European explorers
- D. Asian traders

7. What are the national colors of Australia?

- A. Red and blue
- B. Green and gold



- C. Black and yellow
 - D. White and blue
8. What is the name of the famous landmark in the Northern Territory?
- A. Uluru (Ayers Rock)
 - B. The Sydney Harbour Bridge
 - C. The Great Ocean Road
 - D. Bondi Beach
9. What do we call the Indigenous peoples' spiritual connection to the land?
- A. The Dreaming (Dreamtime)
 - B. Federation
 - C. Reconciliation
 - D. Citizenship
10. What are the main colors of the Aboriginal flag?
- A. Green, gold, and black
 - B. Blue, white, and red
 - C. Black, red, and yellow
 - D. Green, red, and white

Australia's Democratic Beliefs, Rights and Liberties

11. What does "freedom of speech" mean?
- A. You can say anything, even if it harms others
 - B. You can express opinions freely within the law
 - C. You can insult people in public
 - D. Only politicians can speak publicly
12. What does "freedom of religion" mean?
- A. You must follow Christianity
 - B. You can choose, practice, or not follow any religion
 - C. You can only practice your religion at home
 - D. The government decides your religion
13. What is "rule of law"?
- A. Only the police must obey the law
 - B. Everyone, including leaders, must obey the law
 - C. The Prime Minister can ignore laws
 - D. The law applies only to citizens
14. Can Australians criticize the government?
- A. No, it is not allowed
 - B. Yes, within the law
 - C. Only journalists can
 - D. Only during elections



15. What must Australians do when they vote?

- A. Tell others who they voted for
- B. Vote in secret and only once
- C. Vote as their friends suggest
- D. Not vote at all

16. What does "equality before the law" mean?

- A. Some people have more rights than others
- B. Everyone is treated the same under the law
- C. The rich can pay to avoid laws
- D. Only men are equal before the law

17. What is one responsibility of Australian citizens?

- A. To obey the law
- B. To criticize other citizens
- C. To avoid paying taxes
- D. To serve in the army

18. What does "fair go" mean?

- A. Everyone deserves an equal opportunity
- B. Only Australians get chances
- C. Taking advantage of others
- D. Having a holiday

Government and the Law in Australia

19. What type of government does Australia have?

- A. Dictatorship
- B. Constitutional monarchy and parliamentary democracy
- C. Republic
- D. Military rule

20. Who is the Head of State of Australia?

- A. The Prime Minister
- B. The King of Australia
- C. The Governor-General
- D. The Chief Justice

21. Who represents the Head of State in Australia?

- A. The Premier
- B. The Chief Minister
- C. The Governor-General
- D. The Speaker

22. Who is the Head of Government in Australia?



- A. The Governor-General
- B. The Prime Minister
- C. The King
- D. The High Court Judge

23. What are the two houses of the Australian Parliament?

- A. The Senate and the House of Representatives
- B. The Upper House and the People's Chamber
- C. The Cabinet and the House of Lords
- D. The Council and the Court

24. How often are federal elections held?

- A. Every 2 years
- B. Every 3 years
- C. Every 4 years
- D. Every 5 years

25. Who makes laws in Australia?

- A. The police
- B. The courts
- C. The Parliament
- D. The Prime Minister alone

26. What is the highest court in Australia?

- A. The Supreme Court
- B. The High Court of Australia
- C. The Federal Court
- D. The Magistrates Court

27. Who enforces the law in Australia?

- A. The Prime Minister
- B. The Parliament
- C. The police
- D. The military

28. Who can vote in Australian elections?

- A. All residents over 18
- B. Australian citizens over 18
- C. Only property owners
- D. Permanent residents only

29. What does "compulsory voting" mean?

- A. Voting is required by law
- B. Only optional for some people
- C. You must vote for the government
- D. Only politicians must vote



30. What does "separation of powers" mean?
- A. The government controls everything
 - B. Each branch of government has separate powers
 - C. The police make the laws
 - D. There are no separate powers

Australian Values

31. What is "mateship"?
- A. Loyalty and helping each other
 - B. Business competition
 - C. Only helping family
 - D. Political friendship
32. What are some core Australian values?
- A. Freedom, equality, and fairness
 - B. Wealth and power
 - C. Obedience and control
 - D. Isolation and secrecy
33. Why is respect for others important?
- A. It creates conflict
 - B. It ensures dignity and harmony
 - C. It limits freedom
 - D. It weakens community
34. What does "equality of opportunity" mean?
- A. Everyone gets the same results
 - B. Everyone has the same chance to succeed
 - C. Only citizens get jobs
 - D. The rich have more chances
35. How are disagreements usually resolved in Australia?
- A. Through violence
 - B. Through peaceful discussion and the law
 - C. By ignoring them
 - D. Through protests only
36. What is expected from citizens in elections?
- A. To vote responsibly and respect the results
 - B. To refuse to vote
 - C. To argue with others
 - D. To vote multiple times
37. What is one example of contributing to the community?
- A. Volunteering to help others



- B. Ignoring local issues
- C. Breaking the law
- D. Avoiding taxes

38. What does "loyalty to Australia" mean?

- A. Being proud of and committed to Australia
- B. Only supporting your own culture
- C. Ignoring Australian values
- D. Disrespecting the law

39. What does "fairness" mean in Australia?

- A. Treating everyone equally and justly
- B. Preferring your friends
- C. Helping only your family
- D. Taking advantage of others

40. Why is volunteering valued in Australia?

- A. It helps the community and shows caring
- B. It replaces paid jobs
- C. It's mandatory by law
- D. It helps only the government

