

■■■ Australian Citizenship Practice Test (Complete Options)

Each question has one correct answer (A, B, C, or D).

Australia and Its People

1. What is the capital city of Australia?
 - A. Sydney
 - B. Canberra
 - C. Melbourne
 - D. Perth

2. What are the colors of the Australian national flag?
 - A. Green, gold, and red
 - B. Blue, white, and red
 - C. Green, white, and blue
 - D. Red, white, and black

3. The stars on the Australian flag represent:
 - A. The Great Barrier Reef
 - B. The Southern Cross constellation
 - C. The states of Australia
 - D. The Anzacs

4. What is the name of the Australian national anthem?
 - A. God Save the King
 - B. Advance Australia Fair
 - C. Waltzing Matilda
 - D. We Are Australian

5. When is Australia Day celebrated?
 - A. 1 January
 - B. 25 April
 - C. 26 January
 - D. 14 July

6. Who were the first inhabitants of Australia?
 - A. British settlers
 - B. Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples
 - C. European explorers
 - D. Asian traders

7. What are the national colors of Australia?
 - A. Red and blue
 - B. Green and gold



C. Black and yellow

D. White and blue

8. What is the name of the famous landmark in the Northern Territory?

A. Uluru (Ayers Rock)

B. The Sydney Harbour Bridge

C. The Great Ocean Road

D. Bondi Beach

9. What do we call the Indigenous peoples' spiritual connection to the land?

A. The Dreaming (Dreamtime)

B. Federation

C. Reconciliation

D. Citizenship

10. What are the main colors of the Aboriginal flag?

A. Green, gold, and black

B. Blue, white, and red

C. Black, red, and yellow

D. Green, red, and white

Australia's Democratic Beliefs, Rights and Liberties

11. What does "freedom of speech" mean?

A. You can say anything, even if it harms others

B. You can express opinions freely within the law

C. You can insult people in public

D. Only politicians can speak publicly

12. What does "freedom of religion" mean?

A. You must follow Christianity

B. You can choose, practice, or not follow any religion

C. You can only practice your religion at home

D. The government decides your religion

13. What is "rule of law"?

A. Only the police must obey the law

B. Everyone, including leaders, must obey the law

C. The Prime Minister can ignore laws

D. The law applies only to citizens

14. Can Australians criticize the government?

A. No, it is not allowed

B. Yes, within the law

C. Only journalists can

D. Only during elections



15. What must Australians do when they vote?

- A. Tell others who they voted for
- B. Vote in secret and only once
- C. Vote as their friends suggest
- D. Not vote at all

16. What does "equality before the law" mean?

- A. Some people have more rights than others
- B. Everyone is treated the same under the law
- C. The rich can pay to avoid laws
- D. Only men are equal before the law

17. What is one responsibility of Australian citizens?

- A. To obey the law
- B. To criticize other citizens
- C. To avoid paying taxes
- D. To serve in the army

18. What does "fair go" mean?

- A. Everyone deserves an equal opportunity
- B. Only Australians get chances
- C. Taking advantage of others
- D. Having a holiday

Government and the Law in Australia

19. What type of government does Australia have?

- A. Dictatorship
- B. Constitutional monarchy and parliamentary democracy
- C. Republic
- D. Military rule

20. Who is the Head of State of Australia?

- A. The Prime Minister
- B. The King of Australia
- C. The Governor-General
- D. The Chief Justice

21. Who represents the Head of State in Australia?

- A. The Premier
- B. The Chief Minister
- C. The Governor-General
- D. The Speaker

22. Who is the Head of Government in Australia?



A. The Governor-General

B. The Prime Minister

C. The King

D. The High Court Judge

23. What are the two houses of the Australian Parliament?

A. The Senate and the House of Representatives

B. The Upper House and the People's Chamber

C. The Cabinet and the House of Lords

D. The Council and the Court

24. How often are federal elections held?

A. Every 2 years

B. Every 3 years

C. Every 4 years

D. Every 5 years

25. Who makes laws in Australia?

A. The police

B. The courts

C. The Parliament

D. The Prime Minister alone

26. What is the highest court in Australia?

A. The Supreme Court

B. The High Court of Australia

C. The Federal Court

D. The Magistrates Court

27. Who enforces the law in Australia?

A. The Prime Minister

B. The Parliament

C. The police

D. The military

28. Who can vote in Australian elections?

A. All residents over 18

B. Australian citizens over 18

C. Only property owners

D. Permanent residents only

29. What does "compulsory voting" mean?

A. Voting is required by law

B. Only optional for some people

C. You must vote for the government

D. Only politicians must vote



30. What does "separation of powers" mean?

- A. The government controls everything
- B. Each branch of government has separate powers
- C. The police make the laws
- D. There are no separate powers

Australian Values

31. What is "mateship"?

- A. Loyalty and helping each other
- B. Business competition
- C. Only helping family
- D. Political friendship

32. What are some core Australian values?

- A. Freedom, equality, and fairness
- B. Wealth and power
- C. Obedience and control
- D. Isolation and secrecy

33. Why is respect for others important?

- A. It creates conflict
- B. It ensures dignity and harmony
- C. It limits freedom
- D. It weakens community

34. What does "equality of opportunity" mean?

- A. Everyone gets the same results
- B. Everyone has the same chance to succeed
- C. Only citizens get jobs
- D. The rich have more chances

35. How are disagreements usually resolved in Australia?

- A. Through violence
- B. Through peaceful discussion and the law
- C. By ignoring them
- D. Through protests only

36. What is expected from citizens in elections?

- A. To vote responsibly and respect the results
- B. To refuse to vote
- C. To argue with others
- D. To vote multiple times

37. What is one example of contributing to the community?

- A. Volunteering to help others



LEARN, TALK & ENJOY



LEARN, TALK & ENJOY

- B. Ignoring local issues
- C. Breaking the law
- D. Avoiding taxes

38. What does "loyalty to Australia" mean?

- A. Being proud of and committed to Australia
- B. Only supporting your own culture
- C. Ignoring Australian values
- D. Disrespecting the law

39. What does "fairness" mean in Australia?

- A. Treating everyone equally and justly
- B. Preferring your friends
- C. Helping only your family
- D. Taking advantage of others

40. Why is volunteering valued in Australia?

- A. It helps the community and shows caring
- B. It replaces paid jobs
- C. It's mandatory by law
- D. It helps only the government

