

9 IDENTIFY the correct layer of the geosphere and WRITE.

- a. The central part of this layer is solid. → _____
- b. It is the thinnest, outer part of the geosphere. → _____
- c. It is liquid and extremely hot. → _____
- d. There are areas of molten rocks in this layer. → _____

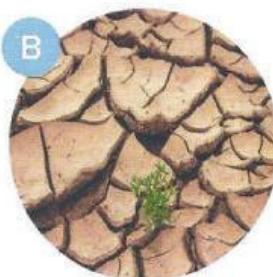
10 ANSWER the questions about natural hazards.

- a. What are natural hazards?

- b. What do we use to measure the intensity of an earthquake?

- c. What happens during a volcanic eruption?

11 LABEL the photos and MATCH these natural hazards to their descriptions.



- It is a long period of time when it rains very little. A heatwave can start it.
- It can be caused by lightning, but most are caused by human activity.
- It happens when heavy rain causes a body of water to overflow.
- It is a storm with heavy rain and strong wind.

How do we represent the Earth?

12 MATCH to make sentences about the different representations of the Earth.

- a. Globes and maps • the extreme north and south points of the Earth's axis.
- b. The Equator is • an imaginary line on which the Earth spins.
- c. The Earth's axis is • are representations of the Earth.
- d. The poles are • an imaginary line that divides the Earth into two halves.

13 WRITE the differences between a globe and a map.

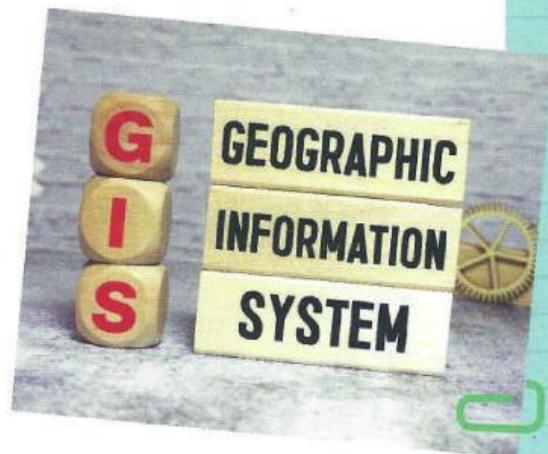
14 MATCH the letters to the correct part of the map.



What do we use maps for?

15 WRITE how GIS maps are produced.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____



16 TICK the true sentences. CORRECT the false ones.

- Maps include a compass rose to help us to find north, south, east and west.
- The Sun rises in the east and sets in the south.
- Orientation is our position in relation to the north.
- The south face of a mountain is the shady side.

17 LABEL the photos.

compass

map

GPS receiver

