THE REDEEMED CHRISTIAN BIBLE COLLEGE YOUTH CAMPUS NORTH
EXAMINATION: CHURCH HISTORY 1

1. **What does Church History primarily deal with?**
   a) The future of Christianity b) Scientific discoveries
   c) Events from the past in relation to the present d) Political history
2. **The study of Church History spans a period of over:**
   a) 1000 years b) 1500 years c) 500 years d) 2000 years
3. **In the RCCG Bible College, what is the first stage of studying Church History?**
   a) Reformation Age b) Apostolic Age c) Renaissance Period d) Middle Ages
4. **Which of the following is NOT a focus in GES 116?**
   a) Indigenous African Churches b) Church expansion in Africa
   c) Future predictions of the Church d) Early Church doctrine
5. **The Roman Emperor's worship was introduced to:**
   a) Encourage religious diversity b) Replace Judaism
   c) Bring unity and consolidate power d) Promote Greek culture
6. **The Roman world before Christianity was characterized by:**
   a) Peace and harmony b) Socio-religious diversity
   c) Monotheism d) Uniformity of beliefs
7. **The Christians refused to:**
   a) Participate in agriculture b) Trade with Romans
   c) Worship the Emperor d) Pay taxes
8. **The refusal of Christians to worship the emperor was seen as:**
   a) Courage b) Loyalty c) Disloyalty to the state d) Tolerance
9. **The group that defended Christianity in writing were called:**
   a) Apostles b)Pharisees c) Apologists d) Missionaries
10. **What was considered a mark of true Christianity during early persecution?**
    a) Fasting b) Tithing c) Church attendance d) Martyrdom
11. **Who was the first Roman Emperor to convert to Christianity?**
    a) Nero b) Augustus c) Constantine d) Domitian
12. **Constantine claimed he saw a vision instructing him to:**
    a) Destroy pagan temples b) Fast for 40 days
    c) Use the symbol of God in battle d) Preach the gospel
13. **The study of GES 116 begins with:**
    a) The teachings of Paul b) The New Testament canon
    c) The socio-religious state of the Roman Empire d) The Reformation

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14. **What does the course GES 116 aim to examine?**

a) Political history of Israel
b) Life of Roman Emperors
c) History, doctrine, and life of the early Church
d) Cultural artifacts of the early church

15. **One major reason for Christian persecution in the Roman Empire was:**

a) Refusal to join the army
b) Rejection of emperor worship
c) Worshipping on Sundays
d) Giving to the poor

16. **The Apologists wrote to:**

a) Oppose Christianity
b) Defend the faith
c) Attack the Roman Empire
d) Reform the Jewish law

17. **Martyrs were:**

a) Roman soldiers
b) Christian heretics
c) Christians who died for their faith
d) Church founders

18. **The Roman Empire was a mix of:**

a) Only Roman tribes
b) Various races and cultures
c) Egyptians and Jews only
d) Greeks and Latins

19. **According to the course material, religion in the Roman Empire was:**

a) Strictly monotheistic
b) Banned by the Emperor
c) Diverse with many practices
d) Uniform and government-regulated

20. **The main binding force of the Roman Empire's religious unity was:**

a) Worship of nature
b) Worship of ancestors
c) Worship of the emperor
d) Worship of the sun

21. **What was Marcion accused of teaching that was considered blasphemous?**

a) The existence of one God
b) The existence of two Gods
c) The divinity of Jesus only
d) Salvation through works

22. **Who were the three notable Church fathers mentioned in Module XII?**

a) Augustine, Origen, Polycarp
b) Hippo, Origen, St. Cyprian of Carthage
c) Ignatius, Polycarp, Clement
d) Donatus, Marcion, Arius

23. **Origen was born in Alexandria about what year?**

a) 185 A.D.
b) 254 A.D.
c) 313 A.D.
d) 150 A.D.

24. **What did Origen always write as a member of the Church of martyrs?**

a) Apologetic works
b) Doctrinal essays
c) Devotional commentaries
d) In one of his apologetic works

25. **Polycarp was martyred on what date?**

a) February 23rd, 155 A.D.
b) February 23rd, 156 A.D.
c) January 155 A.D.
d) March 23rd, 156 A.D.

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26. **What did Polycarp famously say when asked to swear by the genius of Caesar?**

a) "I am a Christian" b) "Eighty and six years have I served him"

c) "Swear I will release you" d) "I do not know who I am"

27. **Who was the first Englishman to speak out against the corruption of the Church of England?** a) Martin Luther b) John Wycliffe c) Jan Hus d) Erasmus

28. **Martin Luther nailed his 95 theses to the door of the Castle church in Wittenberg in what year?** a) 1517 A.D. b) 1520 A.D. c) 1510 A.D. d) 1521 A.D.

29. **Augustine returned to Africa in what year after his father's death?**

a) 388 A.D. b) 395 A.D. c) 430 A.D. d) 354 A.D.

30. **What is the title of Augustine's most famous work dealing with spiritual life?**

a) City of God b) The Confessions c) On the Trinity d) Against the Donatists

31. **The Council of Nicaea was held in what year?**

a) 325 A.D. b) 313 A.D. c) 362 A.D. d) 381 A.D.

32. **Who opposed the Nicene Creed and threatened all those who professed Arianism with exile?** a) Constantine I b) Theodosius c) Arius d) Athanasius

33. **The Donatists believed that all those who lapsed during persecution should be allowed back into the Church but the Donatist said 'no'. This led to a split in which region?**

a) Rome b) North Africa c) Asia Minor d) Constantinople

34. **Who was the schismatic Bishop of Carthage (313-347 A.D.) in North Africa?**

a) Caecilian b) Mensurius c) Donatus d) Felix of Aptunga

35. **Cyprian insisted that a second baptism was necessary for re-admission of those who lapsed under torture. Who recognized the Novatian baptism?**

a) Rome b) Carthage c) Hippo d) Alexandria

36. **According to Cyprian, who is not a member of the Catholic Church?**

a) Anyone who is not Catholic is a heretic

b) Anyone who is Catholic but outside the Church

c) Anyone who is not Catholic and cannot receive salvation

d) Anyone who is Catholic but has lapsed

37. **Origen taught that God gave man free-will to carry out what?**

a) Sinless life b) Virtuous life c) Eternal life d) Salvation

38. **St. Augustine disagreed with Pelagius saying that his doctrine contradicts the teaching of the scripture and his own religious experience. Pelagius taught that evil actions come from what?** a) Adam b) Free-will c) Nature d) Inherent evil

39. **Montanism was a schismatic movement that originated in a town called Phrygia in what century?**

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a) 2nd century b) 1st century c) 4th century d) 3rd century

40. **Marcion, a Christian in the early Church, held beliefs that God of the Old Testament was wicked and took revenge, while the God in the New Testament is a very good God. Marcion came to Rome about what year?**

a) 140 A.D. b) 100 A.D. c) 200 A.D. d) 313 A.D.

41. **According to the text, who is considered the Logos subordinate to the Father?**

a) Jesus Christ b) The Holy Spirit c) Arius d) Paul of Samosata

42. **What event is associated with the year 165 A.D. in the text?**

a) The conversion of Emperor Constantine b) Justin Martyr's arrest

c) The Council of Nicaea d) The birth of the Church

43. **Which Apostolic Father is mentioned as writing in the early Church?**

a) Clement of Rome b) Ignatius of Antioch

c) Polycarp of Smyrna d) All of the above

44. **What was the main task of Christian apologists in the early Church?**

a) To build monasteries b) To write in intellectual recognition for Christianity

c) To perform baptisms d) To lead military campaigns

45. **Who declared that God alone is without a beginning?**

a) Justin Martyr b) Arius c) Emperor Constantine d) Donatus

46. **What doctrine did Arius promote regarding Jesus?**

a) Jesus was co-eternal with God b) Jesus was a creature, not God

c) Jesus was the Holy Spirit d) Jesus was an angel

47. **In what year did Emperor Constantine see the sign "By This Sign You Shall Conquer"?**

a) 313 A.D. b) 325 A.D. c) 312 A.D. d) 249-251 A.D.

48. **What was the significance of the Jewish opposition to the early disciples?**

a) It led to the arrest of Apostles b) It caused the killing of Stephen

c) It resulted in the imprisonment of Peter d) All of the above

49. **When was Nero's persecution of Christians?**

a) A.D. 64 b) A.D. 313 c) A.D. 251 d) A.D. 165

50. **What replaced the strict Jewish congregation in the early Church?**

a) The New Testament b) The Universal Church ,

c) The Old Testament d) The Apocrypha

51. **How many books does the New Testament contain?**

a) 27 b) 39 c) 66 d) 22

52. **On which day did the Holy Spirit descend upon the disciples?**

a) Passover b) Pentecost c) Tabernacles d) Atonement

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53. **What was the name of the feast observed on the fiftieth day after Passover?**

a) Pentecost b) Weeks c) Both a and b d) None of the above

54. **Who preached and brought salvation to many people in Samaria?**

a) Peter b) Philip c) John d) Paul

55. **Who was converted on the road to Damascus?**

a) Philip b) Stephen c) Saul (Paul) d) Barnabas

56. **What marked the beginning of monasticism?**

a) Persecution under Nero b) Anthony living in Egypt (A.D. 250 - 356)

c) The Council of Nicaea d) The birth of Jesus

57. **Who is considered the reformer of Monastic life in Monte Casino?**

a) Anthony b) Pachomius c) Benedict d) Constantine

58. **What was one of the internal problems faced by the early Church?**

a) Racial Discrimination b) Acceptance of Gentile Christians

c) Problem of Circumcision d) All of the above

59. **Who is it implicating if not totally wrong to set a date for the origin of the Church?**

a) The Apostles b) Jesus Christ c) The Holy Spirit d) The Roman Empire

60. **What did the Canon of the New Testament require over two hundred years for?**

a) Circulation before being accepted b) Writing by the apostles

c) Ascertainment of apostolicity d) All of the above

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