

PLANTEL CHALCO
EXAMEN SEGUNDO PARCIAL DE INGLÉS V
TURNO VESPERTINO

NAME _____ GROUP: _____
TEACHER'S NAME: RUBEN VALLE GONZALEZ. DATE: _____
NO. LIST: . SEMESTER: 2025-2026.

VALUE REVIEW. 50 POINTS

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS: Read carefully and answer what is asked.

NOTE: All answers must be written with black pen or blue and you cannot use correction fluid otherwise the right review is lost. ANSWER ABOVE, CORRECTED OR OUTSIDE THE SPECIFIED PLACE IS CANCELED.

Topics: Past Modals – Third Conditional – Prefixes and Suffixes

Total: 50 multiple-choice questions

SECTION A – Past Modal Verbs (1–20)

1. You _____ told me you were coming; I would have prepared something for dinner.
A) must have
B) might have
C) could have
D) should have
2. He looks exhausted; he _____ worked all night.
A) might have
B) should have
C) must has
D) could
3. They _____ missed the train because they arrived too late.
A) should have
B) could have
C) must have
D) might has
4. You _____ left your wallet at the restaurant; check the table.
A) may have
B) should has
C) must has
D) could
5. I _____ called you earlier, but I forgot.
A) could have
B) must have
C) might had
D) should
6. He _____ lied to you; he's always honest.
A) can't have
B) must have
C) may has
D) might had
7. She _____ studied harder; that's why she failed the test.
A) might have

B) should have
C) must had
D) could

8. The road is wet; it _____ rained last night.
A) must have
B) should
C) may had
D) could

9. You _____ told me about the meeting! I missed it.
A) should have
B) must had
C) might
D) could

10. He _____ seen the message; he was online all day.
A) must have
B) might
C) should
D) can

11. I _____ eaten so much; now I feel sick.
A) might have
B) shouldn't have
C) must
D) could

12. They _____ finished by now; they started hours ago.
A) must have
B) could
C) might
D) should

13. You _____ parked here; it's a no-parking zone.
A) shouldn't have
B) must have
C) could
D) can't

14. We _____ missed the exit; the GPS said it was back there.
A) must have
B) should
C) can't
D) could

15. He _____ called earlier, but I didn't hear the phone.
A) might have
B) should
C) can't
D) must had

16. You _____ helped her with the project; she was struggling.
A) could have
B) must

C) can't
D) may had

17. She _____ lost her keys; she's been looking everywhere.
A) must have
B) can't
C) might had
D) should

18. They _____ arrived late because of traffic.
A) might have
B) must
C) could
D) should

19. I _____ told the truth, but I was afraid.
A) should have
B) can't
C) must had
D) might

20. He _____ forgotten his passport; he never forgets anything!
A) can't have
B) must had
C) should
D) might had

SECTION B – Third Conditional (21–35)

21. If I _____ harder, I would have passed the test.
A) study
B) studied
C) had studied
D) would study

22. If they _____ earlier, they wouldn't have missed the bus.
A) left
B) had left
C) would leave
D) leave

23. If you had told me the truth, I _____ helped you.
A) will
B) would have
C) would
D) had

24. She would have come if she _____ the invitation.
A) had received
B) received
C) has received
D) was received

25. If I _____ more money, I would have traveled abroad.
A) have

B) had had
C) has
D) had

26. We _____ gotten lost if we had followed the map.
A) wouldn't have
B) didn't
C) hadn't
D) wouldn't

27. If he had known about the problem, he _____ solved it sooner.
A) might have
B) would
C) will
D) had

28. You would have failed if you _____ studied.
A) hadn't
B) didn't
C) haven't
D) won't

29. If they _____ the weather forecast, they wouldn't have gone camping.
A) checked
B) had checked
C) would check
D) have checked

30. She _____ if she had known how dangerous it was.
A) wouldn't have gone
B) won't go
C) didn't go
D) would gone

31. If we _____ the tickets earlier, we would have gotten better seats.
A) buy
B) bought
C) had bought
D) have bought

32. If I had woken up earlier, I _____ missed the train.
A) wouldn't have
B) didn't
C) won't
D) hadn't

33. He would have passed if he _____ more effort.
A) had put
B) put
C) would put
D) was putting

34. If they _____ the rules, they wouldn't have been punished.
A) followed
B) follow

C) had followed
D) have followed

35. If I _____ you, I would have apologized immediately.
A) were
B) am
C) had been
D) be

SECTION C – Prefixes and Suffixes (36–50)

36. The opposite of “possible” is _____.
A) unpossible
B) impossible
C) dispossible
D) mispossible

37. The noun form of “happy” is _____.
A) happiness
B) happyment
C) happify
D) happity

38. “Careless” means _____.
A) full of care
B) without care
C) with extra care
D) caring a lot

39. The adjective from “beauty” is _____.
A) beautify
B) beautiful
C) beautyness
D) beautee

40. “Disagree” means _____.
A) agree again
B) not agree
C) agree completely
D) make agreement

41. The suffix “-ness” changes an adjective into a _____.
A) verb
B) noun
C) adverb
D) adjective

42. The prefix “re-” means _____.
A) not
B) again
C) before
D) without

43. The opposite of “legal” is _____.
A) nonlegal

B) illegal
C) dislegal
D) alegal

44. “Unfriendly” means _____.
A) very friendly
B) not friendly
C) too friendly
D) almost friendly

45. “Employment” is a noun made from the verb _____.
A) employ
B) employee
C) employed
D) employer

46. “Hopeful” means _____.
A) full of hope
B) without hope
C) hopeless
D) hopelessly

47. The prefix “mis-” means _____.
A) again
B) wrong/badly
C) before
D) without

48. “Teacher” is a noun formed with the suffix _____.
A) -ness
B) -tion
C) -er
D) -ful

49. “Unhappy” means _____.
A) very happy
B) not happy
C) always happy
D) happy again

50. The opposite of “appear” is _____.
A) disappear
B) unappear
C) deappear
D) nonappear