

Test One (Units 1–5)

Choose the correct letter: A, B, C or D.

- 1 She burst into when she opened the letter.
A crying B sadness C misery D tears
- 2 Don't stand too near the edge of the because you might fall.
A peak B valley C cliff D hill
- 3 I felt extremely when I couldn't remember my neighbour's name.
A embarrassed B embarrassment C embarrass D embarrassing
- 4 I prefer string instruments so the is my favourite.
A flute B saxophone C cello D drum
- 5 My dad was with me when I told him I'd lost the camera he bought me.
A scared B guilty C worried D furious
- 6 Rio de Janeiro was the capital of Brazil 1822 to 1960.
A until B in C on D from
- 7 We were too far away to make what the sign said.
A for B into C out D up
- 8 We got off our bikes because the hill was too to cycle up.
A high B steep C straight D tall
- 9 Mickey couldn't stand up so two men carried him off the football pitch on a
A trolley B surgery C ambulance D stretcher
- 10 We were a surprised when we realised the hotel didn't serve food.
A quite B bit C so D fairly
- 11 I've down on salt and fat in my diet because they're not good for me.
A cut B put C got D gone
- 12 We had a perfect view from the aeroplane because the skies were
A empty B cloudy C open D clear
- 13 The ball we were playing with landed in the water with a huge
A crash B splash C bang D howl
- 14 The path was very because of the wet weather.
A stony B muddy C sandy D dusty

- 15 I haven't done any sport this week because I'm feeling a bit off
- A** shape **B** colour **C** fitness **D** sorts
- 16 The crowd as the team came onto the pitch.
- A** roared **B** grunted **C** hummed **D** barked
- 17 There is that people lived in eastern North America at least 50,000 years ago.
- A** belief **B** evidence **C** opinion **D** fact
- 18 I'm really of my son who won first prize in the art competition.
- A** pleased **B** proud **C** delighted **D** happy
- 19 I put on lots of extra when I stopped walking to work.
- A** weight **B** strength **C** energy **D** exercise
- 20 The last track on this is the best one.
- A** solo **B** duet **C** album **D** single
- 21 I was trying to be very quiet but the door as I opened it.
- A** hissed **B** creaked **C** whistled **D** croaked
- 22 People can by eating berries and fruit.
- A** survive **B** descend **C** inhabit **D** civilise
- 23 There has been a decrease in the of Italy during the last five years.
- A** residents **B** people **C** population **D** community
- 24 I took the which the doctor gave me to the pharmacy and got some medicine.
- A** thermometer **B** recipe **C** vaccination **D** prescription
- 25 I two hours on the internet last night looking for a cheap holiday before I eventually found something.
- A** passed **B** spent **C** took **D** lasted
- 26 Paula couldn't help feeling before her driving test, as she really wanted to pass.
- A** anxious **B** disappointed **C** ashamed **D** relieved
- 27 The of the singer's latest song are about her childhood.
- A** lyrics **B** instruments **C** tunes **D** harmonies
- 28 The rain was so we were soaked after a few minutes.
- A** long **B** strong **C** deep **D** heavy
- 29 There are lots of mountain which flow into the River Colorado.
- A** streams **B** floods **C** lakes **D** canal
- 30 I've always enjoyed reading novels because they bring the past to life.
- A** ancient **B** antique **C** historical **D** historic

6

Getting the message across

Advertising, computers, telephoning

Advertising

1 Match these different ways of advertising (1–5) with their dictionary definitions (A–E). Which one can be either written or spoken?

- 1 catalogue 2 commercial break 3 mailshot 4 poster 5 slogan

A *noun* a short, easily remembered phrase used to advertise an idea or product.

C *noun* a large printed picture, photograph or notice which you stick or pin to a wall or board.

E *noun* a short period of advertisements between TV or radio programmes.

B *noun* a list, usually in the form of a book, of things you can buy, often by mail order.

D *noun* the posting of material to a lot of people at one time.

2.1 Read advertisement A and decide which of these slogans best matches the content.

An island with something for everyone

An island looking to the future

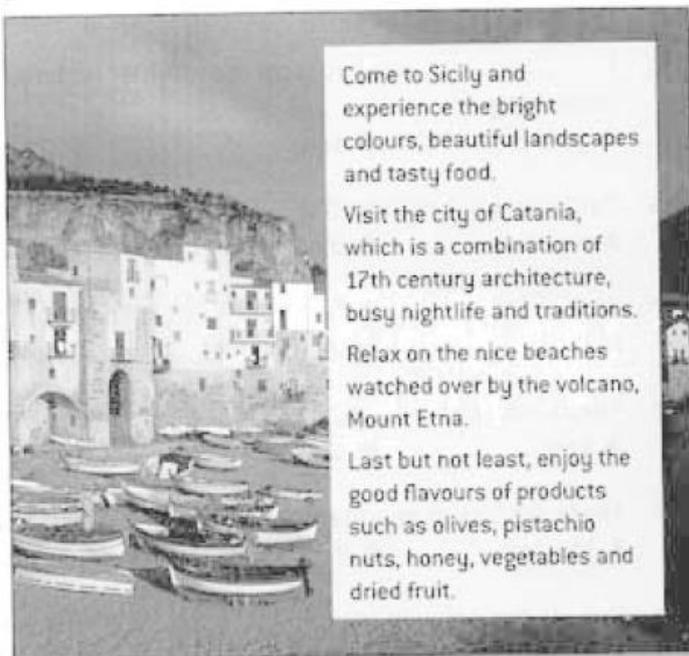
A

Come to Sicily and experience its amazing colours, stunning landscapes and delicious, healthy food. Visit the city of Catania, which is a perfect combination of spectacular 17th century architecture, lively nightlife and musical traditions.



Relax on fine, golden, sandy beaches watched over by Europe's biggest active volcano, Mount Etna. Last but not least, enjoy the wonderful flavours of top-quality products such as olives, pistachio nuts, honey, vegetables and dried fruit.

B



Come to Sicily and experience the bright colours, beautiful landscapes and tasty food. Visit the city of Catania, which is a combination of 17th century architecture, busy nightlife and traditions. Relax on the nice beaches watched over by the volcano, Mount Etna. Last but not least, enjoy the good flavours of products such as olives, pistachio nuts, honey, vegetables and dried fruit.

2.2 Now read advertisement B and compare it with A. Underline the differences.

- 2.3** Complete the table with the words used in the adverts to describe the nouns. Which advert most makes you want to visit Sicily? Why?

	Advert A	Advert B		Advert A	Advert B
Colours: Landscapes: Food: Architecture: Nightlife:	amazing		Traditions: Volcano: Beach: Flavours: Products:		

- 3.1** Advert A uses the phrase *perfect combination*. Tick five adjectives in the box you could use instead of *perfect*. Why did you not choose the others?

agreeable extraordinary fantastic magical
nice pleasant remarkable unique

- 3.2** Some of these sentences should contain *only* instead of *unique*. Correct them.

- I'm the unique person in my class who has been to Alaska.
- This sculpture is unique and that's why it's so valuable.
- This is the unique opportunity I have to see this film.
- The band produces a unique combination of sounds on this track.

Error warning

Both **unique** and **only** mean 'the only one', but **unique** is used for something very special or unusual: *This recipe is unique because I invented it myself.*

- 3.3** Complete this advert with information about your country. Try to use the adjectives from 2.3 and 3.1.

Come to and experience its, and

Visit the city of which is a perfect combination of and

Relax

Enjoy

- 4.1**  Read these phrases from a radio advert. Decide which word best fits each gap.

- Direct Books has a special just for you.
A offer B advertising C publicity
- We're giving you a unique to save money.
A possibility B occasion C opportunity
- We're offering up to 40% selected books.
A off B lower C down
- you pay is the price of your books.
A Only B All C Just
- Postage and packing is free.
A extremely B very C absolutely
- You'll receive a free mystery gift worth at £5.
A least B less C most
- To advantage of this offer, put your order in now.
A make B take C have
- It's only for a period.
A limited B little C reduced
- We also offer a allowing you to return any book within seven days.
A compromise B protection C guarantee
- We will give you a refund.
A sufficient B full C whole
- If you're looking for a book, please contact us.
A particular B personal C peculiar

- 4.2**  6a Now listen and check your answers.

Computers

5 Read the text from Direct Books' internet website and put the correct word in each gap.

Nouns: bestsellers basket home page
keyword password support

Adjectives: online secure
Verbs: browse click enter sign

Search You can (1) *browse* for books under the main subject categories. Look for a specific book using the search boxes on the (2) or type in a (3) (e.g. rugby). To check out the latest (4) and to see what's coming up just go to the webpage for that sport.

Order Ordering from directbooks.co.uk is (5) You should (6) in using your email address and you will be asked for a (7) Add your books to your shopping (8) and then (9) on 'checkout'. We will give you a unique personal account number after you have placed your first order to allow you to enter your account number (10) so that you don't have to (11) your personal and credit card details every time.

Help Click help on our website or call 0845 678944 for customer (12)

Telephoning

6.1 *Call* sometimes means 'to phone' and sometimes means 'to visit' (usually a short, spontaneous visit). What does *call* mean in these sentences? Write *phone* or *visit* next to each sentence.

- I'll **call on** Paolo next time I pass his flat. *visit*.....
- Don't forget to **call** when you get there.
- I'll **call in** when I have time.
- She **called Alan back** but he'd already sold the ticket.
- We **called by** but you were out.

6.2 PHRASAL VERBS Put the correct word in each space to make a phrasal verb.

away for off out over

- Shall I call *for* you and then we can go together?
- I didn't notice Suzi until she called my name.
- The match was called because of bad weather.
- He was called on business.
- I called Jon because I wanted to introduce him to my friends.

7.1 6b Listen to Tanya's messages. For each person choose the best answer A-F.

	Which person
1 Lara	A tried to speak to Tanya yesterday?
2 Mum	B has hardly any credit?
3 Joe	C got a wrong number?
4 Sarah	D couldn't get a signal?
5 Dad	E will ring again?
6 Peter	F will send a text message?

7.2 PHRASAL VERBS Put a verb in each gap to make phrasal verbs from the recording in 8.1.

- hang* up = put the phone down
- through = be connected
- up = call or phone
- get off = lose the connection
- up = answer
- back = return a call

Error warning

We make a phone call NOT do a phone call

Exam practice

WRITING Part 2: essay

- 1 Read a model answer to an exam question. Underline the advantages and disadvantages the student mentions.

What are the advantages and disadvantages of computers?

The main advantage of computers is that it's easy to find out information like how to travel somewhere. This means that people don't need to look in books or newspapers. However, there is sometimes too much information available. Also, when we read facts on the internet, we don't always know what is true.

A further disadvantage is that people throw their computers away after a few years. This results in a lot of waste. There are a number of advantages for children such as being able to play games. In addition, they make learning more fun. But this leads to children spending too much time on the computer.

It is easier to stay in touch with friends by email and another advantage is that you can send photos. But people send emails rather than talk to each other. I sometimes think people rely on computers too much and if a computer goes wrong, for instance in a hospital, it might be dangerous.

In conclusion, I think computers improve our lives in lots of ways and the advantages are more important than the disadvantages.

- 2 Look at the groups of words and expressions below. They are all from the model answer. Find them and highlight them. Which group of words and expressions is used ...

to explain something? to give an opposite opinion? to introduce the next argument?
to give examples?

A ... such as ... , ... like ... , for instance ...

B However, ... , But ...

C This means that ... This leads to ... This results in ...

D The main advantage of ... is that ...

In addition, ...

A further / Another advantage is that ...

There are a number of disadvantages of ...

Also, ...

- 3 Write an answer like the one above to the following exam question. Use the words and expressions you have learnt.

You've had a discussion in your English class about the use of mobile phones. Now your teacher has asked you to write an essay answering the following question.

What are the advantages and disadvantages of mobile phones?

Write between 120 and 180 words.

SPEAKING Part 4

Think about these questions.

Do you take your mobile phone everywhere with you?

Do people use mobile phones too much?

Practise saying your answers aloud.

How important are computers to you in your daily life?

What are the best and worst things about computers?

Exam Tip (also see writing checklist on p. 100)



Don't forget to come to a conclusion at the end of your essay.