

Lesson 3B

GRAMMAR | *have got*

VOCABULARY | common adjectives (1)

PRONUNCIATION | sentence stress

VOCABULARY

common adjectives (1)

1 A Write a word to fill the gaps.

adjective	opposite
quiet	loud
1	the same
small	2
easy	3
4	short
5	soft

B Put the letters in brackets in order to make adjectives.

At the Grand Hotel, your stay is ¹ (fedeftirn) from other hotels. Your room is ² (relga) so it's ³ (saye) to relax. The windows make the room very ⁴ (tique), even though the noise from the street outside is loud. And the bathroom towels are very ⁵ (tofs). Whether you stay with us for a ⁶ (trosh) or a ⁷ (goln) time, we want you to be happy.



C Complete the sentences with adjectives from Ex 1A.

- I love this armchair. It's really comfortable.
- This exercise is , I don't think I can do it.
- Shh, be ! I can't hear the radio.
- This book is very There's no space for it in my bag.
- Those cars look the , but they're actually
- It's a big house and it takes a time to clean all the rooms.
- I like our house, but the noise from the street is very
- It's to cook pasta. All you need is hot water and salt.

GRAMMAR

have got

2 A The sentences below have a mistake. Choose the best option to correct the mistake.

- My sister haven't got any social media accounts.
a have b 've c hasn't
- You have got a large house?
a Have got b Have you got c Got you have
- Yes, we got.
a we do b we have c we've
- They has got a new coffee machine.
a have b hasn't c having

B Complete the sentences with the correct form of *have got*. Use contractions where possible.

- They a new car. It looks really nice.
- Octavio a laptop, but he'd like one.
- My brother my keys and I need them!
- Why a plant in your bag?
- A: Kenji got any children?
B: No, he
- Tanya a large house with five bedrooms.
- We any coffee. Can you buy some?
- A: you got a new laptop?
B: Yes, I Do you like it?

C Put the words in brackets in the correct order.

Jo: What can we get Ben for his birthday?
1 (everything / got / he / has)
he needs!

Martin: I know, but 2 (got / haven't / I / lot / money / of / a) at the moment ...

Jo: So let's think of a cheap present. 3 (a / has / lamp / got / he) for his home office?

Martin: 4 (has / yes, / he).

Jo: I know! Let's have a party for him!

Martin: Great idea! 5 (party / have / those / you / lights / got) from last year?

Jo: 6 (have / yes, / I)!

Martin: Brilliant! We can put them in my garden.

PRONUNCIATION

3 A 3.04 | sentence stress | Listen and underline the stressed words.

- Have you got any plants?
- She hasn't got much money.
- We've got a lot of milk.
- Have they got a TV?
- I've got two phones.
- Has he got a fridge?

B 3.04 | Listen again and repeat.

READING

4 A Read the title and introduction to the article. Choose the best summary.

- 1 what furniture to buy
- 2 how much money to spend on furniture
- 3 the best places for your furniture

B Complete the article with the paragraph titles (a–e).

- a How do you 'travel' around the house?
- b What do you want to see?
- c Keep furniture away from the walls.
- d Colour can change a room.
- e Try new things.

C Read the article again. Match the questions (1–6) with the answers (a–f).

- 1 What's the first thing to think about in a room?
- 2 Why is it good to be near a window when you work at home?
- 3 Why do people often need to walk through a living room?
- 4 Why is space important in a bedroom?
- 5 What colour should you paint a small room?
- 6 Why should you sometimes change things in a room?

- a It can help you get up in the morning.
- b To get to the kitchen.
- c White, because it makes the room feel big.
- d What you can see.
- e To find the right places for your furniture and other objects.
- f It helps you take a break and relax.

Five ways to create a perfect living space

From small rooms to large rooms, where you put your furniture makes a big difference. Read our advice and learn how to make your home a great space to live in.

1

Before you choose where to put things, decide what you want to look at. For example, in the living room this could be the TV. In your home office, it's nice to be near a window so you can look out when you don't want to have a break from work.

4

Light changes a room a lot. The colour white makes a room feel big, but can be a bit boring and make everything look the same. Dark colours can make a room feel small, so soft colours like blue and green are a good idea.

2

Space is important. If you leave a little space between a sofa or a desk and the wall, the room will feel large and relaxed.

5

Change things around sometimes. Move a plant, or put a table close to a window. Remember that no space is the same, so you can only find the perfect position for furniture if you try lots of different places.

3

Is it easy to move in the rooms? People usually need to walk through a living room to get to the kitchen, for example. In the bedroom, make space around the bed for you to get in and out in the morning or late at night.

