

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which word (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Example:

0 A doubt B reason C purpose D motive

0	☒ A	☐ B	☐ C	☐ D
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A powerful influence

There can be no (0) at all that the internet has made a huge difference to our lives. However, there is some concern over whether people spend too much time browsing the internet or playing computer games, (1) ever doing anything else in their spare time. Are these activities genuinely (2) to our well-being? Does spending too much time chatting on social networking sites really (3) our ability to form meaningful relationships in real life?

Quite the reverse, (4) to some social media experts, who suggest that using websites to keep in touch with friends may (5) help to enhance personal relationships and provide people with an increased (6) of belonging.

There may be room for argument in (7) of limiting time spent online, especially when it may break into study or work time. Research, however, also indicates that spending a healthy amount of time in front of a computer doesn't necessarily (8) with academic performance.

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|----------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|
| 1 A nearly | B literally | C almost | D hardly |
| 2 A harming | B harmful | C hurting | D hurtful |
| 3 A affect | B bother | C effect | D concern |
| 4 A agreeing | B corresponding | C owing | D according |
| 5 A completely | B probably | C actually | D rightly |
| 6 A function | B sense | C attitude | D meaning |
| 7 A favour | B help | C choice | D opinion |
| 8 A trouble | B interrupt | C oppose | D interfere |

For questions 9–16, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only **one** word in each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Write your answers **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on the separate answer sheet.

Example: 0 W H O

Driving blind

The idea that a blind person could drive a car sounds crazy. And the concept of someone (0) can't see driving a car at almost 150 miles per hour sounds even crazier. Miranda Naylor, (9) blind accountant from the UK, has done exactly that in an attempt (10) raise money for charity. Mrs Naylor drove a sports car for two miles along the runway of a disused airfield. She was (11) radio contact with her husband, who gave her directions and advice. Her achievement (12) expected to raise about £50,000, which will be donated to a company that trains dogs for (13) blind.

Mrs Naylor (14) been blind since she was six, and still has some visual memories of the world around her. She admits that (15) having sight makes life awkward (16) times, but she says, 'Achieving something can be a great source of self-confidence.' Miranda is now looking for a new challenge and wants to try motorbiking.

For questions **17–24**, read the text below. Use the word given in capitals at the end of some of the lines to form a word that fits in the gap **in the same line**. There is an example at the beginning **(0)**.

Write your answers **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on the separate answer sheet.

Example: 0 E X C I T I N G

Following swallows

Bert Cook's job doesn't immediately strike you as **(0)**

EXCITE

He sits inside a small construction made of cloth and wire and watches birds: swallows, in fact, whose **(17)** in Britain after a dangerous flight marks the **(18)** of summer. The severe weather caused by **(19)** warming makes their journey tougher each year.

ARRIVE

BEGIN

GLOBE

One of their main **(20)** is getting enough to eat. Insect numbers have declined **(21)**, and if the birds do make it to Britain, they may still die of **(22)**

DIFFICULT

SHARP

HUNGRY

Farm buildings such as barns have been converted into houses, and as a result, there are now fewer places for birds to nest. Bert finds it **(23)** to say with any precision how far the numbers of swallows have declined in the area under **(24)** Bird populations can increase considerably if swallows have had a good breeding season, and for the moment at least, scientists are not overly worried.

POSSIBLE

OBSERVE

For questions 25–30, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. **Do not change the word given.** You must use between **two** and **five** words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

Example:

- 0 I'll be very happy when I go on holiday.

FORWARD

I'm on holiday.

The gap can be filled by the words 'looking forward to going' so you write:

Example: 0 LOOKING FORWARD TO GOING

Write **only** the missing words **IN CAPITAL LETTERS** on the separate answer sheet.

- 25 Our teacher always makes us do our homework before we leave the class.

ALLOWS

Our teacher leave the class until we've done our homework.

- 26 It was almost dark when we got home.

UNTIL

We it was almost dark.

- 27 Peter woke up early because he didn't want to miss his flight.

THAT

Peter woke up early not miss his flight.

- 28 'You'd better not go for a walk,' said my father.

ADVISED

My father for a walk.

- 29 I wish I hadn't left the window open.

SHOULD

I the window open.

- 30 All the guests enjoyed themselves at the party apart from George.

WHO

George was the enjoy himself at the party.