

PARTE 1

RESPONDE LAS PREGUNTAS 1 A 5 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

Lee las descripciones de la columna de la izquierda (**1 - 5**). ¿Cuál palabra de la columna de la derecha (**A - G**) concuerda con cada descripción?

La opción **H** se usa para el ejemplo. Sobran dos palabras más.

En las preguntas **1 - 5**, marca la letra correcta **A - G** en tu hoja de respuestas.

Health problems

Ejemplo:

0. When you don't brush your teeth you get this.

Respuesta:

0.

A

B

C

D

E

F

G

H

Descripciones	palabras
1. You do this when someone hits you.	A. cold
	B. cry
2. You are tired and have a cough when you get this.	C. dentist
	D. doctor
3. You see this person when you are not well.	E. hospital
	F. hurt
4. You can go to this place when your body isn't O.K.	G. stomachache
5. You can have this when you eat too much.	

H. toothache

PARTE 2

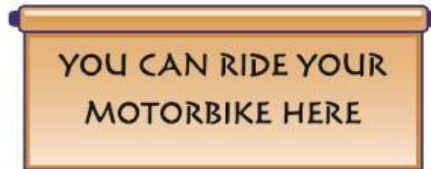
RESPONDE LAS PREGUNTAS 6 A 10 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

¿Dónde puedes ver estos avisos?

En las preguntas **6 - 10**, marca **A**, **B** o **C** en tu hoja de respuestas.

Ejemplo:

0.



- A. in the street
- B. in the playground
- C. in the garden

Respuesta: 0. ☒ A ☐ B ☐ C

6.



- A. in a living room
- B. in a bathroom
- C. in a classroom

7.



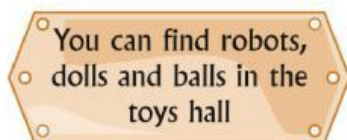
- A. in a flat
- B. in a shop
- C. in a kitchen

8.



- A. on a bike
- B. on a boat
- C. on a bus

9.



- A. in a store
- B. on a beach
- C. at a playground

10.



- A. at a park
- B. at a school
- C. at a zoo

PARTE 3

RESPONDE LAS PREGUNTAS 11 A 15 DE ACUERDO CON EL EJEMPLO

Completa las cinco conversaciones.

En las preguntas **11 - 15**, marca **A**, **B** o **C** en tu hoja de respuestas.

Ejemplo:

I love my grandma Sue!

A. Me too!
B. Yes, please.
C. This is mine.

Respuesta: 0. ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C

11. I know Jane's a very good teacher.

- A.** Yes, it is.
- B.** Isn't she?
- C.** That's a lot

12. Why don't we go shopping after school?

- A.** Yes, I can send it.
- B.** That's a good idea.
- C.** I've got one, thanks.

13. Thanks for helping with my homework.

- A.** No way.
- B.** No problem.
- C.** No, it wasn't.

14. Please answer the phone.

- A.** How are you?
- B.** Why can't you?
- C.** Who are you?

15. I'll leave now.

- A.** Are you sure?
- B.** She's all right!
- C.** It's big enough.

PARTE 4

RESPONDE LAS PREGUNTAS 16 A 22 DE ACUERDO CON EL SIGUIENTE TEXTO

Lee el texto y selecciona la palabra correcta para cada espacio.

En las preguntas **16 - 22**, marca **A**, **B** o **C** en tu hoja de respuestas.

Whales



Whales are huge animals (0)_____ live in open waters. Whales (16)_____ look similar to fish, but they're mammals, so they produce milk for their babies. Whales live in oceans as (17)_____ as in some rivers.

Whales are (18)_____ more than 3 meters long. However, they can even have a size of 30 meters or more, so the blue whale is the (19)_____ animal that has ever lived.

Whales can be gray or white and (20)_____ kinds are beautiful. Whales are fat (21)_____ this allows them to live in cold waters.

Many kinds of whales, especially the biggest ones, swim in groups. These groups can have different quantities of members, from a few animals to more than 1,000, but one type of whale, called the Baleen whale, often (22)_____ alone.

Ejemplo:

0. A. which B. who C. where

Respuesta:

0.

A

B

C

- | | | | |
|-----|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 16. | A. shall | B. must | C. may |
| 17. | A. else | B. just | C. well |
| 18. | A. once | B. usually | C. soon |
| 19. | A. largest | B. larger | C. large |
| 20. | A. every | B. both | C. another |
| 21. | A. so | B. than | C. when |
| 22. | A. traveling | B. travel | C. travels |

