

Electronic Worksheet

REPORT TEXT

Grade X



Name :

Class :

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Electronic Worksheet on Report Text Material

For 10th grade students, Merdeka Curriculum

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This worksheet was composed and designed by the writer using Canva.



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Worksheets Instructions!

This Worksheet consists of 2 Parts:

- **Part one: Let's start learning.**
- **Part two: Exercise time.**

In part 1, you will be given some supporting material related to the subject being studied. Please read and understand carefully! Note, do not hesitate to ask teachers and friends if there is something you do not understand.

Part 2 will consist of several exercises that will examine the length of your understanding of the material you have learned. Each time before going to the exercise questions, there will be a guided instruction of how to do the questions. Please understand and good luck!



Students can scroll down to move each page after understanding and completing each activity.



Students can return to the author's profile menu to continue working on other exercises.

Let's

Start

Learning



Report Text

Let's start together!

What is Report Text?

A report text is a factual text that describes, classifies, and provides objective information about a general subject (e.g., animals, plants, phenomena).

Example:

A report about "Polar Bears" explains their habitat, diet, and physical features without personal opinions.

Purpose of Report Text

- To inform readers about a topic scientifically.
- To classify and describe general categories (e.g., "Types of Mammals").
- To present facts, not opinions.



Report Text

Let's start together!

Structure of Report Texts

1. General Classification

Introduces the topic broadly.

Example: "Dolphins are intelligent marine mammals."

2. Description

Details about parts, habits, behavior, or types.

Example: "They use echolocation to hunt and live in groups called pods."

Language Features of Report Text

- General nouns: "Birds", "Volcanoes" (not specific like "My pet bird").
- Present tense: "Komodo dragons **live** in Indonesia."
- Technical terms: "Photosynthesis", "Nocturnal".
- Action verbs: "Hunt", "Migrate", "Reproduce".



Pay attention to the text!

Deer

Deer are hoofed mammals known for the antlers grown and shed annually by males. They are herbivores that graze on plants, playing a key role in maintaining healthy ecosystems by aiding seed dispersal and serving as prey for predators.

These adaptable animals inhabit diverse environments worldwide, from forests to grasslands. They often live in herds, which offer safety and social structure. Despite their adaptability, some deer species face threats due to habitat loss and human activities.

Conservation efforts remain important to protect deer populations and their natural habitats, ensuring their survival and continued contribution to biodiversity.



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Description 1

Description 2



Language Features

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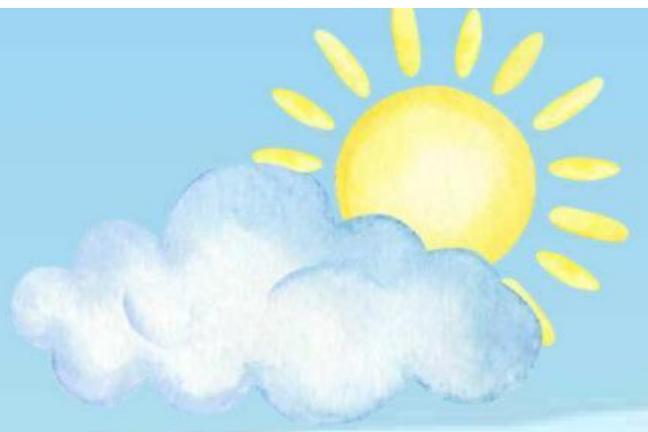
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: Present Tense

: Technical Terms

: General Nouns

: Action Verbs



Exercise

Time



EXERCISE 3

This exercise consists of 2 parts that aim to test your understanding of the report text.

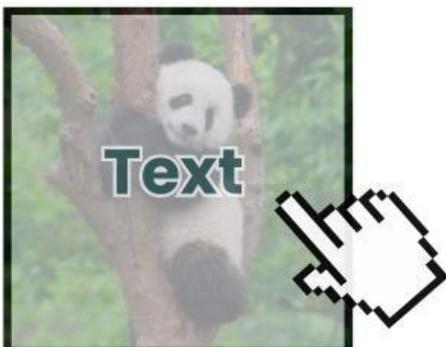
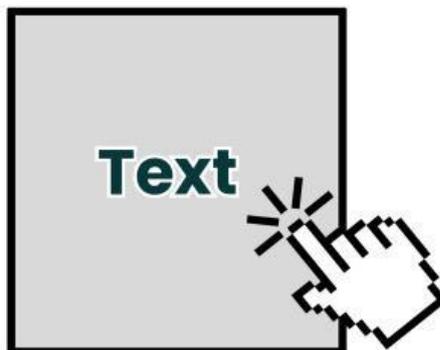
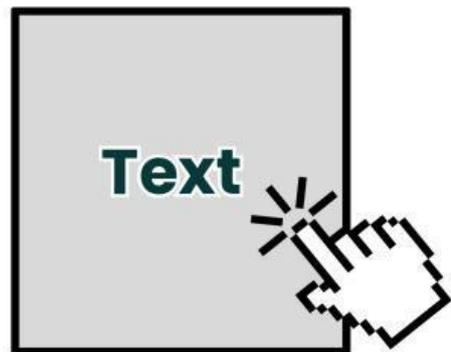


PART A

DRAG AND DROP

1. Look carefully at the pictures and paragraphs.
2. Decide which picture goes with each paragraph.
3. Drag the paragraphs and drop them on the correct pictures.
4. Use a dictionary if necessary.

Example:



EXERCISE 3

Look at the picture and the paragraph! Drag the paragraph and place it on the correct picture!

DROP



DRAG

These hatchlings crawl to the sea in search of a safer area. Only a few survive to adulthood to one day return to the same beach to continue the cycle of life.

Periodically, female sea turtles return to their birth beaches to lay eggs. They dig holes, lay dozens of eggs, then cover them with sand before returning to the sea.

Sea turtles are ancient marine reptiles that play an important role in the marine ecosystem. Although they live in water, sea turtles breathe with lungs and must occasionally rise to the surface to take air.

After incubating for about two months, the eggs hatch and the baby turtles (hatchlings) instinctively dig their way out of the sand.