



THE FIRST MIDTERM MOCK TEST

ENGLISH – GRADE 11

Test Code: 002

Time: 50 minutes

Date:

Student's details

Full name:

Class:

Read the following advertisement/announcement and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

ACHIEVE YOUR HEALTH GOALS TODAY!

Are you looking to (1) _____ your health and well-being? Join our Health Improvement Program at Wellness Hub! Our program (2) _____ a wide range of activities and workshops designed to help you achieve a healthier lifestyle:

- Personalized fitness plans
- (3) _____ guidance
- Stress management workshops
- Access (4) _____ expert health coaches

Whether you're a beginner or a (5) _____ enthusiast, our program is tailored to meet your needs.

For more information, visit our website at www.wellnesshub.com or call us at 123-456-7890.

Start your (6) _____ to better health with us!

Question 1:	A. explain	B. avoid	C. begin	D. boost
Question 2:	A. offers	B. takes	C. needs	D. facilitates
Question 3:	A. Nutrients	B. Nurture	C. Nutritional	D. Nurturingly
Question 4:	A. in	B. at	C. from	D. to
Question 5:	A. fitness	B. architecture	C. creativity	D. technology
Question 6:	A. journey	B. location	C. achievement	D. contribution

Announcement: Urban Sustainability Conference 2024

We are excited to announce the upcoming **Urban Sustainability Conference 2024**, taking (7) _____ on **September 15-17, 2024**, at the **GreenTech Convention Center**.

This event will bring together city planners, environmental experts, and tech (8) _____ to discuss the future of (9) _____ urban living. Topics will include smart city development, green energy solutions, and (10) _____ transportation.

Don't miss this opportunity to be part of (11) _____ the cities of tomorrow.

Register now at www.urbansustain2024.com.

For more information, please contact us at info@urbansustain2024.com.

We look forward (12) _____ you there!

Question 7: A. place B. turn C. step D. into

Question 8: A. innovate B. innovation C. innovative D. innovators

Question 9: A. sustainable B. impossible C. industrial D. serious

Question 10: A. polluted B. eco-friendly C. harmful D. delay

Question 11: A. shape B. shaping C. to shaping D. to shape

Question 12: A. to see B. see C. saw D. to seeing

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct arrangement of the sentences to make a meaningful paragraph/letter in each of the following questions.

Question 13:

- a. This generational gap often leads to misunderstandings and conflicts between parents and their children.
- b. In today's fast-paced world, parents and children frequently struggle to see eye to eye on various issues.
- c. However, with open communication and mutual respect, these differences can be bridged.
- d. The difference in experiences and perspectives between generations is a natural phenomenon.
- e. It is important for both parents and children to make an effort to understand each other's viewpoints.

A. b – a – d – e – c B. b – d – a – e – c C. d – b – a – c – e D. d – a – b – c – e

Question 14:

- a. I believe that understanding and adapting to these changes is crucial for our children's future success.
- b. Dear parents,
- c. thank you for your continued support.
- d. As we navigate the challenges of modern parenting, it is essential to recognize the rapid changes in technology and society.
- e. Together, we can create a supportive environment that fosters growth and learning.

A. b – d – a – e – c B. b – a – d – c – e C. b – d – a – c – e D. b – a – c – d – e

Question 15:

- a. This has created a generation gap, where parents often struggle to understand their children's digital habits.
- b. Many teenagers today spend a significant amount of their free time on screens, whether it be for social media, gaming, or streaming videos.
- c. However, it is important for both generations to communicate and find a balance that respects each other's viewpoints.
- d. On the other hand, teenagers feel that their parents are out of touch with modern technology.
- e. Parents are concerned about the potential negative effects of excessive screen time on their children's health and development.

A. b – e – a – d – c B. a – c – d – e – b C. c – e – b – a – d D. d – e – b – a – b

Question 16:

- a. However, I believe that finding a balance is crucial for our well-being.
- b. I understand that you worry about the amount of time I spend on my phone and computer.
- c. I will also make an effort to be more mindful of how much time I spend in front of screens.
- d. Perhaps we can set some family screen time rules together that work for both of us.
- e. Dear Mom and Dad,
- f. I appreciate your concern and I think it's important that we address this issue together

**A. e – b – f – c – a – d B. e – d – a – c – b – f
C. e – b – f – a – d – c D. e – d – a – c – b – f**

Question 17:

- a. This often leads to misunderstandings and conflicts within the family, as each generation struggles to relate to the other's experiences and viewpoints.
- b. The generation gap is a significant issue in many families, where differences in values and beliefs between parents and children become evident.
- c. Open communication and mutual respect are essential in bridging this gap and fostering a harmonious family environment.
- d. Parents may find it challenging to understand the influences and pressures their children face in today's fast-paced, technology-driven world.
- e. Similarly, teenagers may feel that their parents' perspectives are outdated and not relevant to their own lives.

A. e – c – a – b – d B. a – c – d – e – b C. c – e – b – a – d D. b – d – e – a – c

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

In the year 2100, cities are likely to be very different from what we see today. As technology continues to grow, (18)_____ . For example, buildings might be designed to use energy from the sun and wind, making them much more eco-friendly. Transportation is also expected to change a lot, with more electric cars and buses, and perhaps even flying vehicles! Streets could be designed not just for cars, but also to provide more space for people to walk and bike. Green spaces, like parks and gardens, (19)_____ , helping to make cities healthier and more beautiful.

Technology is also expected to make our lives easier. Smart homes could become the norm, where people are able to control lights, temperature, and security with (20)_____ . Communication and work will likely be more flexible too, with more people working from home or anywhere they want. This could mean that long commutes become less necessary, (21)_____ .

At the same time, cities might face challenges like (22)_____ . To handle these issues, cities will need to find new ways to manage resources, like water and food, and to protect themselves from natural disasters. Communities will need to work together to solve these problems and ensure that cities remain safe and livable. Overall, while cities in 2100 are expected to be more advanced and comfortable, but they will still need careful planning to make sure they are good places for everyone to live.

Question 18:

- A. cities probably become smarter and more efficient
- B. cities is probably becoming smarter and more efficient
- C. cities probably becomes better and more useful
- D. cities are probably becoming smarter and more efficient

Question 19:

- A. will likely be more common
- B. will likely be more commonly
- C. will likely become stranger
- D. will likely become more strangely

Question 20:

- A. his voices or phones
- B. their voices or phones
- C. our voices or phones
- D. her voices or phones

Question 21:

- A. which makes city life more stressful.
- B. that makes city life more stressful.

C. that makes city life less stressful. D. which makes city life less stressful.

Question 22:

- A. sustainable cities and urban center**
- B. smart cities and automatic sensors**
- C. overpopulation and climate change**
- D. roof gardens and personal privacy**

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Singapore is one of the world's leading smart cities. It uses advanced technology to make life easier and better for its people. For example, Singapore has a smart transportation system. The buses and trains are connected to the internet, so people can check the schedules in real time on their phones. This helps them know exactly when the next bus or train is coming, making travel more convenient. In addition, the city also focuses on saving energy. Many buildings in Singapore have smart systems that control lights and air conditioning. These systems only use energy when it is needed, which helps to save electricity and reduce costs. Singapore is also working on being a green city by planting more trees and using more solar power.

Safety is another important part of Singapore's smart city plan. The government always uses cameras and sensors to monitor the streets. This helps to keep the city safe and allows the police to respond quickly to any problems. People in Singapore feel more secure knowing that the city is always watching out for them. In short, in Singapore, technology is used to improve daily life in many ways. The city's goal is to become even smarter in the future by continuing to develop and use new technologies. Singapore shows how a smart city can use technology to create a better environment for everyone who lives there.

Adapted from: <https://www.gov.sg>

Question 23: What would be the best title for the passage?

- A. The role of technology in modern cities.
- B. How Singapore became a smart city.
- C. The future of urban and modern living.
- D. Transportation systems around the world.

Question 24: The word "advance" in paragraph 1 is opposite in meaning to _____.

Question 25: According to the passage, what is the purpose of using smart systems in Singapore?

A. To monitor weather conditions **B.** To improve public safety

C. To control water and air pollution D. To guide tourists around the city

Question 26: The word "convenient" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

Question 27: What does the word "them" in paragraph 2 refer to?

A. The police B. Singaporean C. the streets D. problems

Question 28: Which of the following statements is **NOT** true according to the passage?

- A. Singapore uses smart systems to save energy in buildings.
- B. The transportation system in Singapore is connected to the internet.
- C. Singapore has planted fewer trees to focus on technology.
- D. The city aims to use more solar power in the future.

Question 29: Which of the following can be inferred about the safety measures in Singapore?

- A. They are mostly manual and require a lot of human effort.
- B. They rely heavily on technology to ensure public safety.
- C. They are only effective in certain parts of the city.
- D. They are primarily focused on preventing natural disasters

Question 30: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence?

- A. The use of technology enables the police to act fast and maintain safety in the city.
- B. The city becomes dangerous when the police cannot solve problems immediately.
- C. Cameras and sensors are used only to record traffic incidents in the city.
- D. The government depends entirely on citizens to report crimes in the city.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Individuals make decisions about their physical and mental health because serious illnesses can significantly impact them and their families. Just as family health is tied to individual members, a nation's health is connected to its people. A country's economic strength relies on a healthy workforce. Hence, governments monitor the health of their populations, examining connections between health and lifestyle. The World Health Organization (WHO) uses this data to answer: How healthy is the world?

The WHO assesses large populations' health using life expectancy and mortality rates. Life expectancy measures the average age people are expected to live. Since the 20th century, life expectancy has significantly increased worldwide. For example, the average global citizen now lives 27 years longer than a century ago. Japan shows even more dramatic increases, with

people living 38 years longer on average than 100 years ago. These improvements indicate that the world is healthier now than in the past century.

Mortality rates, the second indicator, measure deaths in specific regions, focusing on **premature** deaths. WHO emphasizes child mortality, which makes up over 20 percent of all premature deaths. Though global child mortality has decreased by 30 percent since 1990, significant disparities exist between nations and within countries. Mortality rates fall faster in wealthier nations and among higher-income individuals, highlighting ongoing health inequalities.

Governments aim to reduce mortality rates by targeting premature death causes. While infectious diseases still cause millions of deaths, particularly in developing countries, there has been progress. HIV/AIDS, once stigmatized and ignored, has seen a 16 percent decline in new infections globally between 2000 and 2008 due to prevention efforts and new drugs.

[I] Lifestyle choices significantly affect life expectancy and mortality rates. [II] Obesity and smoking are major health risks, with obesity reducing life expectancy by up to 20 years and smoking causing millions of deaths annually. [III] Therefore, lifestyle choices pose health risks for individuals and nations alike. [IV]

By examining life expectancy, mortality rates, and lifestyle, we get a mixed view of global health. While people live longer due to improved life expectancy, infectious diseases and poor lifestyle choices still cause millions of deaths. Improving global health requires continued efforts in health education, job provision, and income increase, highlighting the link between education, income, and health. Better-educated individuals make healthier lifestyle choices, benefit from improved job prospects, and pass these advantages to their children, ultimately enhancing global health.

Reference: <https://www.samhsa.gov/>

Question 31: What is the main idea of the passage?

- A. The Importance of Health Education
- B. The Role of WHO in Global Health
- C. Assessing Global Health: Indicators and Challenges
- D. Lifestyle Choices and Their Impact on Health

Question 32: The word "**assesses**" in paragraph 2 is closest in meaning to _____.

- A. ignores
- B. evaluates
- C. dismisses
- D. overlooks

Question 33: What does the word "**its**" in paragraph 1 refer to?

- A. nation
- B. health
- C. decision
- D. strength

Question 34: The word “premature” in paragraph 3 is opposite in meaning to _____.

A. timely B. early C. delayed D. expected

Question 35: Where in paragraph 1 does the following sentence best fit?

“The CDC estimates a billion smokers worldwide, with 80 percent in developing countries.”

A. [I] B. [II] C. [III] D. [IV]

Question 36: Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

A. Obesity can reduce life expectancy by up to 20 years.
B. The CDC estimates there are a billion smokers worldwide.
C. Infectious diseases have been eliminated in developing countries.
D. Lifestyle choices pose health risks for individuals and nations.

Question 37: It can be inferred from the passage that _____.

A. Health education has no impact on life expectancy.
B. Governments play a role in reducing mortality rates.
C. All countries have equal health outcomes.
D. Life expectancy is not linked to economic factors.

Question 38: Which of the following best summarizes paragraph 3?

A. Mortality rates highlight global health inequalities between and within nations.
B. Child mortality accounts for the smallest share of premature deaths worldwide.
C. The WHO no longer uses mortality rates to assess global health.
D. Mortality rates have increased significantly in wealthier nations.

Question 39: According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE?

A. Global life expectancy has remained the same since the 20th century.
B. Japan’s life expectancy has increased by 27 years in the past century.
C. Health inequalities still exist between rich and poor countries.
D. The WHO focuses mainly on economic indicators.

Question 40: In which paragraph does the writer mention the connection between education, income, and health?

A. Paragraph 1 B. Paragraph 2 C. Paragraph 5 D. Paragraph 6

- THE END -