

UNIT 3: TEST 1

Read the following advertisement and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 1 to 6.

Conscious Consumption: The New Luxury Experience

- In today's rapidly evolving global marketplace, thoughtful (1)_____ shop more mindfully than ever before. The elegant (2)_____ are becoming increasingly popular among environmentally conscious buyers seeking sustainable alternatives.
- Premium brands (3)_____ certified sustainable options now dominate the luxury market with their innovative eco-friendly approaches.
- Our award-winning company brings high-quality artisanal products (4)_____ discerning customers through our innovative digital platform and physical stores. When it comes to ethical shopping decisions and sustainable practices, it's always better to be (5)_____ than sorry in the long run.
- Many environmentally conscious people prefer (6)_____ in fewer but higher-quality items that will last for many years. Choose wisely, buy less, and make every purchase count. Your wallet and our planet will thank you for your conscious choices

Question 1:A. consumers

B. consumptive

C. consumption

D. consume

Question 2:A. bamboo handcrafted products

B. handcrafted bamboo products

C. handcrafted products bamboo

D. products handcrafted bamboo

Question 3:A. offered

B. was offered

C. offering

D. which offered

Question 4:A. with

B. for

C. about

D. to

Question 5:A. safe

B. cautious

C. mindful

D. careful

Question 6:A. to investing

B. to invest

C. invest

D. investing

Read of the following leaflet and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 7 to 12.

7 Days To Change: The Green Revolution At Your Fingertips

- Join our eco-friendly challenge and make a difference! While some people ignore climate change, (7)_____ take small daily actions to protect our environment. It's time to (8)_____ plastic usage in your everyday life for a cleaner planet.
- The sustainability of our (9)_____ depends on the choices we make today. (10)_____ the challenges, making eco-friendly choices is easier than you think.
- Our workshop teaches practical conservation (11)_____ you can use at home immediately. A (12)_____ of our participants report significant energy savings after just one week.
- ❖ Start your green journey today! Register for our 7-day challenge and receive a free eco-friendly starter kit.

Contact us: greenrevolution@email.com | 555-ECO-LIFE

- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|------------------|
| Question 7: A. the others | B. other | C. others | D. another |
| Question 8: A. look up to | B. give away | C. take after | D. cut down on |
| Question 9: A. planet | B. economy | C. community | D. lifestyle |
| Question 10: A. As opposed to | B. In spite of | C. In view of | D. In advance of |
| Question 11: A. strategies | B. methods | C. techniques | D. approaches |
| Question 12: A. number | B. majority | C. handful | D. lot |

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best arrangement of utterances or sentences to make a meaningful exchange or text in each of the following questions from 13 to 17.

Question 13:

- a. Tom: Yes! It tells me when my vegetables need water. Want to try it?
 b. Sarah: Cool! Does it work with the new soil sensors too?
 c. Sarah: Hi Tom! Is that your new plant-monitoring drone?
- A. c-a-b B. a-b-c C. c-b-a D. a-c-b

Question 14:

- a. David: Yes! And it predicts the weather too. No more getting caught in the rain!
 b. Emma: Technology makes life easier. Want to grab a coffee while we wait?
 c. Emma: Good morning, David! I love these new solar bus stops with free Wi-Fi.
 d. Emma: That's so useful! Did you see the digital map? It shows the bus arriving in 3 minutes.
 e. David: Me too! And look, my phone is charging from the solar panel bench.
- A. c-b-d-e-a B. c-e-d-a-b C. d-a-e-c-b D. e-c-d-a-b

Question 15:

Dear Maya,

- a. My energy bill dropped by 30% last month!
 b. I just installed my new smart home system! It turns off lights automatically when rooms are empty and adjusts the temperature based on weather forecasts.
 c. Even my refrigerator suggests recipes using ingredients before they expire, reducing food waste.
 d. The app also shows my daily water usage, helping me take shorter showers.
 e. Would you like to visit this weekend to see how it works? I think you'd love it for your apartment too!

Best wishes,

Alex

- A. c-d-a-b-e B. e-b-a-d-c C. b-a-d-c-e D. d-b-c-a-e

Question 16:

- a. Local foods are important in this diet. When we buy from nearby farms, less fuel is used for transportation.
- b. Reducing food waste helps our environment too. We can use vegetable scraps for compost or make soup from leftovers.
- c. The regenerative diet focuses on foods that help our planet. It includes vegetables, fruits, and grains grown without harmful chemicals.
- d. Small changes in our eating habits make a big difference. Start by trying one plant-based meal each week.
- e. Seasonal eating means enjoying foods when nature provides them. Strawberries taste better in summer and apples in fall.

A. a-e-b-c-d

B. b-c-a-e-d

C. e-c-b-a-d

D. c-a-e-b-d

Question 17:

- a. Schools teach children about food waste problems. Young students learn to take only what they can eat during lunch time.
- b. Food-sharing apps connect restaurants with local shelters. Leftover meals feed hungry people instead of filling landfills.
- c. Meal planning reduces impulse buying at grocery stores. Writing shopping lists helps people buy only what they need.
- d. Composting turns food scraps into rich soil. Even apartment dwellers can use small indoor composting bins for vegetable peels.
- e. Smart refrigerators now track expiration dates and suggest recipes for aging ingredients. This technology helps families use food before it spoils.

A. e-b-d-c-a

B. e-a-d-c-b

C. e-d-b-a-c

D. e-c-d-b-a

Read the following passage about Democratizing Clean Power and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 18 to 22.

Renewable energy is changing how we power our homes and businesses. Solar panels, wind turbines, and hydroelectric dams produce electricity without harmful pollution. If everyone had access to clean energy, our planet would be healthier. Clean energy technologies (18)_____. Community solar projects help people (19)_____. Solar energy is becoming cheaper every year; this price reduction makes it more accessible to everyone. Many governments now offer tax benefits for renewable energy. Wind power creates jobs in rural areas; these employment opportunities help local economies grow. Many communities, (20)_____, are now investing in local power projects.

Small islands are leading the way in clean energy adoption. Some remote villages now use microgrids to provide electricity where traditional power lines cannot reach. (21)_____. With continued

innovation and falling prices, clean energy will soon be available to everyone, regardless of income or location.

Battery storage systems make renewable energy more reliable by saving extra power for cloudy or windless days. Farmers can now grow crops and generate solar power on the same land. This practice is called agrivoltaics. (22)_____. Many cities are installing solar-powered street lights that work even during power outages. Home energy monitors help families track and reduce their electricity usage. Community ownership of renewable energy projects gives people control over their power sources. International cooperation is essential for sharing clean energy technologies with developing nations.

Question 18:

- A. which create pollution despite efforts around the world
- B. are being developed rapidly by scientists around the world
- C. that remain expensive for consumers around the world
- D. having decreased efficiency when used around the world

Question 19:

- A. which will damage the environment over time
- B. had rejected renewable energy before
- C. who cannot afford their own solar panels
- D. fossil fuels are still preferred

Question 20:

- A. doubting the impact of clean technology
- B. rejected by traditional power companies
- C. having wasted fossil fuel resources
- D. seeing the benefits of renewable energy

Question 21:

- A. Schools teach children about renewable energy through hands-on projects
- B. Schools discourage students from learning about alternative energy solutions
- C. Factories produce more pollution despite new environmental regulations
- D. Fossil fuel companies invest heavily in blocking renewable energy education

Question 22:

- A. Traditional gasoline vehicles provide better performance than modern alternatives
- B. Electric vehicles charged with renewable energy produce zero emissions during operation
- C. Renewable energy sources create more pollution than conventional power plants
- D. Public transportation systems consume excessive amounts of fossil fuel resources

Read the following passage about Collaborative Consumption for a Sustainable Future and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 23 to 30.

The sharing economy represents a shift in how people access goods and services. Instead of buying products, consumers can borrow or rent items from others. Platforms like Airbnb let homeowners rent rooms to travelers, while car-sharing services allow vehicle owners to earn money when not using their cars. This approach reduces waste since fewer products need manufacturing. The sharing model works well for items that sit **unused**, such as tools or camping equipment.

Environmental benefits of sharing economies are substantial. When people share resources, fewer products are required, reducing manufacturing pollution. Each shared car can replace up to thirteen private vehicles, **significantly** cutting carbon emissions. Sharing platforms encourage reuse of existing goods rather than buying new ones. This extends the useful life of products that might otherwise be discarded, helping minimize landfill waste and conserve resources.

Financial advantages make sharing economies attractive to participants. Owners generate income from underutilized assets, while users save by paying only for what **they** need. Someone needing a drill for one project can rent instead of buying. A person with an empty driveway can rent the space to commuters. These transactions benefit both parties while promoting efficient resource use. Critics worry about job security for workers and safety regulations in these new arrangements.

The future of sharing economies looks promising as technology makes connections between owners and users easier. Mobile apps allow instant transactions between strangers with rating systems that build trust. Young consumers embrace these platforms, valuing experiences over ownership. As environmental concerns grow, more people see sharing resources as economical and responsible. Cities are adapting regulations to accommodate these business models while ensuring consumer protection and fair competition.

Question 23: Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a benefit of sharing economies?

- A. Reducing waste from manufacturing
- B. Generating income for asset owners
- C. Improving public transportation infrastructure
- D. Extending the useful life of products

Question 24: The word “**unused**” in paragraph 1 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A. available
- B. accessible
- C. valuable
- D. utilized

Question 25: The word “**significantly**” in paragraph 2 could be best replaced by _____.

- A. dramatically
- B. slightly
- C. occasionally
- D. potentially

Question 26: The word “**they**” in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

A. owners

B. users

C. assets

D. transactions

Question 27: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

- A. Future economic systems will depend entirely on advanced technological developments
- B. Sharing platforms are becoming popular mainly because of their sophisticated interfaces
- C. Technological advances enable simpler interactions that will likely boost sharing economies
- D. Digital connections between people are replacing traditional economic transactions globally

Question 28: Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Sharing economies benefit only wealthy homeowners who have extra space to rent
- B. Most cities have banned sharing platforms due to safety regulation concerns
- C. Young consumers prefer ownership over experiences in the modern economy
- D. Each shared vehicle can potentially replace thirteen privately owned automobiles

Question 29: In which paragraph does the writer mention sharing resources provides environmental benefits?

- A. Paragraph 2
- B. Paragraph 4
- C. Paragraph 1
- D. Paragraph 3

Question 30: In which paragraph does the writer mention what is one concern about sharing economies?

- A. Paragraph 1
- B. Paragraph 3
- C. Paragraph 2
- D. Paragraph 4

Read the following passage about the From Hashtags to Action and mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 40.

The digital revolution has given environmental activism a new lease on life, creating powerful tools for raising awareness and mobilizing support. Social media platforms enable environmental messages to spread globally within minutes. Hashtags like #ClimateAction help organize content and connect like-minded individuals across boundaries. Online petitions gather signatures worldwide, pressuring governments and corporations to adopt greener policies. Digital campaigns have successfully highlighted issues from plastic pollution to deforestation, bringing these concerns into mainstream conversation.

Young activists have embraced digital tools to amplify their environmental messages. [I] Teenage climate activists coordinate global strikes through social media, showing age is no barrier to impact. These digital natives create viral content that explains complex environmental issues accessibly. [II] They use infographics, videos, and personal stories to connect emotionally with audiences. [III] Critics argue online activism sometimes amounts to "slacktivism" - minimal-effort actions that make people feel good without creating change. [IV]

Environmental organizations have adapted strategies to incorporate digital elements while maintaining traditional approaches. Groups like Greenpeace combine real-world protests with online campaigns, creating a powerful combination. Organizations employ digital specialists who target messages to specific audiences and measure effectiveness. Crowdfunding platforms help raise money for conservation

projects directly from supporters. **These digital tools** have democratized activism, allowing smaller organizations to compete alongside established players. Successful groups balance digital outreach with tangible action, recognizing tweets alone cannot solve the climate crisis.

The future of green activism will blend online and offline approaches in sophisticated ways.

Virtual reality could allow people to experience environmental degradation firsthand, creating stronger emotional connections to distant problems. AI might help analyze data and predict where activism efforts would be most effective. However, the challenge remains converting digital engagement into real-world change. Successful movements will use digital tools to inform and organize people while channeling energy into concrete actions - from changing personal habits to demanding policy reforms. Digital activism serves as a gateway rather than endpoint for environmental progress.

Question 31: The phrase “**a new lease on life**” in paragraph 1 could be best replaced by _____.

- A. picked up B. brought back C. turned around D. taken over

Question 32: Where in paragraph 2 does the following sentence best fit?

Despite criticisms, many young digital activists have proven they can walk the talk by organizing real-world protests.

- A. [I] B. [II] C. [III] D. [IV]

Question 33: Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a digital tool used by environmental activists?

- A. Blockchain technology
B. Social media hashtags
C. Online petitions
D. Virtual reality experiences

Question 34: Which of the following best summarises paragraph 3?

- A. Crowdfunding platforms have replaced conventional fundraising for conservation work
B. Environmental groups balance digital strategies with traditional activism approaches
C. Digital specialists are essential for environmental organizations to remain competitive
D. Smaller activist groups now dominate the environmental movement through technology

Question 35: The word “**incorporate**” in paragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in meaning to _____.

- A. integrate B. include C. exclude D. combine

Question 36: The word “**These digital tools**” in paragraph 3 refers to _____.

- A. Environmental organizations and traditional approaches
B. Real-world protests and online campaigns by Greenpeace
C. Digital specialists who target messages to specific audiences.
D. Social media, digital specialists, and crowdfunding platforms

Question 37: Which of the following best paraphrases the underlined sentence in paragraph 4?

PRACTICE MAKES PERFECT- ZAGEN

- A. Future activists will combine internet-based and real-world strategies in advanced manners
- B. Environmental activism will eventually abandon traditional methods in favor of digital tools
- C. Green movements will prioritize technological solutions over grassroots organizing efforts
- D. Sophisticated technology will replace conventional activism in environmental campaigns

Question 38: Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Digital activism alone is sufficient to solve major environmental challenges
- B. Effective campaigns combine online outreach with tangible real-world actions
- C. Young activists rely exclusively on social media rather than physical protests
- D. Virtual reality is currently the most effective tool for environmental education

Question 39: Which of the following can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Traditional environmental activism methods are becoming increasingly obsolete
- B. Digital engagement automatically translates into meaningful environmental change
- C. Technology enhances activism but requires conversion into concrete offline action
- D. Younger activists are more effective than established environmental organizations

Question 40: Which of the following best summarises the passage?

- A. Digital tools have completely transformed environmental activism by replacing traditional methods
- B. Young activists are more effective than established organizations in creating environmental change
- C. Virtual reality and artificial intelligence will soon solve the major challenges of climate activism
- D. Digital technology enhances activism but must be combined with real-world action to be effective