

Lampiran 4: Cloze Text (Wacana Rumpang)

Fill in the blanks with the words in the box

nearly	touch	hunt	whiskers	breeds	worship	produces	throat	wandering	kittens
source	claws	prey	mammal	rough	delicate	comfort	purring	triangular	average

Cats

Introduction

A cat is a small _____ of the genus *Felidae*. Cats commonly live among people, thus they are known as domestic cat or house cat. Throughout the history, cats have been living among human. Cats can be found nearly in every place in the world, either as pets or _____ freely in the wildlife. Several ancient cultures even _____ cats as gods.

Physical Features

Cats are carnivore, or meat-eater. Just like all species of the genus *Felidae*, the domestic cat's physical feature is built for hunting. The domestic cat has a slender, muscular, and flexible body, weighted around 3.6 to 4.5 kilograms. A cat has sharp large eyes that help them to see well at night. The ears are _____ and super responsive to the _____ of sound. A cat also has a _____ sense of _____ because of their _____. However, the ultimate hunting weapons for a cat are its retractable _____ and sharp teeth. A cat can easily _____ mice at night. Mice, which are considered as pests, are cat's main _____. This makes a cat a useful pet for human.

Besides being excellent in hunting, a cat are also being kept as a pet due to its' fur. The most common color for a cat's fur is black, white, brown gray, or yellow. Some _____ may also have strips or patches pattern on their fur. In order to keep its' fur shiny and tidy, a cat usually licks the fur with their _____ tongue. A cat loves to be caressed so that it _____ sound from their _____ to show _____.

Reproduction

A cat is mammal, which means they give birth to its baby. A baby cat is called a kitten. A female cat may have two to six _____ at once. The kittens are born in two months after mating. A cat can give birth two to three times a year in _____. A female cat gives birth to a litter of kittens about two months after mating.